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User's Manual

PMU-MASTER Operating Manual

(PMU-200/300/600 Series Software)

LG Industrial Systems Co., Ltd.

Chapter. 1 Start-Up PMU - MASTER

Thank you for purchasing the **PMU MASTER** Software Package. In order for effective use of this software, please read this operational manual to the end.

NOTE

- 1. LG has the sole industrial property rights for this product.
- 2. This software and/or operating manual may not be partially or fully copied without authorized permission from LG.
- 3. LG cannot be held responsible for any consequences resulting from the use of the manual and/or product.
- 4. The information recorded in this operational manual may change without prior notice due to product upgrade.

"The product standards for this product may change due to functional upgrade without prior notice."

1-1. System Requirements for PMU MASTER Installation

PMU MASTER Software is designed to operate on IBM compatible PC. To minimize complications while using this product, please refer to the "Operational Standards" chart below.

ITEM **OPERATIONAL STANDARDS** Use IBM PC Compatible Computer (above 386DX level) User's Standard - Above 486 DX2/50 Recommended Memory Above 4 MB - Above 8 MB FDD One 3.5 inch drive More than 10 MB availability HDD - not the total size of the hard disk One port for Mouse use Serial Port One other Communication Port (For data transmission to PMU) Graphic adapter Above S-VGA and monitor (Above 256 Colors Recommended) PS/2 Type(101 Keys) Key board Mouse Mouse for Windows Use Printer for Windows Use Printer Recommended user Smooth operation in user environments environment above MS-Windows 3.1, Windows 95

Note:

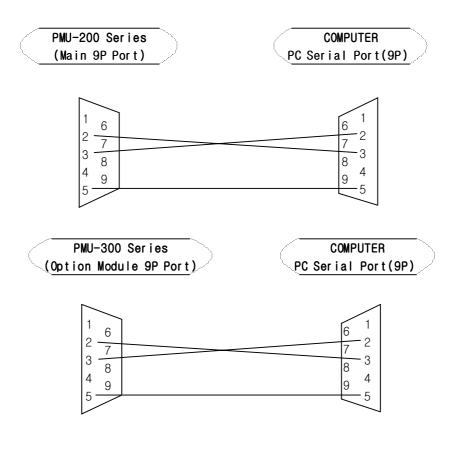
1) **PMU MASTER** Software may not operate under different standards other than the above specified "Operational Standards."

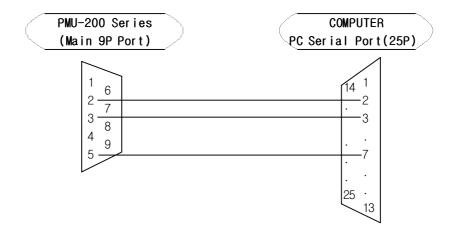
1-2. Cable Standards for Communications with PMU Series

To ensure communication between PMU Master Software and PMU Series, please connect the ports as below:

PMU Communication Support Functions

- Project Up/Down Loading Function
- Link File Up/Down Loading Function
- Com. Port Selection
- Alarm File Up/Down Loading Function (PMU-200/300/600)





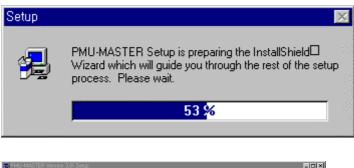
1-3. Installing PMU MASTER

1-3-1 PMU Master Installation

- #1. Check Contents of PMU MASTER Software Package
 - 1) PMU MASTER
 - PMU MASTER Software Operational Manual
 - Two 3.5 inch Diskettes
 - One Communication Cable(9:6, 5M)

#2. PMU MASTER Software Installation Method

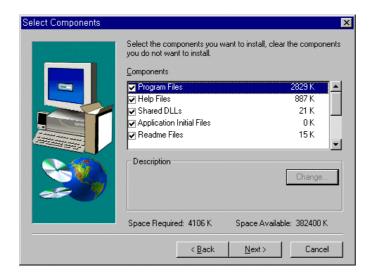
- 1) Run Windows 3.1 or Windows 95
- 2) Insert the "3.5 inch diskette" from the PMU MASTER Software Package into A:(or B:).
- 3) Open the BASIC PROGRAM GROUP in Windows and Run FILE MANAGER. Or, Open Explorer and Select A: (or B:) Drive.
- 4) With the mouse, click the drive icon that the "Setup Diskette" is inserted in.
- 5) Double click "Setup.exe" from the file directory.





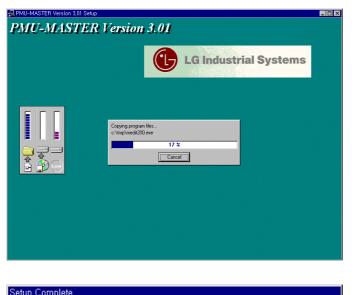
Input the directory name of PMU MASTER you wish to insta	all
(If not specified, "C:\PMU3" directory will be created.)	

Information	×
	PMU-MASTER PMU-MASTER PMU-MASTER is a drawing software development kit for PMU-200, 300, 600. After installing, the library folder will be generated under the folder you select as target folder. Copyright 1996. LG Industrial System Corp.
	< <u>B</u> ack <u>Next</u> Cancel
Choose Destination Loca	ation 🔀
Choose Destination Loca	Setup will install PMU-MASTER Version 3.01 in the following folder. To install to this folder, click Next. To install to a different folder, click Browse and select another folder.
Choose Destination Loca	Setup will install PMU-MASTER Version 3.01 in the following folder. To install to this folder, click Next. To install to a different folder, click Browse and select another folder. You can choose not to install PMU-MASTER Version 3.01 by clicking Cancel to exit Setup.
Choose Destination Loca	Setup will install PMU-MASTER Version 3.01 in the following folder. To install to this folder, click Next. To install to a different folder, click Browse and select another folder. You can choose not to install PMU-MASTER Version 3.01 by



6) Upon completion of Installation, "PMU MASTER" Group will appear in Windows. The 6 icons below will appear in the Group.

Select Program Folder	×
	Setup will add program icons to the Program Folder listed below. You may type a new folder name, or select one from the existing Folders list. Click Next to continue. Program Folders: FMU-MASTER Version 3.01 Existing Folders: 주소탁사 DK_2Note 1.1 Internet Explorer Microsoft Visual Basic 5.0 MS 한글 오피스 Netsgo브라우저 1.0 Paint Shop Pro PMU-MASTER Version 3.01
	< <u>B</u> ack <u>N</u> ext > Cancel

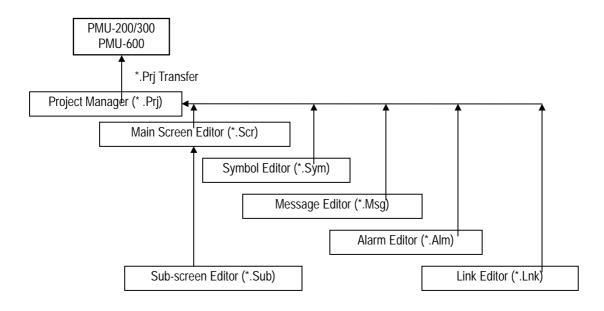


Setup has finished installing PMU-MASTER Version 3.01 on your computer. Setup can launch the Read Me file and PMU-MASTER Version
3.01. Choose the options you want below.
Click Finish to complete Setup.
 < Back Finish

🔚 PMU-MASTER Version 3,01	÷	篇 Alarm Editor
		🎡 Link Editor
		🧱 Message Editor
		😘 Project Manager
		🧱 Screen Editor
		😭 Symbol Editor

1-4. PMU MASTER Structure

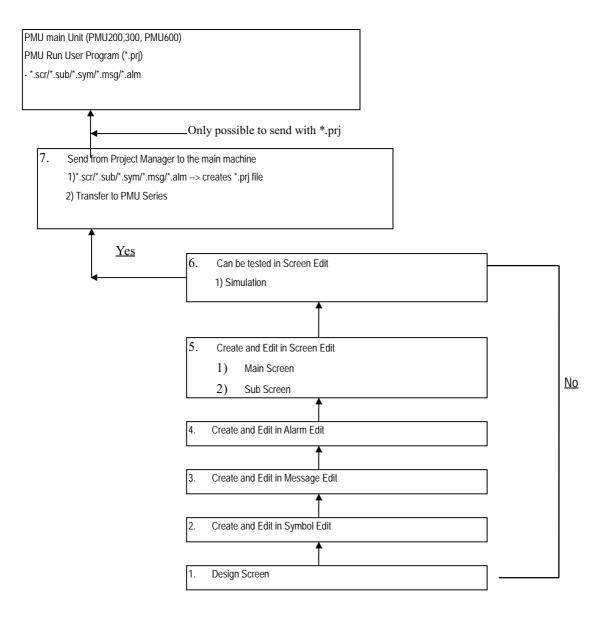
This Software Package runs on multi-tasking Windows system, and is composed of 7 function editor and selection keys.



1-5. PMU MASTER Creation Method

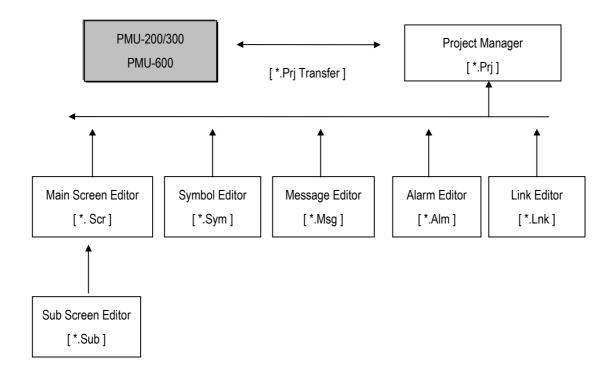
PMU MASTER Software allows the user to run PROJECT FILE by grouping Main/Sub Screen, Symbol/Message/Alarm, etc. functions into one.

- Project File is saved as "*.prj" and includes the type of PMU used for the project as well as the user's Main/sub screen, symbol/message/alarm, etc. and information on the name of the created file.
- Please refer to the PMU MASTER Creation Method flow chart below.

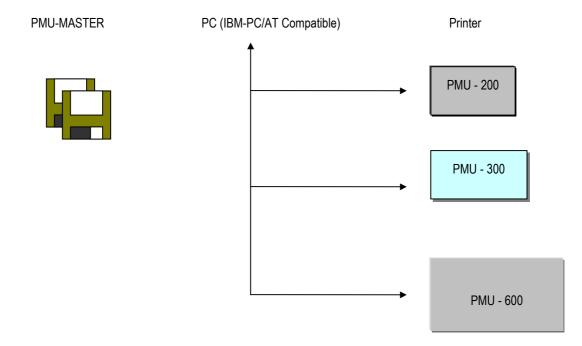


Note) To transfer edited screens to main machine the user should create project file. The Project file may include .scr/sub/*.sym/*msg or *.alm files

Chapter. 2 PMU MASTER Setup and Functions



- 2-1. PMU Series System Structure and Equipment Summery
 - 2-1-1. System Structure



Туре	Option module	CONTENTS
		Serial Communication Module
	PMO-200S	
PMU-200		Option Module for Serial Communication Function of PMU200 Series
Series		DLU Communication Module
	PMO-200D	
		Option Module for DLU Communication Function of PMU200 Series
		Serial Communication Module
PMU-300ET	PMO-300S	
PMU-300BT		Option Module for Serial Communication Function of PMU300
PMU-300LT		DLU Communication Module
	PMO-300D	
		Option Module for DLU Communication Function of PMU300
		Serial Communication Module
	PMO-600S	
		Option Module for Serial Communication Function of PMU560
		DLU Communication Module
	PMO-600D	
PMU-600TT		Option Module for Serial Communication Function for PMU600
PMU-600CT		Fnet Communication Module
PMU-600ET	PMO-600F	
		Option Module for Fnet Communication Function of PMU600
		T-LINK Communication Module
	PMO-600T	
		Option Module for T-LINK Communication Function of PMU600 Series
	PMU	Package Communication Cable(PMU <-> PC)
	MASTER	3.5 Inch Diskette (PMU MASTER Software)
PMU		PMU MASTER Software Operational Manual
Supplements		
	PMC-650S	5m Communication Cable for PMU MASTER (PMU Series <> PC)
		on contraction cable for the waster (Five selles FC)
L		

2-1-2. System Structure Equipment Summary

2-2. PMU MASTER Screen Menu and Contents

2-2-1. Project Manager

Project Manager has a function that groups the main screen (*.scr), sub screen (*.sub), message (*.msg), alarm (*.alm), link (*.lnk) files into one file (*.prj) and down loads the file to the main machine. (It also has the Up Load function to the PC)

<u>Key</u>

A: Beginning, when both the Screen Editor and the Project File Windows is not opened.

- B: When Screen Editor Windows is opened and the focus is on Screen Editor.
- *C:* When the project file window is opened and the focus is on the Project file window.

MENU	MENU CONTENTS		
File	A: Open Screen Editor, Open Project File, Exit, Change PMU Type		
	B: Open Screen Editor, Open Project File, Create project file, Exit, Change PMU Type		
	C: Open Screen Editor, Open Project File, Save as, Extract Project File, Exit		
	Change PMU Type		
Edit	B: Select File, Select All, Undo, Cancel All, Add File		
	C: Delete File, Add File		
View	B: View File, File Information, Refresh		
	C: View Project File, Project File Information		
Communication	A: Receive Project File, Send Link File, Send Link File, Receive alarm file		
	Select Communication Port		
	B: Receive Project File, Send Link File, Send Link File, Receive alarm file		
	Select Communication Port		
	C: Send Project File, Receive Project File, Send Link File, Receive Link File,		
	Receive alarm file, Select Communication Port		
Edit	Select Screen, Symbol, Message, Alarm Editors and Link Editor		
Window	Cascade, Tile, Arrange Icon, Close All		
Help	Help Related to the Corresponding Menu and Functions		

2-2-2. Screen Editor

While PMU is in operation, the function allows user to create and edit the main screen, and call the Sub-screen to create and edit. The screen editor allows user to create and edit the main screen and call sub-screen.

MENU	MENU CONTENTS				
File	New File, Open, Save, Save as…, Print, Exit				
Draw	Line, Polyline, Rectangle, Circle, Oval, Painted Rectangle, Arc, Pie, Paint, Text, Clock, Call				
(Main/Sub Screen)	Sub Screen, Call Symbol,				
	Undo, Copy, Delete, Delete All, Change Attribute, Redraw, Modify Text, Bring to forth, Send				
Edit	to back, Copy onto Clipboard, Paste onto Clipboard, Align, Grid,				
	Show Name				
Tag Edit	Change, Delete, Move, Copy				
	PMU-200 Series				
	-Main Screen: Numeric, Symbol, Auxiliary, Level Graph, Buffer Write,				
	Message, Lamp, Delay, Operation, Function Key,				
	Comments display				
	-Sub Screen: Key Display				
	PMU-300 Series				
	-Main Screen: Numeric, Touch, Function Key, Buffer Write, Auxiliary, Window,				
	Symbol, Block, Delay, Operation, Message, Precision Adjust, Move, Territory Move, Pie				
	Graph, Statistic Graph, Level Graph, Trend Graph, Lamp, String (With the Exception of Key				
	and Key Display Tag)				
Tag Enter					
	-Sub Screen: Numeric, Touch, Function Key, Buffer Write, Delay, Precision Adjust,				
	Pie Graph, Statistic Graph, Level Graph, Trend Graph, Lamp, String, Key, Key Display (With				
	the Exception of Auxiliary, Symbol, Move, Territory Move, Window Tag)				

MENU	MENU CONTENTS				
	PMU-600 Series				
	-Main Screen: Numeric, Touch, Function Key, Buffer Write, Auxiliary, Window,				
	Symbol, Block, Delay, Operation, Message, Precision Adjust, Move, Territory Move, Pie				
Tao Falar	Graph, Statistic Graph, Level Graph, Trend Graph, Lamp, String (With the Exception of Key				
Tag Enter	and Key Indicator Tag)				
	-Sub Screen: Numeric, Touch, Function Key, Buffer Write, Delay, Operation,				
	Precision Adjust, Pie Graph, Statistical Graph, Level Graph, Trend Graph, Lamp, String, Key,				
	Key Display (With the Exception of Auxiliary, Symbol, Move, Territory Move, Window Tag)				
Other	Sub Screen Editor, Tag List, Screen List, Simulation, Project Manager, Symbol Editor, Alarm				
	Editor, Message Editor, Link Editor				

2-2-3. Message Editor

It has the function of creating and editing the message file that has the characters when in operation.

MENU	MENU CONTENTS	
File	New File, Open, Save as, Print, Exit	
Edit	Add , Modify, Delete, Cancel Selection	
Search	Search Number, Search String, Continue	

2-2-4. Symbol Editor

It has the function of creating and editing symbols used in the standard bit map data.

MENU	MENU CONTENTS
File	New File, Open, Save, Save as…, Print, Exit
Draw	Pen, Line, Rectangle, Painted Rectangle, Oval, Painted Oval, Eraser
Edit	Undo, Move, Copy, Reverse
Adjust Screen	Delete All, Color All, Reverse All, Open Bitmap File
Zoom Screen	Zoom In, Zoom Out

2-2-5. Alarm Editor

It has the function of creating and editing the alarm message that appears as alarm conditions on screen when in operation.

MENU	MENU CONTENTS
File	New File, Open File, Save, Save as, Print, Exit
Edit	Add , Modify, Delete, Select
Search	Search Number, Search String, Continue

2-2-6. Link Editor

While communicating with the PLC, it has the function of selecting the communication method and communication related parameters.

MENU	MENU CONTENTS				
File	Open, Save, Save as, Exit				
	PMU-200/300				
	Serial Link, Data Link, and User defined				
	PMU-600				
Link Select	Serial Link, Data Link, GLOFA Fnet, T-Link, and Non-protocol, 1:N Local,				
	1:N Master				

Chapter 3. Project Manager Setup and Function

	Project Manager mmunication(<u>C</u>)	Editor(<u>T</u>) H	lelp(<u>H</u>)			<u> ×</u>
	Work Type					
	0	lake project	file	ОК		
	0)pen project	file	Cancel		
	01	fransfer pro	ject file			
Sunfliture and surface and s	C Receive project file					
	©Transfer link file					
	©Receive link file					
C Receive alarm file						
MarkTurs	Work Dir.	Select	Add to PRJ	Make PRJ	File View	Transfer
WorkType	Port	Cancel	Delete in PRJ	Extract PRJ	File Info.	Receive

- Create a file to run on PMU-200/300/600
 Manager Project file is designed as one file to allow the user to send various screens to the main machine.
- The created Project File can be sent and received from the main machine.
- A Project File received from the main machine and the originally created project file are copied as individual files.
- All Editor Tools can run in Project Manager(Main screen, sub-screen, symbol, message, alarm, link select).

When Project Manager is run, the following window will appear on your screen, select the desired function.

Sa PMU 600 Project Manager 📃 🔍							
$File(\underline{F}) Communication(\underline{C}) Editor(\underline{T}) Help(\underline{H})$							
	Work Type						
		€ Make project	file	OK			
		⊂Open project	file	Cancel			
		C Transfer pro	ject file				
		⊂Receive proj	ect file				
		CTransfer lin	k file			Anno 1000 de Julio Anno 1000 de Julio Algoritario de Julio Maltino de Julio	
		C Receive link	: file				
C Receive alarm file							
WorkTurne	Work Dir.	Select	Add to PRJ	Make PRJ	File View	Transfer	
WorkType	Port	Cancel	Delete in PRJ	Extract PRJ	File Info.	Receive	

- Create Project File Create a new project file
- Open Project File
 Open an existing project file
- Send Project File
 Send the created project file to the main machine
 - (PMU-200/300/600)
- Receive Project File Receiving screen data from the main machine's memory and saving it on your PC as a project file
- Send Link File
 Send the link selected data created in Link Select to the main machine
- Receive Link File
 Reading link selected data saved in the main machine and saving it on your PC
- Receive Alarm File
 Receiving the Alarm List File saved in the main machine and saving it on your PC

- The same menu functions can be operated by clicking the buttons at the bottom of the screen with your mouse. See picture below.

Project Manager - Main Menu

	١	\	Screen Edi	t Window (Select	t/Edit File Wind	(wob
	Project Manager lit(<u>E</u>) View(<u>V</u>)	Communicatio	n(<u>C</u>) Editor(<u>T</u>)	Window(<u>W</u>)	Help(<u>H</u>)	
Edition S	Screen T DIR : c:#pmu		55.scr 51.sub 80.su 950.s 950.s 55. 51. 80.su 950.s 95		files for Project	t files
WorkType	Work Dir.	Select	Add to PRJ	Make PRJ	File View	Transfer
k	Port	Cancel	Delete in PRJ	Extract PRJ	File Info.	Receive
Ма	in Function Buttons	for user's conven		oject File Windo	w(Files include	ed in Proiect F

Note:

Project Manager is configured as a multi-document interface. Edit Screen window and Project File window is managed with child window. However, the two windows can only be operated within Project Manager.

Edit Screen is used to select a project directory and create a project file. The Project File Window shows the content of the selected project file.

3-1. File (F)

The File Menu differs depending on whether the Edit Screen window or the Project File window is opened.

From the Picture

It is the menu when Project Manager is first run, when both the Edit Screen window and the Project file window are not opened.

File(<u>F</u>)	
Open Edition Screen,(<u>E</u>)	
Open Project File,(<u>O</u>)	
Exit(<u>X</u>)	Alt+F4
Change PMU TYPE(<u>T</u>)	

From the Picture

It is the menu when Edit Screen window is opened.

File(<u>F</u>)		
	n Edition Screen,(<u>E</u>)	
	n Project File(<u>0</u>)	
Make	e Project File,(<u>M</u>)	
Exit(<u>×</u>)	Alt+F4
Char	nge PMU TYPE(<u>T</u>)	

From the Picture

The menu on the right appears when the Project File window is opened.

File(E)

Open Edition Screen(<u>E</u> Open Project File(<u>O</u>) Save as(<u>A</u>) Extract Project File(<u>S</u>))
Exit(<u>X</u>)	Alt+F4
Change PMU TYPE(<u>T</u>)	

Note

What is Edit Screen?

The window that shows the created data list from editing tools. You can select the files to send to the main machine.

What is a Project File?

In order to send the created screen data to the main machine PMU-200/300/600, it creates one file in the format commanded by the main machine. This extended Project File is referred to as file extension PRJ.

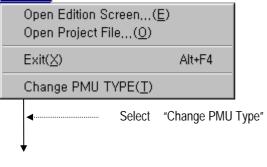
3-1-1. Change PMU Type

Select your PMU type from the following menu. Make sure that your selection is correct, since there is a difference in screen size, tag type for each PMU-200, PMU-300, PMU-600.

Your selection will determine the type of the created project file.



$File(\underline{F})$



Ρ	MU TYP	E Select	tion						×
	Select Series	PMU(Pr	ogramal	oli	e Moi	nitor	ing	Unit)	OK
	O PMU	200	MONO	:	240	x128	dot		
		300	MONO	:	320	x240	dot		
	€ PMU	600	COLOR	:	640	×480	dot		

After selecting the type to be created, run the following function.

3-1-2 Open Edit Screen

Drive(⊻):

😑 c: tw206503

This is the menu that indicates the created screen, message, alarm, and link files. It is fundamentally only possible to work on a project when the file is within one directory. Thus, the files related to the project must exist within one directory (Project Directory).

•	 Run Project Manager "Select File(F)> Open Edit Screen" 				
Work Directory		×			
Directory(<u>D</u>): c:#pmu_ma~1		ОК			
🔄 c:# 🔄 pmu_ma~1	×.	Cancel			
		Network (E)			

•

Select "OK"

PROJECT	T MANAGER 🔀
?	c:₩pmu_ma~1-Select project directory?
	OK Cancel
•	Select "OK"

🕵 PMU	600 Proje	ct Manager						_ 🗆 ×			
File(<u>F</u>)	Edit(<u>E</u>)	View(<u>V</u>)	Communicatio	on(<u>C</u>) Edito	or(<u>T</u>)	Window(<u>W</u>)	Help(<u>H</u>)				
🔚 Editi	on Screer	1					- 🗆 🗵				
PROJECT DIR : c:#pmu_ma~1											
P	1.scr										
F	SCI		980.sub								
	scr		🗀 72.sym								
	scr		🗀 74.sym								
	l.scr sub										
	sub										
				L.							
	_										
WorkTy	W	'ork Dir.	Select	Add to Pl	RJ	Make PRJ	File View	Transfer			
PPOINTS	he	Port	Cancel	Delete in I	PRJE	Extract PRJ	File Info.	Receive			
		Indicates t	he files in the s	selected dire	ctory						
¥					,						

3-1-3. Open Project File

This function allows you to call open the already created project file extension "*.prj" file.

- Run Project Manager						
- Select "File	(F)> Open Project File"					
Open Project File		×				
File Name(<u>N</u>): <mark>★.prj</mark>	Directory(<u>D</u>): c:#pmu_ma~1	OK				
1.prj 🛌	🔄 c:\ 🗾 C:\ 🔁 pmu_ma~1	Cancel				
7	¥	Network(E)				
File Type(<u>I</u>):	Drive(⊻):					
Project File(*.PRJ) 💌	😑 c: tw206503 💽					
PMU description						
PMU FILE						

	Select the needed Project File
↓	i.e.) Select "1.prj> OK"

🐕 PMU	600 Projec	et Manager	,					_ 🗆 ×
$File(\underline{F})$	Edit(<u>E</u>)	View(<u>V</u>)	Communicatio	on(<u>C</u>) E	$ditor(\underline{T})$	Window(<u>W</u>)	Help(<u>H</u>)	
	Project Fil	e : 1,PRJ			_			×
	55.scr							
	51.sub 80.sub							
	950.sub							
WorkTy	W	ork Dir.	Select	Add to	PRJ	Make PRJ	File View	Transfer
	he	Port	Cancel	Delete i	in PRJ	Extract PRJ	File Info.	Receive

When Project File is selected, it indicates the files contained in *.prj.

i.e.) Indicates the files contained in 1.prj

۰

3-1-4. Make Project File

This function is selected when a Project File is created by selecting files from Edit Screen to send to the main machine.

The extension for Project File is "prj".

Ļ								
😘 PMU	600 Projec	ct Managei	r					_ 🗆 ×
File(<u>F</u>)	Edit(<u>E</u>)	$View(\underline{V})$	Communicati	on(<u>C</u>) l	$Editor(\underline{T})$	Window(<u>₩</u>)	Help(<u>H</u>)	
		n Screen CT DIR : 1	c:₩pmu_ma~1	1				
1.scr □ 950.sub □ 50.scr □ 980.sub □ 55.scr □ 72.sym □ 31.scr □ 74.sym □ 111.scr □ 80.sub □ 51.sub □								
WorkTy	VDe W	ork Dir.	Select		d to PRJ Make PRJ		File View	Transfer
	· · · ·	Port	Cancel	Delete	e in PRJ Extract PRJ		File Info.	Receive
		- Sele	ect the files to b	be contai	ined in th	e Proiect File	•	

Run 3.1.1 "Open Edit Screen"

i.e.) 1. Select the files using the "ctrl and shift" keys and mouse

2. Select by using the "Edit(E)" menu.

- Run "Edit (E) --> File Select (S)"

Sig PMU 6	00 Projec	ct Managei	r				_ 🗆 ×	
File(<u>F</u>)	Edit(<u>E</u>)	$View(\underline{V})$	Communicatio	on(<u>C</u>) Editor(<u>T</u>) Window()	<u>₩</u>) Help(<u>H</u>)		
E E	Editior	n Screen				-		
			- 14 - 124					
			c:₩pmu_ma~1					
	1.sci			150.sub		55.scr		
	50.scr			980.sub 72.sym		80.sub 950.sub		
31.scr			4.sym		980.sub			
	┢ 111.:	scr	_	,		🛅 72.sym		
	🖿 80.s				🗀 74	l.sym		
	🛅 51.s	ub						
	•				Þ			
-								
WorkTu	W	ork Dir.	Select	Add to PR.	Make PR	J File View	Transfer	
WorkTy	Je	Port	Cancel	Delete in PF	RJ Extract PF	U File Info.	Receive	

Run "File(F)> Make Project File(M)"	
Make PRJ		×
File Name(<u>N</u>): <mark>*.prj</mark>	Directory(<u>D</u>): c:#pmu_ma~1	OK
1.prj	Gan c:# Gan pmu_ma~1	Cancel
		Network(E)
File Type(I):		
Project File(*.PRJ) PMU description PMU FILE	⊆ c: tw206503 ▼	
Insert the F	ile Name where *.prj is shown on the me	enu
★ Make PRJ		×
File Name(<u>N</u>):	Directory(<u>D</u>):	
Linel, prj	c:#pmu_ma~1	OK
1.prj		Cancel
		Network(E)
	-	
File Type(<u>I</u>):	Drive(⊻):	
File Type(<u>I</u>): Project File(*.PRJ)		
Project File(*.PRJ)		
Project File(*.PRJ)		

3-1-5. Save as ...

This menu allows you to edit the elements of an already created project file and save it under a name that is different from the existing Project File.

However, this menu can only be selected when the Project File Window exists.

Select "Run 3.1.2 Make Project File> File> Open Project File"

🚮 PMU 600	Project Manager					_ 🗆 ×
File(<u>F</u>) Co	mmunication(<u>C</u>)	Editor(<u>T</u>)	Help(<u>H</u>)			
Open Edition Screen(<u>E</u>)						
Open Pro	oject File,(<u>0</u>)					
Exit(<u>X</u>)		Alt+F4				
Change	PMU TYPE(<u>T</u>)					
WorkType	Work Dir.	Select	Add to PRJ	Make PRJ	File View	Transfer
токтуре	Port	Cancel	Delete in PRJ	Extract PRJ	File Info.	Receive

Select "*.prj" file i.e.) line1.prj

🐕 PMU 600 Project Manager 📃 🗖						_ 🗆 ×	
File(<u>F</u>) Ed	lit(<u>E</u>) View((<u>V</u>) Comi	munication(<u>C</u>)	Editor(<u>T</u>)) Window(<u>W</u>)	Help(<u>H</u>)	
Project	File : LINE1,I	PRJ				- 🗆 🗵	
55.scc 51.sul 80.sul 950.si 980.si 72.syi 74.syi	b b ub ub m						
WorkTune	Work Di	ir. S	elect Ad	d to PRJ	Make PRJ	File View	Transfer
WorkType	Port	С	ancel Dele	te in PRJ:	Extract PRJ	File Info.	Receive

Run "File(F) → Save as(A)"							
SS PMU 600	Project Manager						_ 🗆 ×
File(F) Ed	it(<u>E</u>) View(<u>V</u>)	Communicat	ion(<u>C</u>)	Editor(\underline{T})	∙ Window(<u>₩</u>)	Help(<u>H</u>)	
Open Ed	ition Screen(<u>E</u>)				- 🗆 🗵	
Open Pr	oject File,(<u>O</u>)						
Save as,	(<u>A</u>)						
Extract F	Project File(<u>S</u>)						
Exit(<u>X</u>) Alt+F4							
Change	Change PMU TYPE(<u>T</u>)						
WorkTupo	Work Dir.	Select	Add	to PRJ	Make PRJ	File View	Transfe
WorkType	Port	Cancel	Delet	te in PRJ	Extract PRJ	File Info.	Receive

Enter File Name where *.prj is shown on the menu i.e.) Enter line2.PRJ

Save as		>
File Name(<u>N</u>): *.prj	Directory(<u>D</u>): c:#pmu_ma~1	OK
1.prj line1.prj	🔄 c:# 🗾 🔄 pmu_ma~1	Cance I
The second se		Network(E)
File Type(<u>I</u>):	Drive(<u>V</u>):	_
Project File(*.PRJ) 💌	😑 c: tw206503 💽	·
PMU description		
PMU FILE		_
Select "OK	<u>"</u>	
Project File : LINE2, PRJ		
55.scr		
80.sub 950.sub		
950.sub		
C 72.sym		
🗀 74.sym		

Project File is saved and is shown as "line2.PRJ"

3-1-6. Extract Project File

This function Extracts and restores the selected Project file into individual files. However, the selection of this menu is only possible when Project File Window exists and a new Project Directory must be selected to save the files.

- Open 2.1.2 Project File

- Run "File(F) --> Extract Project File(S)"

😘 PMU 600	Project Manager	,				_ 🗆 ×
File(<u>F</u>) Ed	it(<u>E</u>) View(<u>V</u>)	Communicatio	on(<u>C</u>) Editor(<u>T</u>)	Window(<u>W</u>)	Help(<u>H</u>)	
Open Ed	ition Screen(<u>E</u>)				
Open Pro)ject File,(<u>O</u>)					
Save as,	(<u>A</u>)					
Extract P	roject File(<u>S</u>)					
Exit(X)		Alt+F4				<u>- 🗆 ×</u>
Change I	PMU TYPE(<u>T)</u>					
	i 950.sub					
WorkType	Work Dir.	Select	Add to PRJ	Make PRJ	File View	Transfer
токтуре	Port	Cancel	Delete in PRJ	Extract PRJ	File Info.	Receive

Select Extract Project File Directory
 i.e.) Click "TEST" twice with mouse --> Select "OK"

Work Directory	×
Directory(<u>D</u>): c:#pmu_ma~1	OK
🔄 c : 🕊 🔼	Cancel
≧ pmu_ma~1	Network(E)
Drive(⊻):	
😑 c: tw206503 💌	

A question appears to run the function
PROJECT MANAGER
C:₩pmu_ma~1-Extract PRJ file here?
OK(Y) Cancel
Select "OK"
Extract PRJ
55.scr : This file already exists. Overwrite?
OK(Y) All(A) No(N) Cancel

- Select "OK(Y)" and it will run as individual units

- Select "All(A)" and it will run all at one time.

🕵 PMU 60	10 Proje	ct Manager							- 🗆 ×		
File(<u>F</u>) E	Edit(<u>E</u>)	View(<u>V</u>)	Communicatio	on(<u>C</u>)	$Editor(\underline{T})$	Windo	w(<u>₩</u>)	Help(<u>H</u>)			
Project	t File:1	I,PRJ						- D ×			
55.sc	л 🖃 Е	dition Scree	en						_ 🗆 🗵		
80.su	51.sut 80.sut PROJECT DIR : c:#pmu_ma~1										
950.9	5L 🛅 1		(.scr						
		50.scr			sub						
		55.scr	(🛅 51.:	sub						
	_ @ 3	31.scr	(🛅 950	l.sub						
	•					Þ					
WorkTyp	_ ₩	ork Dir.	Select	Add	to PRJ	Make I	PRJ	File View	Transfer		
Тотктур		Port	Cancel	Delete	e in PRJ	Extract	PRJ	File Info.	Receive		

Note:

1. As shown in NOTE 1., when the same file exists in the designated directory, the question of whether you wish to replace the existing file with the new one appears.

Yes(Y): Run the Replace function All(A): Ignore the existing file and Run the Replace function

3-1-7. Exit

4..

Exits the Project Manager

- Run Project Manager - OR, after you have completed the necessary work

Sig PMU 6	600 Project Manager						_ 🗆 ×	
File(<u>F</u>)	Communication(<u>C</u>)	Editor(<u>T</u>)	Н	lelp(<u>H</u>)				
	Edition Screen(<u>E</u>) Project File(<u>O</u>)							
Exit()	Q	Alt+F4						
Change PMU TYPE(<u>T</u>)								
WorkTu	Work Dir.	Select		Add to PRJ	Make PRJ	File View	Transfer	
WorkTy	Port	Cancel		Delete in PRJ	Extract PRJ	File Info.	Receive	

	Exits the	Project	Manager
--	-----------	---------	---------

3-2. Edit

The Edit menu allows you to add or delete already created data files in order to create

a Project File.

Picture Below

The following menu appears when Open Edit Screen is selected.

SS PMU 6	600 Project N	Manage	r							_ 🗆 🗡
File(<u>F</u>)	Edit(<u>E</u>) V	iew(<u>V</u>)	Commu	nication	n(<u>C</u>)	$Editor(\underline{T})$	V	∕indow(<u>₩</u>)	Help(<u>H</u>)	
	Select(S	<u>s</u>) (Ctrl+S							
	Select a	ull(<u>T</u>) (Ctrl+T						_	
PF	Cancel(Ctrl+U	~1						
	Cancel	all(<u>C</u>) (Ctrl+C	' 31.sc	r					
	Add(<u>A</u>)	(Ctrl+A	111.s						
@-`	55.scr			80.su	b					
							F			
	Wor	k Dir.	Sele	ect	Add	to PRJ	Ма	ake PRJ	File View	Transfer
WorkTy	Pe P	ort	Can	cel 🛛)elet	e in PRJ	Ext	tract PRJ	File Info.	Receive

Picture Below

The following menu appears when both Project File Screen and Open Edit Screen are selected.

Sig PMU 600	Project Manager						_ 🗆 ×
File(<u>F</u>) Ed	it(<u>E</u>) View(<u>V</u>)	Communicatio	on(<u>C</u>)	$Editor(\underline{T})$	Window(<u>W</u>)	Help(<u>H</u>)	
	on Screen Project File : LINE 55.scr 51.sub 80.sub 950.sub 980.sub	<u> </u>	72.syr 74.syr	Symb Mess: Alarm Link E	n Editor(<u>S)</u> ol Editor(<u>Y</u>) age Editor(<u>M</u>) Editor(<u>A</u>) ditor(<u>L</u>)		
WorkType	Work Dir.	Select	Add	to PRJ	Make PRJ	File View	Transfer
ччогктуре	Port	Cancel	Delet	e in PRJ	Extract PRJ	File Info.	Receive

Picture Below

"Delete File" appears only when Project File Screen is opened.

Edit(<u>E</u>)

Delete(<u>D</u>)	Del
Add(<u>A</u>)	Ctrl+A

3-2-1. Select File

This menu allows you to select files from the left side of the Edit Screen to add to the Project File. The selected files appear on the right side of the Edit Screen.

↓ ·	Run "3.1.2 Open Edit Screen"											
	Project Manage it(<u>E)</u> View(<u>V</u>)	r Communicatio	on(<u>C</u>) Editor(<u>T</u>)	Window(<u>W</u>)	Help(<u>H</u>)	_ 🗆 X						
	Edition Screen											
1.scr 50.scr 55.scr 31.scr 111.sc	r r	0 80.sub 51.sub 950.sul 980.sul 72.sym	Б									
WorkType	Work Dir. Port	Select Cancel	Add to PRJ Delete in PRJ	Make PRJ Extract PRJ	File View File Info.	Transfer Receive						
	i.e.) 1. 2	 Select the files to be included in the Project File i.e.) 1. Select the files with "Ctrl or Shift" keys and the mouse 2. Select the "Edit (E)" menu Run "Edit(E)> Select File (S)" 										
🥵 PMI 1600	D 1 1 1 1		Select File (S)									
	Project Manage lit(<u>E</u>) View(<u>V</u>)	. ,) Window(<u>W</u>) Help(<u>H</u>)							
File(E) Ed	lit(<u>E</u>) View(<u>V</u>)	er Communicatio) Window(<u>W</u>) Help(<u>H</u>)							
File(E) Ed	lit(<u>E)</u> View(⊻) Screen CT DIR : c:₩pm b b ub ub	er Communicatio	on(<u>C</u>) Editor(<u>T</u>)) 1b	<u> </u>							

3-2-2. Select All

It is the menu that selects all data from the Edit Screen. To run this menu, all the files on the left side appears on the right side.

	Rui	n "3.1.	2 Open Edit Sc	reen"					
5 PMU 600 File(<u>F)</u> Ec		nager v(⊻)		on(<u>C</u>)	Editor(<u>T</u>)	. Winc	low(<u>W</u>)	Help(<u>H</u>)	_ 🗆 🗙
PROJ	on Screen IECT DIR : scr	c:#p	_ 980.						
51.	sub sub).sub		C 72.s			Þ			
	Work [Dir.	Select	Add	to PRJ	Make	PRJ	File View	Transfer
WorkType	Port		Cancel					File Info.	Receive
		[Calicer	Delet	te in PRJ			File Into.	RECEIVE
<u> </u>			lit (E)> Select			LAU		rite into.	RECEIVE
	Ri Project Ma	un "Ed	lit (E)> Select	All(T)″					
File(F) E	Project Ma dit(<u>E</u>) Vie tion Screen	un "Ec anage w(⊻)	lit (E)> Select r Communicati	All(T)″			dow(<u>W</u>)	Help(<u>H</u>)	
File(E) E Edit PRO 55 80 51 98 98 72	Project Ma dit(<u>E</u>) Vie tion Screen	un "Ec anage w(⊻)	lit (E)> Select	All(T)″				Help(<u>H</u>) – ib ib sub sub	

3-2-3. Select Cancel

Removes the files on the right side of Project File that were selected from Edit Screen.

	Run "3.2	2.1 Select"					
File(<u>F</u>) Edit	Project Manager (<u>E)</u> View(<u>V</u>)	Communicatio	on(<u>C</u>) Editor(<u>T</u>) Window(<u>W</u>)			
	ub ub sub	nu_ma~1 🍋 72.sy 🎦 74.sy		b b ub	- 74.	sym	—— 6 Selected Files
WorkType	Work Dir. Port	Select Cancel	Add to PRJ Delete in PRJ	Make PRJ Extract PRJ	File View File Info.	Transfer Receive	
	Select tl	ne files not nee	ded				
File(<u>F</u>) Edit	Project Manager (<u>E)</u> View(<u>V)</u> n Screen	Communicatio	on(<u>C</u>) Editor(<u>T</u>) Window(<u>W</u>)	Help(<u>H</u>)		
PROJE M 55.s	CT DIR : c:#pn cr	72.sy					
80.s 51.s 950. 980.	ub sub	🗀 74.sy	ym 51.su 950.su 980.su 72.syt 74.syt	ub ub m	•		3 Selected Files
WorkType	Work Dir. Port	Select Cancel	Add to PRJ Delete in PRJ	Make PRJ Extract PRJ	File View File Info.	Transfer Receive	
	Run	"Edit(E)> Sel	ect Cancel (U)"			_	

3-2-4. Cancel All

Removes all the files from the right side of the Edit Screen.

	Run "3.	2.1 Select "					
File(E) Edit(E)		Communication	n(<u>C</u>) Editor(<u>T</u>) Window(<u>W</u>)	Help(<u>H</u>)		
Edition Scree		nu_ma~1					
 55.scr 80.sub 51.sub 950.sub 980.sub 			55.scr 51.sul 80.sul 950.su 980.su)) ID	•		7 Selected Files
☐ 72.sym ☐ 74.sym			2.syr	n			
WorkType Wo	rk Dir.	Select	Add to PRJ	Make PRJ	File View	Transfer	
F	Port	Cancel	Delete in PF	U Extract PRJ	File Info.	Receive	

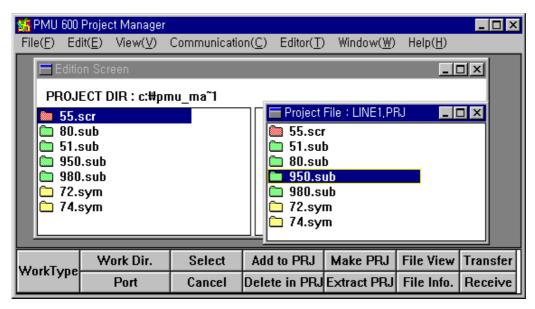
Run "Edit (E) --> Cancel All (C)"

File(<u>F</u>)	600 Projec Edit(<u>E</u>) dition Scr		Communicatio	on(<u>C</u>)	Editor(<u>T</u>)	Window(<u>W</u>)	Help(<u>H</u>)	
PR	OJECT I 55.scr	DIR∶c:₩p	mu_ma~1					
	80.sub 51.sub 950.sub 980.sub 72.sym 74.sym							
WorkTy	W	ork Dir.	Select	Add	to PRJ	Make PRJ	File View	Transfer
	μc	Port	Cancel	Delet	te in PRJ	Extract PRJ	File Info.	Receive

3-2-5. Add File

Adds the selected files from the Edit Screen to the Project File. This function only runs when the Edit Screen and Project File Windows are opened.





 Run "Edit(E)	>	Add

- Select "Y, A, N" in accordance with the indicated file number..

🚮 PMU 600	Projec	t Manager						_ 🗆 ×			
File(<u>F</u>) Ed	lit(<u>E</u>)	View(<u>V</u>)	Communicat	tion(<u>C</u>)	Editor(<u>T</u>)	Window(<u>₩</u>)	Help(<u>H</u>)				
🗖 Editio	Edition Screen										
PROJ	PROJECT DIR : c:#pmu_ma~1										
() 55.:					55.scr 51.sub						
51 .	sub		Make Proje	Make Project File							
980	l.sub I.sub sym			С:₩РМ	U_MA~1₩I	LINE1,PRJ Ov	erwrite exist	ing file?			
74 .	sym				OK(Y)	Cance	el				
WorkTupe	W	ork Dir.	Select	Add	to PRJ	Make PRJ	File View	Transfer			
WorkType		Port	Cancel	Delet	te in PRJ	Extract PRJ	File Info.	Receive			

(A)"

3-2-6. Delete File

Deletes the selected files from the Project File.

	Run "3.1.3 Open Project File"
F	OR Run "3.1.4 Create Project File

Sta PMU	600 Proje	ot Managei					_ 🗆 ×
File(<u>F</u>)	Edit(<u>E</u>)	View(<u>V</u>)	Communicatio	n(<u>C)</u> Editor(<u>T</u>)	· Window(<u>₩</u>)	Help(<u>H</u>)	
	roject File 55.scr 51.sub 80.sub 950.sub 980.sub 72.sym 74.sym	: LINE1,PI	RJ				
WorkT	W	ork Dir.	Select	Add to PRJ	Make PRJ	File View	Transfer
YUR	yhe	Port	Cancel	Delete in PRJ	Extract PRJ	File Info.	Receive

Run "Edit(E) -

•

🚮 PMU 60	10 Projec	t Manager						- O ×		
File(<u>F</u>) E	Edit(<u>E</u>)	$View(\underline{V})$	Communicatio	on(<u>C</u>)	$Editor(\underline{T})$	Window(<u>W</u>)	Help(<u>H</u>)			
🗖 Proj	ject File	: LINE1, PF	ญ				_			
	.scr .sub∢		1 selected files	s						
	.sub	Delete	File					×		
98	0.sub 0.sub .sym		Do you wan	it to del	lete 80.sub	file ?				
74	OK(Y) All(A) No(N) Cancel									
	,			,						
WorkTyp	_ w	ork Dir.	Select	Add	to PRJ	Make PRJ	File View	Transfer		
TTOIKTYP		Port	Cancel	Delet	e in PRJ E	Extract PRJ	File Info.	Receive		

Select "Y, A, N" in accordance with the indicated file number

3-3. View

This menu allows you to view the file type and description indicated in the Edit Screen and Project File windows.

Picture Below

This menu appears when Edit Screen window is opened.

SA PMU 6	00 Projec	t Manager	r					_ 🗆 ×
File(<u>F</u>)	Edit(<u>E</u>)	View(<u>V</u>)	Communicatio	in(<u>C</u>)	$Editor(\underline{T})$	Window(<u>W</u>)	Help(<u>H</u>)	
		File Vi	ew(<u>F</u>)					
EEd	lition Scr	File Inf	formation(])				_	
PRO	ОЈЕСТ В	Refresh(<u>R</u>)						
PROJECT L								
WorkTy	W	ork Dir.	Select	Add	to PRJ	Make PRJ	File View	Transfer
TTOIKIY	he	Port	Cancel	Delet	te in PRJ	Extract PRJ	File Info.	Receive

Picture Below

This menu appears when Project File window is opened.

🕵 PMU 60	0 Projec	t Manager						_ 🗆 ×
File(<u>F</u>) E	Edit(<u>E</u>)	View(<u>V</u>)	Communicatio	on(<u>C</u>) Eo	$ditor(\underline{T})$	Window(<u>W</u>)	Help(<u>H</u>)	
		Project	File View(<u>F</u>)					_
🗖 Proje	ct File :	Project	File Information	n(])			_ 🗆	×
980 📹	sub sub .sub .sub sym							
WorkTup	W	ork Dir.	Select	Add to	PRJ	Make PRJ	File View	Transfer
WorkTyp		Port	Cancel	Delete i	n PRJ	Extract PRJ	File Info.	Receive

3-3-1. View File

◄

This menu allows you to view the file type and file description when Edit Screen is selected. When File Description Item is selected, the file size and sub-description appears.

When the Sort item is selected, the file names are organized in alphabetical order.

Run "3.1.1 Open Edit Screen"

Select "View(V) ---> View File(F)"

🚮 PMU 600	Project Manager						- D ×
File(<u>F</u>) Ed	it(<u>E</u>) View(<u>V</u>)	Communicatio	on(<u>C</u>)	Editor(T)	Window(<u>W</u>)	Help(<u>H</u>)	
PI	Edition Screen ROJECT DIR : d 55.scr 80.sub 51.sub 950.sub	 9 @ 9 0 7)80.su 72.syn 74.syn	b n	e View ile Type .* Description sort	OK Cance I	
WorkType	Work Dir.	Select	Add	to PRJ	Make PRJ	File View	Transfer
worktype	Port	Cancel	Delet	e in PRJ	Extract PRJ	File Info.	Receive

	File Type	Select one of the following "*.*, *.scr,*.sub, *.sym, *.msg, *. alm,
		*.Ink" and in accordance with their
4		extension name types.
-	File Name	File size and File Description appears
- :	Sort	Files appear in alphabetical order
- i	i.e.)	File Type> *.*
		Select File> (X)
↓ ↓		Sort> the picture below appears when (X)

is selected

File(E) E	· ·		Communica	ation(<u>C</u>)	Editor(<u>T</u>)	Window(<u>W</u>)	Help(<u>H</u>)	
	n Scree ECT DI	en R : с:₩рп	nu_ma~1					
51.s 950 980 72.s 74.s	.sub .sub sym		480 3536 3536 208 208	TREND Ten Key Ten Key	/	BOX		
West	We	ork Dir.	Select	Add	to PRJ	Make PRJ	File View	Transfer
WorkType		Port	Cancel	Delet	te in PRJ	Extract PRJ	File Info.	Receive

3-3-2. View Project File

This menu allows you to view the file type and file description in the Project Directory window when the Edit Screen window is selected.

When the File Description item is selected, the file size and sub-description appears.

When the Sort Item is selected, the file names are organized in alphabetical order.

Run "3.1.3. Open Project File" Select "View(V) --> View Project File(F)"

🚮 PMU 600	Projec	t Manager							_ 🗆 🗵
File(<u>F</u>) Ec	dit(<u>E</u>)	$View(\underline{V})$	Communicatio	on(<u>C</u>) E	$\operatorname{iditor}(\underline{T})$	Window(<u>V</u>	() Help)(<u>H</u>)	
Project	File : L	INE1, PRJ					I	- 🗆 '	×
55.scr 51.sul 80.sul 950.su 980.su	b b ub		C 72.sym	r	[scription	Cance	×	
WestTures	W	ork Dir.	Select	Add to	PRJ	Make PRJ	File	View	Transfer
WorkType		Port	Cancel	Delete	in PRJ	Extract PR	J File	Info.	Receive



- File Description

on File size and description appears

- i.e.) File Description --> the picture below appears when (X) is selected

🕵 PMU 600	Projec	t Manager						_ 🗆 ×
File(<u>F</u>) Ed	lit(<u>E</u>)	View(<u>V</u>)	Commu	nication(<u>C</u>)	Editor(<u>T</u>)	Window(<u>₩</u>)	Help(<u>H</u>)	
🔲 Project f	File : L	INE1, PRJ					_ 🗆	×
 51.sub 80.sub 950.su 980.su 72.syn) ID ID N		480 158 3536 3536 208	TREND BUTTON Ten Key Ten Key	'	эх		
WorkType	W	ork Dir.	Sele	ect Ad	d to PRJ	Make PRJ	File View	Transfer
worktype		Port	Can	cel Del	ete in PRJ	Extract PRJ	File Info.	Receive

3-3-3. Project File Information

This menu shows information on the selected Project File.

Project File Information: time, byte size, byte used per page, the number files included

4	Run "3.1.3 O	pen Project	Screen"			
↓ ¹	Select "View	(V)"				
PMU 600 Project File(E) Edit(E) Help(H)	View(⊻) ⊂o Project Fi	ommunicati le View(<u>F)</u> le Informatic		Window(<u>W</u>)		
Project File 55.scr 51.sub 80.sub 950.sub 980.sub 72.sym 74.sym	: LINE1,PRJ					
WorkType	rk Dir. Port	Select Cancel	Add to PRJ Delete in PRJ	Make PRJ Extract PRJ	File Viev File Info	
•	Select "View	w(V)> Proje	ect File Info(I)"			
File Information		×				
Name: LINE1.PF						
Time: 1997, 11 Size: 42538 by						
0 PAGE 42538 2 PAGE 0 4 PAGE 0 6 PAGE 0	1 PAGE 3 PAGE 5 PAGE 7 PAGE					
Files: 7						
Symbol : 2 Message : O Link : O	Sub : Alarm :	4 0				
(<u> </u>	OK					
			Project File is 512	5		
1			nhor of a Draiget E	ilo ic a tatal of Q	nages and or	onen hoe
	The maximities for the maximities of the maximities of the second		liber of a Floject Fl		payes and ea	acii paye

3-3-4. File Information

This menu shows information on the selected "*.SCR" file.

Picture Below

This menu appears when the files are selected from the Edit Screen.

	- Run "3.1.2 Open Edit Screen"
•	- Select "*.scr" file
Ļ	i.e.) Select 52.scr
·	- Select "View(V)"

🚮 PMU 600	Project Ma	anager						- 🗆 ×
File(<u>F</u>) Ed	it(<u>E)</u> Vier	w(<u>V</u>)	Communica	ation(<u>C</u>)	Editor(T)	Window(<u>W</u>)	Help(<u>H</u>)	
Edition S	Screen				- U×			 Nov
PROJEC		₩pmu_						
52.scr			980. 72.s					1
80.sub	1		2.s		File Vie	W	X	
🛅 51.sub					File	Туре Г	ок	
. 🎦 950.su	ıb				* , *	E L		
			Þ		_ 🗆 Des	cription –	1	
					□ sor	t L	Cancel	
			T				-	
WorkType	Work	Dir.	Select	Add	to PRJ	Make PRJ	File View	Transfer
Поктурс	Por	rt	Cancel	Delet	e in PRJ	Extract PRJ	File Info.	Receive

	^o roject Manage	Select "View(V) er Communicati		Window(<u>W</u>)	Help(<u>H</u>)	<u>- 0 ×</u>
Edition S	creen		_ 🗆 🗙			
PROJECT	DIR : c:#pm	u_ma~1	Screen List		×	
■ 52.scr ■ 55.scr ■ 80.sub ■ 51.sub ■ 950.su ◄	b	980. 72.s 74.s	Sub Screen 950.sub	ame : 52.scr Symbol S 72.sym OK		
WorkType	Work Dir.	Select	Add to PRJ	Make PRJ	File View	Transfer
TOIKType	Port	Cancel	Delete in PRJ	Extract PRJ	File Info.	Receive

- The Sub/Symbol Screen appears in the selected screen.

This menu shows information on the selected "*.MSG" file.

Picture Below

This menu appears when Edit Screen is opened and the files are selected.

Run "3.1.2 Open Edit Screen"
 Select "*.msg" file
 i.e.) Select 1.msg
 Select View(V)

SS PMU 600 F	Project Ma	nager					_ 🗆 ×
File(<u>F</u>) Edi	t(<u>E)</u> Viev	/(<u>V)</u> Com	munication(<u>C</u>)	Editor(<u>T</u>)	Window(<u>W</u>)	Help(<u>H</u>)	
	F	ile View(<u>F</u>)		IIIItite			
Editio	in se	ile Informat efresh(<u>R</u>)	ion(<u>I</u>)			- 0	×
PROJ	ECT DIR :	c:₩pmu_	ma~1				·····
- AND CONTRACTOR	sub scr) 80.sub) 950.sub) 980.sub				
WorkType	Work D)ir. S	Select Add	to PRJ	Make PRJ	File View	Transfer
Troikiype	Port	0	Cancel Delet	te in PRJ	Extract PRJ	File Info.	Receive

Select "View(V) --> File Info(I)"

😘 PMU 600	Projec	t Manager						_ 🗆 🗵
File(<u>F</u>) Ec	dit(<u>E</u>)	$View(\underline{V})$	Communicatio	on(<u>C</u>) Edito	r(<u>T</u>)	$\mathbb{W} indow(\underline{\mathbb{W}})$	Help(<u>H</u>)	
Edit Edit	ion Sci	reen						×
PR0.	JECT I	DIR∶c:₩p	mu_ma~1		E 11-			
	nsg		🛅 80.s		File	Information	2	
and a second	.sub		<u> </u>		Fi	le Name : 1	1.msg	
	.scr .scr		i 980.	SUD	lt	ems : 2		
	.sun .sym					OK		
	.sým							
•								
WorkType	W	ork Dir.	Select	Add to PF	ญ	Make PRJ	File View	Transfer
monkrype		Port	Cancel	Delete in F	PRJE	xtract PRJ	File Info.	Receive

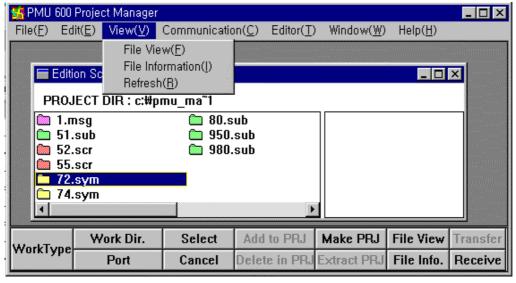
- The number of Items in the selected window appears.

This menu shows the information on the selected "*.SYM" file.

Picture Below

This menu appears when the Edit Screen is opened and the files are selected.

- Run "3.1.2 Open Edit Screen" - Select "*.sym" file i.e.) Select 72.sym - Select "View(V)"



Select "View

Select "View(V) --> File Info(I)"

🚮 PMU 600	Projec	t Manager						- O X
File(<u>F</u>) Ed	lit(<u>E</u>)	$View(\underline{V})$	Communicatio	on(<u>C</u>)	$Editor(\underline{T})$	Window(<u>W</u>)	Help(<u>H</u>)	
Edition S	Screen					[- 🗆 🗵	
PROJEC	T DIR	: c:#pmu	_ma~1					
51.sub					File Infor	mation	×	
52.scr						lawa - 70		
55.scr			-			Name : 72.sy		
2.syr					₩idth	: 32, Height	: 32	
1 🗀 74.syr					[
950.su						OK		and a second
950.st								ine-distanting in
300.st	10						im	
		L-D:-	0-1		L. DD.			T (
WorkType	We	ork Dir.	Select	Add	to PRJ	Make PRJ	File View	Transfer
in onkrype		Port	Cancel	Dele	te in PRJ	Extract PRJ	File Info.	Receive

- Indicates the "height and width" of the selected window

This menu shows the information on the selected "*.LNK" file.

Picture Below

This menu appears when the Edit Screen window is opened and the files are selected.

Run "3.1.2 Open Edit Screen"
 Select "*.lnk" file
 i.e.) Select Serial1.lnk
 Select "View(V)"

🚮 PMU 60	0 Projec	t Manager						_ 🗆 X
File(<u>F</u>) E	dit(<u>E</u>)	View(<u>V</u>)	Communicati	on(<u>C</u>) Edit	or(<u>T</u>) W	indow(<u>₩</u>)	Help(<u>H</u>)	
		File Vie	ew(<u>F</u>)	and the second sec				1
	Editior	File Inf	ormation(<u>l</u>)				_	
F	PROJE	Refrest	n(<u>B)</u>					
] 1.ms			74.sym				
) 51.su) 52.su			80.sub 950.sub				
	55.si			980.sub				
	72.sy	/m		serial1.lnk				
•					Þ			
			and shares and share				anna ann ann a	
WorkType	W	ork Dir.	Select	Add to P	RJ Ma	ike PRJ	File View	Transfer
TOKIYP		Port	Cancel	Delete in	PRJ Ext	ract PRJ	File Info.	Receive



Select "View(V) --> File Information(I)"

25 Martin 000000000000000000000000000000000000	Project Manager			_	
File(<u>F</u>) Ed	it(<u>E</u>) View(<u>V</u>)	Communication(C) Editor(<u>T</u>)	Link Setup	×
	Edition Screen			File Name : serial1.1	nk
PI	ROJECT DIR : (∷₩pmu_ma~1		Serial Setup	5.
	1.msg 51.sub	🗀 74.sy 🛅 80.si			
	52.scr 55.scr	🛅 950.: 🛅 980.:		No. of Data Link Input: O Output:	0
	72.sym	💼 seria	l1.lnk	No. of Field Bus	~
				Receive: O Transfer:	0
WorkType	Work Dir.	Select Ad	ld to PRJ	OK	
HOIKType	Port	Cancel Del	ete in PRJ		

- "Select Communications" in the selected window

3-3-5. Refresh

The files from the Project Directory in the Edit Screen Window are displayed again.

This menu is used to renew the contents of the changed directory.

•	 i.e.) Sele	.1.2 Open Ed ect the screer "View(V)"				
File(E) Ec	Edition ROJE 1.msg 51.sub 52.scr 72.sym	rmation(l) (B) 	ion(C) Editor(T) 74.sym 80.sub 950.sub 980.sub serial1.lnk	Window(<u>W</u>)	Help(<u>H</u>)	
WorkType	Port	Cancel	Delete in PRJ		File View File Info.	Receive
•	Select "	View(V)> R	efresh(R)"			
😘 PMU 600						
			(0) E III (7)	110 1 2115		_ 🗆 ×
	it(<u>E)</u> View(<u>V)</u> (File Viev	rmation(<u>l</u>)	on(<u>C</u>) Editor(<u>T</u>)	Window(<u>W</u>)	Help(<u>H</u>)	
PI	it(E) View(V) (File View Edition File Infor	v(E) rmation(I) B)	on(<u>C</u>) Editor(<u>T</u>) 74.sym 80.sub 950.sub 980.sub serial1.lnk	Window(<u>W</u>)		
PI	it(E) View(V) (File Viev Colline File Infor ROJE Refresh(1.msg 51.sub 52.scr 55.scr 72.sym	v(E) rmation(]) (B) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C	74.sym 80.sub 950.sub 980.sub serial1.lnk			
PI	it(E) View(V) (File Viev Edition File Infor ROJE Refresh(1.msg 51.sub 52.scr 55.scr	v(E) rmation(I) B)	74.sym 80.sub 950.sub 980.sub serial1.lnk Add to PRJ	Window(<u>W</u>)		

Reliesh the mes in Edit Screen

i.e.) When the selected files are re-selected to new files.

3-4. Communication

This menu allows you to select the serial port and send/receive Project Files (*.PRJ) and Link Files (*.LNK).

Note: When you run the Send/Receive Project Files function, Select "Project Manager -->

Communication(C) --> Select Serial Port(P)" and pre-set your serial port.

Picture Below

This menu appears when Project File is not opened.

🚮 PMU 8	600 Project Manager					_ 🗆 ×
File(<u>F</u>)	$Communication(\underline{C})$	Editor(<u>T</u>)	Help(<u>H</u>)			
	Receive Rroject F	ile(<u>R</u>)	1999. 			
	Transfer LINK File Receive LINK File	_				
	Receive Alarm Fi	e				
	Select Serial Port(<u>P</u>)					
WorkTy	Work Dir.	Select	Add to PRJ	Make PRJ	File View	Transfer
WORKTY	Port	Cancel	Delete in PRJ	Extract PRJ	File Info.	Receive

Picture Below

This menu appears when Project File is opened.

Si PMU 600	Projec	t Managei	,					_ 🗆 ×
File(<u>F</u>) Ed	lit(<u>E</u>)	$\forall iew(\underline{\vee})$	Communicatio	n(<u>C</u>)	Editor(T)	Window(<u>W</u>)	Help(<u>H</u>)	
Project File : LINE1,			Transfer Pr Receive Pro	· ·	1		_ 0	×
55.scr 51.sub			Transfer LINK File(<u>S</u>) Receive LINK File(<u>G</u>)					
🗀 80.sub 🗀 950.sub		Receive Alarm File						
72	980.sub 72.sym		Change Serial Port(<u>P</u>)				·····	
🗅 74.sym								
WorkType	W	ork Dir.	Select	Add	to PRJ	Make PRJ	File View	Transfer
TTOIKTYPE		Port	Cancel	Delet	e in PRJ	Extract PRJ	File Info.	Receive

3-4-1. Send Project File

This menu allows you to send selected Project Files to the main machine and indicates the amount of data sent by a bar graph.

Note: This menu can be used only when the Project File is opened.

∢	- Run "3.1.3 Open Project File"						
¥		- Sele	ect "Communica	ation (C)"			
🚮 PMU	600 Projec	et Manager					_ 🗆 ×
File(<u>F</u>)	Edit(<u>E</u>)	View(<u>V</u>)	Communicati		Window(<u>W</u>)	Help(<u>H</u>)	
			Send Proje	and the second			
P P	roject File	: LINE1, PF	Receive Pr	roject File(<u>R</u>)		_ D ×	3
E	5.scr		Send LINK	File(<u>S</u>)			
	i1.sub 10.sub		Receive LI	NK File(<u>G</u>)			
	150.sub		Receive Alarm File				
	180.sub '2.sym		Change Se	erial Port(<u>P</u>)			
	C 74.sym						
WorkTy	we W	ork Dir.	Select	Add to PRJ	Make PRJ	File View	Send
	P	Port	Cancel	Delete in PRJ	Extract PRJ	File Info.	Receive

Transfer	×
Transfer PRJ file to PMU 600 [Caution]:Be sure that defined PMU type is the same as the connected type!! LINE1.PRJ	Cance I

- Select "Start" to send

- When sending is normal, a bar graph indicating the amount of data being sent appears.

- When files cannot be sent, an error window appear,

check an error.

3-4-2. Receive Project File

This menu allows you to receive a Project File from the main machine to your computer.

A bar graph indicating the amount of data being sent appears.

Note: The File Name must be specified before the file is received.

- Run ""Project Manager"
 - Select "Communication (C)"
 - Run "Receive Project File (R)"

Receive		×
File Name(<u>N</u>): *.prj	Directory(<u>D</u>): c:₩pmu_ma~1	OK
1.prj line1.prj line2.prj	🔄 c:₩ 💻	Cance I
×		Network(E)
File Type(I): Project File(*,PRJ) PMU description PMU FILE	Drive(⊻): ☐ c: tw206503 ▼	

 - Insert "Directory and Project File Name"
- Select "OK"

Transfer	×
Receive PRJ file from PMU 600	Start
[Caution]:Be sure that defined PMU type is the same as the connected type!! LINE2.PRJ	Cancel

- Select "Start" to send

- When sending is normal, a bar graph indicating the amount sent appears.

- When files cannot be sent, the following or other types of an error window appear, check an error.

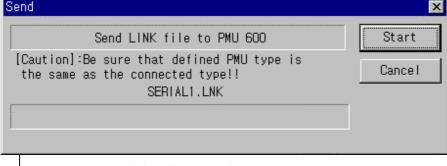
Commur	nication 🛛 🔀
8	TIME OUT ERROR !
	ОК

3-4-3. Send Link File

This menu allows you to send the selected Link File to the main machine. A bar graph indicating the amount of file data being sent appears.

Run "Project Manager"
 Select "Communication (C)"
 Run "Send Link File(S)"

	600 Projec							_ 🗆 🗵
File(<u>F</u>)	Edit(<u>E</u>)	View(<u>V</u>)	Commun	ication(<u>C</u>)	Editor(<u>T</u>)	Window(<u>W</u>)	Help(<u>H</u>)	
And a second sec	roject File Send	: LINE1, PF	Ŋ				- D ×	
	File Nam <mark>*.lnk</mark>	ne(<u>N</u>):		Directo c∶₩pmu3	ry(<u>D</u>): 	jummer janner	ОK	
	serial1	.lnk	<u></u>	C:#		<u> </u>	Cancel	
					brary		Network(E)	
	ļ		Y	1		<u>×</u>		
	File Typ			Drive(<u>V</u>	-			100
-	PMU desc	le (*.LN	K) 🔟		tw206503	<u>•</u>		
WorkT	PMU FILI							/e
		- Ir	nsert "Dire	ctory and F	Project File	Name"		
↓ •		- S	elect "OK"					



- Select "Start" to send

- When sending is normal, a bar graph indicating the amount sent appears.

- When files cannot be sent, the following or other types of an error window appear, check an error.



3-4-4. Receive Link File

OK

This menu allows you to receive the selected Link File from the main machine to your computer. A bar graph indicating the amount of file data being sent appears.

- Run "Pi	roject Manager"		
- Select '	"Communications (C)"		
	eceive Link File(G)"		
♦ • Kun K			
Receive		×	
File Name(<u>N</u>):	Directory(<u>D</u>):	OK	
serial1.lnk	c∶₩pmu3	OK	
serial1.lnk	🔁 c:#	01	
	en pmu3	Cancel	
	📄 library		
		Network(E)	
T	<u></u>		
File Type(<u>I</u>):	Drive(⊻):		
Link File (*.LNK)	□ c: tw206503 ▼		
PMU description			
,			
- Insert "	Directory and Project File Name"		
- Select '	'OK"		
¥			
Communication		×	
Decelue LUNK 6	ile from PMU 600	Start	
		Start	
[Caution]:Be sure that the same as the connec		Cancel	
	AL1.LNK		
-		1	
	-		
- Select '	"Start" to send		
- When s	sending is normal, a bar graph in	dicating the amount sent	appears.
- When f	files cannot be sent, the followin	g or other types of an er	ror window appear, check
the abov	e "Check When Communication	Failure" list	
	il.		
Communication	4		
	8		

3-4-5. Receive Alarm File(This operation is available in PMU200, 300)

This menu allows you to receive the Alarm File from the main machine to your computer.

A bar graph indicating the amount of file data being sent appears.

	- Run "Project Manager"
4	- Select "Communication (C)"
•	- Run "Receive Alarm File "

Receive			×
File Name(<u>N</u>): ALARM.t×t	Directory(<u>D</u>): c:₩pmu3		OK
readme.txt	i Garc:₩ Garpmu3	A	Cancel
	📄 library		Network(E)
	j	7	
File Type(<u>I</u>):	Drive(<u>V</u>):		
Alarm File (*.TXT) 💌] 🗐 c: tw206503	•	
PMU description			
PMU FILE			

Insert "Directory and Project File Name"
 Select "OK"

Receive LINK file from PMU 300	Start
(Caution):Be sure that defined PMU type is the same as the connected type!! SERIAL1.LNK	Cancel

- Select "Start" to send.
- When sending is normal, a bar graph indicating the amount sent appears.

- When files cannot be sent, the following or other types of an error window appear, check an error.



3-4-6. Select Communications Port

Select the Communications Port for communication with the main machine.

- Run "Project Manager"
- Select "Communication (C)"
- Run "Select Com. Port (P)"
- Select "▼"

File(<u>F</u>)	00 Project Manager Communication(<u>C</u>)		Help(<u>H</u>)	
	Serial Port Select	serial por	×	
	COM2 COM1 COM2 COM3 COM4		ок	
	Work Dir.	Select	Add to PRJ	Make Pl

- Select the necessary port from "COM1,2,3,4"

- i.e.) Select COM1

4-----

	00 Project Manager Communication(<u>C</u>)	Editor(<u>T</u>) H	Help(<u>H</u>)	-OX
	<mark>Serial Port</mark> Select	serial port	×	
	COM1		OK	
	Work Dir.	Select	Add to PRJ	Make PR
WorkTyp	Port	Cancel	Delete in PRJ	and the second second second
	Select "	OK"		

3-5. Editing Tools

To change the main/sub-screen, message, symbol, link settings in the Project Manager, open the Editing Tools in the menu.

3-5-1. Screen Editor (S)

This window is needed to create the main screen and sub-screen.

i.e.) The Window below shows PMU-300 selected as the PMU Type.

- Run "Project Manager" - Select "Editor(T)"

56 PMU 300	Project Manager					_ 🗆 ×
File(<u>F</u>) Co	ommunication(<u>C</u>)	Editor(<u>T</u>)	lelp(<u>H</u>)			
		Screen E Symbol E Message Alarm Ed Link Edito	Editor(<u>Y</u>) Editor(<u>M</u>) itor(<u>A</u>)			
West Trees	Work Dir.	Select	Add to PRJ	Make PRJ	File View	Send
WorkType	Port	Cancel	Delete in PRJ	Extract PRJ	File Info.	Receive

Sei	lect "Editor(T)>	Screen Edito	or(S)"		
🚆 PMU300 Main Screen - [NONAME]				_ 🗆 ×
File(<u>F</u>) Draw(<u>D</u>) Edit(<u>E</u>)	Tag Insert(<u>T</u>)	Tag Edit(<u>R</u>)	Others(<u>L</u>)	Help(<u>H</u>)	
		 . .<			
PYLAM	B F				
Line Patt	Attr REPLA	CE Normal	Size <mark>‡</mark> 1x1	<mark>↑</mark> X 0 '	Y Ø

- Create Main screen or sub-screen.

3.5.2 Symbol Editor (Y)

This window is needed to create a Symbol Screen.

	- Rui	n "Project Mai	nager"			
↓	- Sel	ect "Editor(T)	"			
55 PMU 600	Project Manager					_ 🗆 ×
	mmunication(<u>C</u>)	Editor(<u>1</u>) H Screen Ed Symbol E Message Alarm Edi Link Edito	ditor(<u>S</u>) :ditor(<u>Y</u>) :Editor(<u>M</u>) itor(<u>A</u>)			
WorkType	Work Dir. Port	Select Cancel	Add to PRJ Delete in PRJ	Make PRJ Extract PRJ	File View File Info.	Send Receive
	Select	"Editor(T)>	Symbol Editor	(V)"		
↓			o jinibor Editor	(')		
File(E) Drav		ljust Screen(<u>A</u>)	-			

Create Symbol Screen

3-5-3. Message Editor (M)

This window is needed to create a Message Screen.

•	- Run "Project Manager" - Select "Editor (T)									
	00 Project Manager					_ 🗆 ×				
File(E) Communication(C) Editor(T) Help(H) Screen Editor(S) Symbol Editor(Y) Message Editor(M) Alarm Editor(A) Link Editor(L)										
	Work Dir.	Select	Add to PRJ	Make PRJ	File View	Send				
WorkTy	Port Port	Cancel	Delete in PRJ	Extract PRJ	File Info.	Receive				

	•	 	
	,		

Select "Editor (T) --> Message Editor (M)"

X
1
adada ay
pant of
aadd
nodi SSE



3-5-4. Alarm Editor (A)

This window is needed to create an Alarm Screen.

.	••••••	n "Project Ma ect "Editor (T	•			
S PMU 6	00 Project Manager					
	Communication(C)	Editor(<u>T</u>)	Help(<u>H</u>)			
			Editor(⊻) e Editor(<u>M</u>) ditor(<u>A</u>)			
	Work Dir.	Select	Add to PRJ	Make PRJ	File View	Send
WorkTyp	Port	Cancel		Extract PRJ	File Info.	Receive

Select "Editor (T) --> Alarm Editor (A)"

File(E)				rch(<u>S</u>)	He	lp(<u>H</u>)		
No.	Grp.	Buf.	Bit	Con.	Attr.	Colr.	Size	Contents



3-5-5. Link Editor (L)

This window is needed to create a Link Screen.

- Run "Project Manager"

¥	- Select "Editor (T)"									
😘 PMU (600 Project Manager					_ 🗆 ×				
File(<u>F</u>)	Communication(<u>C</u>)	Editor(T)	lelp(<u>H</u>)			1				
		Screen E Symbol E Message Alarm Ed Link Edito	Editor(<u>Y</u>) Editor(<u>M</u>) itor(<u>A</u>)		۳۵ می ۱۹۹۹ می ۱۹۹۹ می ۱۹۹۹ می ۱۹۹۹ می ۱۹۹۹ می ۱۹۹۹ می					
WorkTy	Work Dir.	Select	Add to PRJ	Make PRJ	File View	Send				
	Port	Cancel	Delete in PRJ	Extract PRJ	File Info.	Receive				

Select "Editor (T) --> Link Editor (L)

	LINK Editor - [NONA)	
F	ile(<u>F</u>) Link Setup(<u>L</u>)	Help(<u>H</u>)
	PMU TYPE	: PMU 600 Link Type : None
		1 : 1 Communication
	SERIAL Link	PLC Type :
	DATA Link	Receive setup: Transfer setup:
	GLOFA Fnet	Receive setup: Transfer setup:
	T-LINK Setup	
	User-def.Setup	
		N : N Communication
	N:N MASTER	PLC Type :
	N:N LOCAL	Receive setup: Transfer setup:

- Create a Link Screen

3-6. Window (W)

This menu allows you to adjust the arrangement of the Edit Screen and Project File Screen.

3-6-1. Cascade(C)

All the opened screens appear in Cascade.

	- Run "Project Manager"
4	- Run "3.1.2 Open Edit Screen"
↓ ↓	- Run "3.1.3 Open Project File"

🚮 PMU 60	l0 Projec	et Manager	r				_ 🗆 X
File(<u>F</u>) E	Edit(<u>E</u>)	$View(\underline{V})$	Communicatio	n(<u>C</u>) Editor(]	[) Window(<u>W</u>)	Help(<u>H</u>)	
Edit So	creen					- O ×	
PROJE	CT DIR	: c:#pmu	3				in the second
52.so			💼 980.sub 🛅 72.sym	·			
1 🛅 51.su		P	roject File : LINE	E1,PRJ			- 🗆 ×
950.9		·	5.scr 51.sub				
•			30.sub				
)50.sub				
		11/63)80.sub /2.sym				
			4.sym				
WorkTur	W	ork Dir.	Select	Add to PRJ	Make PRJ	File View	Send
WorkTyp		Port	Cancel	Delete in PR	J Extract PRJ	File Info.	Receive

•			ect "Window(W)	> Cascade (C)	"		
🚮 PMU I	600 Projec	et Manage	r				_ 🗆 ×
File(<u>F</u>)	Edit(<u>E</u>)	View(<u>V</u>)	Communication	(\underline{C}) Editor (\underline{T})	Window(<u>W</u>)	Help(<u>H</u>)	
Edit :	Screen					- D ×	
P F	Project Fil	e : LINE1,F	PRJ			_ 0	×
	55.scr 51.sub 80.sub 950.sub 980.sub 72.sym 74.sym						
	W	ork Dir.	Select	Add to PRJ	Make PRJ	File View	Send
WorkTy	he	Port	Cancel D	elete in PRJ	Extract PRJ	File Info.	Receive

3-6-2. Tile (T)

All the opened screens appear in a Tile.

- Run "Project Manager"
- Run "3.1.2 Edit Screen"
- Run "3.1.3 Open Project File"

🚮 PMU 6	600 Projec	t Manager	(_ 🗆 ×
File(<u>F</u>)	$Edit(\underline{E})$	$View(\underline{V})$	Communication	$n(\underline{C}) = Editor(\underline{T})$	Window(<u>W</u>)	Help(<u>H</u>)	1
Edit 3	Screen				Cascade	e(<u>C</u>)	
	roiect File	e : LINE1, P	PRJ		Tile(<u>T</u>)		
	55.scr 51.sub				Arrange Close al		and an
	80.sub 950.sub 980.sub				<u>1</u> Edit Sc ✓ <u>2</u> Project	reen t File : LINE1	,PRJ
	72.sym 74.sym						
			1 1				
WorkTy	W	ork Dir.	Select	Add to PRJ	Make PRJ	File View	Send
TTOIKTY	pe	Port	Cancel I	Delete in PRJ	Extract PRJ	File Info.	Receive

 Select "Window	/ (W)>	Tile (T)"

56 PMU 600	Proje	ct Managei	r						_ 🗆 ×
File(<u>F</u>) Ed	dit(<u>E</u>)	View(<u>V</u>)	Communicatio	in(<u>C</u>)	Editor(\underline{T})	Wind	Jow(<u>₩</u>)	Help(<u>H</u>)	1
🖬 Project	File : I	LINE1, PRJ		×	📰 Edit Sci	reen		_	- D ×
6 55.sci					PROJEC	T DIR	: c:#p	mu3	
80.su					🛅 52.sci 🛅 55.sci	-			
980.s					🛅 51.su				
72.syl					🛍 80.su 🛅 950.s				
					980.s				
					🗀 72.sy				
					🗀 74.sy 🛅 1.msg				
					▲	, 		Þ	
WorkType	W	′ork Dir.	Select	Ad	d to PRJ	Make	PRJ	File View	Send
ччотктуре		Port	Cancel	Dele	te in PRJ	Extra	ct PRJ	File Info.	Receive

3-6-3. Arrange Icons

All the opened screens are arranged by icons.

		- Ru	n "Project Man	ager"			
		- Ru	n "3.1.2 Open	Edit Screen"			
		- Ru	n "3.1.3 Open	Project File"			
↓		Click	c on the (1) but	ton below in the	Project/Edit S	creen windo	W.
				(*	I) 🔨		
				Project File:L	INE1,PRJ		
Ļ				Edit Screen		1	. D ×
		Manager					_ 🗆 🗵
File(<u>F)</u> Ed	dit(<u>E</u>) \	/iew(<u>V</u>) -	Communicatio	on(<u>C</u>) Editor(<u>T</u>)	Window(<u>W</u>)	Help(<u>H</u>)	
							Winnessen and State
			Project File	ÐO×			
				📻 Edit Screen	8 D ×		
WorkType		rk Dir.	Select	Add to PRJ	Make PRJ	File View	Send
	F	Port	Cancel	Delete in PRJ	Extract PRJ	File Info.	Receive
		S	elect "Window	(W)> Arrange	Icons(I)"		
↓							

File(<u>F</u>)	Edit(<u>E</u>)	View(<u>V</u>)	Communication	$I(\underline{C}) = Editor(\underline{T})$	Window(<u>W</u>)	Help(<u>H</u>)	
-							
Edit	Screen	BOX	📻 Project File	. 70 ×			
Edit WorkTy	l w	₫□× ′ork Dir.	1 1	. 🕫 🗆 🗙 Add to PRJ	Make PRJ	File View	Send

3-6-4. Close All (A)

Closes all the opened windows.

- Run "Project Manager"
- Run "2.1.2 Open Edit Screen"
- Run "2.1.3 Open Project File "

SS PMU 600	Project N	Manager					_ 🗆 ×
File(<u>F</u>) Ed	lit(<u>E</u>) Vi	iew(<u>V</u>)	Communicatio	n(<u>C</u>) Editor(<u>T</u>)) Window(<u>W</u>)	Help(<u>H</u>)	1
	File:LIN	E1,PRJ		_ D ×			
55.scr)		Edit Screen			_ 🗆	×
80.sub	ıb		PROJECT DI	R : c:₩pmu3			
980.su	n		52.scr 55.scr				
C 74.syn	n		🗎 51.sub	<u></u>	■		
					•		
WorkType	Worl	k Dir.	Select	Add to PRJ	Make PRJ	File View	Send
Troikiype	P	ort	Cancel	Delete in PRJ	Extract PRJ	File Info.	Receive

Select "Window (W) --> Close All (A)"

Sile(E) Edit(E		Communicatio	on(<u>C</u>) Editor(<u>T</u>)	Window(<u>W</u>)	Help(<u>H</u>)	_ 🗆 ×
Project File 55.scr 51.sub 80.sub 950.sub 980.sub 72.sym 74.sym	LINE1,PRJ Edit Scree PROJECT 52.scr 55.scr 51.sub 80.sub	n DIR∶c:₩pmi	u3	2 Droiget	icons(!) (<u>A</u>)	,PRJ
WorkType-	Work Dir.	Select	Add to PRJ	Make PRJ	File View	Send
Поктурс	Port	Cancel	Delete in PRJ	Extract PRJ	File Info.	Receive

Chapter 4. Screen Editor Structure and Function

	600 Main s						4/7	2	т.		W.D.		Oak		1.2	7.		(E)	11	1-71	D.								_	. 8
ile(<u>F</u>)	Draw(<u>D</u>)	Edit	(E)	18	ag II	nse	n(<u> </u>)	Tag) Ea	it(<u>B</u>)		Uthe	ers(j	L)	20	om	Ð	He	eip(<u>r</u>	1)									_
T [
\sim	N																													
\sim	\smile																													
\neg	\frown																													
\sim	\sim																													
\sum	\bigcirc																													
\checkmark	~																													
Δ	00:00:00																													
	TIME																													
? }	? }																													
iub	Sym																													
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	Patt	A	tti	r 🗖	EP		PE N	lorm		iz	e 🛟	1x	1 🕇	1										F	Р	/	1	L		4
	IUCC			· ·	i Citi	CIL	SE P	Ton			~ 🔸		ʻ 🔸							1				•	-۲	1	L	1	A	

■ This software package is to operate the main screen and to create the sub screen.

■ You are able to draw figures such as Straight Lines, Rectangles, Circles, Ovals, Painted Rectangles, Arcs, Pies and Continuous lines. (Warning: There might be a slight difference in what figures you may draw according to the PMU-Type.) (See 3-8 Edit Tool)

■ You can register tags to be used in run on the main screen and the sub screen.

(See 3-4 Tag Insert)PMU-200: 11 for main screen and 1 for sub screenPMU-300: 20 for main screen and 16 for sub screenPMU-600: 20 for main screen and 16 for sub screen

■ While creating the main screen, before sending the created screen to the main machine you can do a test run or Simulation(simulation).

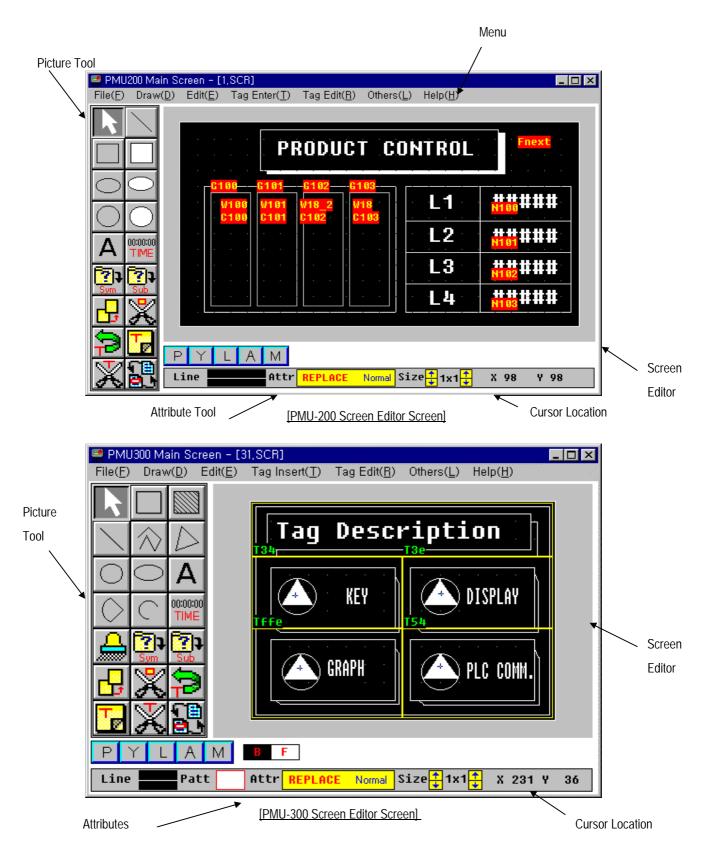
■ You may edit the files of the Main Screen (*.SCR) and Sub Screen (*.SUB).

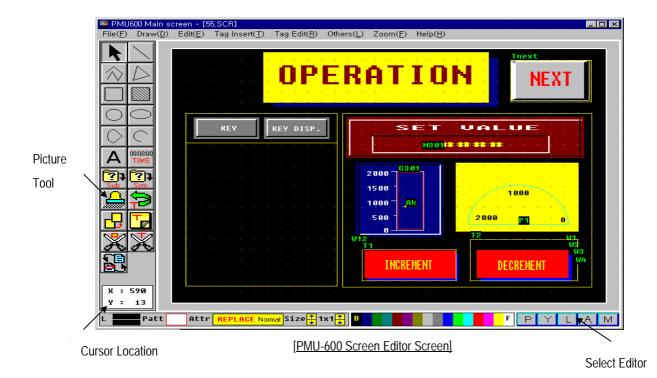
When you create a new screen whether it is a Main Screen or Sub Screen, select either 'Main Screen', 'Sub Screen' from the <Other> menu.

The basic three tool boxes are opened at the bottom of the window, and the file name will also appear on the title bar.

The buttons on the left of the screen are Picture Tools which you can easily select figures or the edit menu and the tools at the bottom of the screen are Attribute Tools which you can create and establish Line Type, Pattern Type, and Character Enlargement.

The location of the cursor co-ordinates the location of the mouse cursor on the present main screen or the sub screen.





4-1. File

Its function is to manage the Main/Sub Screen, which the user is able to Open a New File, Save a File, save as, Print, and

much more. File(<u>F</u>)
New(<u>N</u>)
Open(<u>O</u>)
Save(<u>S</u>)
Save as,.,(<u>A</u>)
Print,(<u>P</u>)
Exit(<u>×</u>)

<u>New (</u>N)

► When you choose New File, it allows you to create a new main screen or sub screen. While creating a new screen, you choose New File, the computer will ask if you would like to save.

If you choose "Yes[Y]", a dialogue box will appear on screen. If you enter the name, (*.scr), the main screen will be saved as "*.scr".

If you choose "No[N]", be aware that the data you have been working on may be lost.

If you choose "Cancel", the new file menu will be canceled.

▶ When opening a new file, if the Title Bar indicates Main Screen then you may create a main screen otherwise, if the Title Bar indicated Sub Screen, you may create a sub screen.

▶ When changing each Editor mode (main screen Editor/sub screen Editor), you may do this in the Menu <Other>.

- Open (O)
 ► When you choose Open, you may open a main screen (*.scr) or a sub screen (*.sub) file.

 While creating a screen, you choose New File, the computer will ask if you would like to save.
 If you choose "Yes[Y]", a dialogue box will appear on screen. If you enter the name, (*.scr), the main screen will be saved as "*.scr".

 If you choose "No[N]", be aware that the data you have been working on may be lost.
 If you choose "Cancel", the new file menu will be canceled.
- Save (S) ► Save is the menu which to save the screen being edited.
 When you decide to save after choosing New File, the menu 'Save as' will appear. You must name your file before saving.

If your file is named already, when choosing the Save menu, your file will be saved automatically.

► The screen created under the main screen Editor mode must be saved as a (*.scr) file, where as the screen created under the sub screen Editor mode must be saved as a (*.sub) file.

It is impossible to save a main screen under a sub file and a sub screen under a main file. Therefore, before creating a new file, you should check the main/sub screen

▶ <u>A file must be saved as a number</u>.

After the file name is saved as a number, the user may write a brief description of the file under the "File Description" box.

Once the file has been named, it will be saved automatically.

Save as (A) When you choose Save as ..., the menu box will be shown where you

may change the file name and path before saving.

Be careful that you do not save main screen as (*.SUB) and sub screen as (*.SCR).

<u>Print</u> (P) ► If you choose to print, on the screen the option box will be indicated, which the user may choose screen/tag print and the range of which to print.

Main Screen Print		×
Pinter	(₩₩Lg_pIc_1team₩hp-printer의 HP	LaserJet 4V)
Print Type ⊙ Screen Print(№) ⊙ Tag Print(ⓒ) ☑ Screen Invert(I) Quality(ℚ): 600 dg	C More than one file(M) From(E): 55 To(I): 55	OK Cancel Setup(<u>S</u>)

<u>Exit</u>

▶ When you choose Exit, you are exiting the screen editor function.

If you choose Exit, while you are creating a file, it will ask if you would like to save. If you choose "Yes[Y]", a dialogue box will appear on screen. If you enter the name, (*.scr), the main screen will be saved as "*.scr".

If you choose "No[N]", be aware that the data you have been working on may be lost If you choose "Cancel", the new file menu will be canceled.

4-2. Draw

PMU-200 Screen Edit Draw Menu

From the menu, you may choose many options such as Line, Rectangle, Painted Circle and Oval and you may draw different kinds of shapes.

			D 11	
U	ra	W(<u>U</u>),	

Line(L)	
Rectangle(<u>R</u>)	
Circle(<u>C</u>)	
Clock(<u>D</u>)	
Oval(<u>E</u>)	
Painted Circle(<u>G</u>)	
Painted Rectangle(\underline{T})	
Text(<u>C</u>)	
Painted Oval(<u>W</u>)	
Call Sub Screen(X)	
Call Symbol Screen(<u>S</u>)	

PMU-300 Screen Edit Draw Menu

From the menu, you may choose many options such as Line, Polylines, Rectangle, Arc,

Pie, Paint and draw different kinds of shapes.

Draw(<u>D</u>)
Line(<u>L</u>)
Polyline(<u>M</u>)
Polygon(<u>I</u>)
Rectangle(<u>R</u>)
Painted Rectangle(<u>T</u>)
0val(<u>E</u>)
Circle(<u>C</u>)
Arc (<u>A</u>)
Pie(<u>P</u>)
Paint(<u>F</u>)
Te×t(<u>C</u>)
Clock(<u>W</u>)
Call Sub Screen(<u>X</u>)
Call Symbol Screen(S)

PMU-600 Screen Edit Draw Menu

From the menu you may choose many options such as line, Poly Lines, Rectangle, Arc, Pie,

Paint and draw different kinds of shapes.

Draw(<u>D</u>)
Line(<u>L</u>)
Polyline(<u>M</u>)
Polygon(<u>I</u>)
Rectangle(<u>R</u>)
Painted Rectangle(<u>T</u>)
0val(<u>E</u>)
Circle(<u>C</u>)
Arc(<u>A</u>)
Pie(<u>P</u>)
Paint(<u>F</u>)
Text,(<u>C</u>)
Clock(<u>W</u>)
Call Sub Screen(<u>X</u>)
Call Symbol(<u>S</u>)

<u>Line</u> \blacktriangleright It is the menu to draw a line.

From the place you want to draw a line, click the left mouse button then drag it to the place where you want your line to end.

If you want to cancel while drawing, click the right mouse button.

If you want to exit the Line Menu also click the right mouse button.

If you want to choose other kinds of lines click the Line Type button located in the Tool Box on the bottom of the screen

Polyline It is the menu to draw more than one line. [Only applicable for PMU-300/600.]

To draw one line, from the place you want to draw a line, click the left mouse button

then drag it to the place where you want your line to end.

To draw a continuous line, click the left mouse button.

If you want to cancel while drawing, click the right mouse button.

If you want to exit the Line Menu also click the right mouse button

To choose other kinds of lines click the Tool Box at the bottom of the screen, where you

Polygon	▶ It is the menu to draw Polygon. [Only applicable for PMU-300-600.]
	To draw one line, from the place you want to draw a line, click the left mouse button
	then drag it to the place where you want your line to end.
	To draw a continuous line, click the left mouse button.
	If you want to cancel while drawing, click the right mouse button.
	If you want to exit the Line Menu also click the right mouse button
	If you are done with drawing you may double click the last portion of your line. This
	will complete the drawing and automatically exit.
	When you have completed drawing your lines, double click the last portion of your line.
	It will connect with the beginning of the line to complete a pair of many lines.
	When complete, it will close.
	To choose other kinds of lines click the Tool Box at the bottom of the screen, where you
	may choose six different kinds of lines.
<u>Circle</u>	► It is the menu to draw a circle.
	With the mouse, click the screen then drag. As you drag the mouse, a circle will be
	drawn. Once satisfied with the size of the circle, click the mouse again and a circle
	will be completed.
<u>Oval</u>	► It is the menu to draw an oval.
	Click the mouse button at the beginning of an oval, then drag the mouse to the position
	you want the oval to be drawn. Once the oval has been drawn, click the mouse again
	and an oval will be drawn.
D I I I	
Painted	► It is the menu to draw a painted circle. [Only applicable for PMU-200]
<u>Circle</u>	
	With the mouse, click the screen then drag. As you drag the mouse, a circle will be
	drawn. Once satisfied with the size of the circle, click the mouse again and a circle
	will be completed.
	If you would like to Paint the circle black, the Pattern should be in its reverse turn.

may choose six different kinds of lines.

<u>Arc</u>	► It is the menu to draw an arc.
	The method to draw an arc is to click the mouse button upon the arc's three points.
	First choose each end of an arc and a arc will appear on screen.
	Using the mouse, shape the arc into one's desire. When you click the mouse button again, your arc will be completed.
	This screen Editor does not support an oval arc.
<u>Pie</u>	► It is the menu to draw a fan shape.
	The method to draw a pie is the same as the method to draw an arc.
	First select the two end points of the arc, then move the mouse to make the fan shape
	you desire. If you are satisfied, click the mouse button again.
Rectangle	► It is the menu to draw a rectangle.
	Click the left mouse button and drag till the size is of your desire. Once you are
	satisfied with the size, click the button again, then a Rectangle will be completed.
Painted	► It is the menu to draw a Painted Rectangle.
Rectangle	You may also draw patterns inside the Rectangle.
	The method to draw a painted rectangle is the same as to drawing a non-painted
	rectangle. To draw a pattern, use the Pattern Tool located at the bottom of the screen.
Paint .	► It is the menu to paint templates
	To paint by pattern, choose the pattern from Paint Tool Box and choose the foreground
	and background color using the left and right mouse button.
	To execute the painting, click the territory of which you wish to paint. Then, on screen, "Paint is being executed" will appear.
	Be careful that the territory can only be painted in black. And it can be registered
	within the territory.

You can not execute the menu Paint for the area that is not black. Therefore, do not

register the cross mark and the grid point in the middle of the sub screen.

Text

► It is the menu to insert characters.

To input a character:

If you click the area in which you wish to insert a character, a menu will appear, where you may enter the character in the blank space. Once this is done, press "Ok", then the inserted character will appear.

Text Input		×
Color	Enlargement	
Foreground 📃 🚽	Width: 1 💌	OK
Background	Height: 1 💌	Cancel

you can give the character:

To give your character pattern and doubling, before you click the mouse button choose from the Paint Tool then insert a character for the pattern and volume to be applied. You may also designate the pattern by using the menu above, which can be applied to the entered character.

For patterns, there are Normal, Blink, Toggle, Reverse, Reverse & Toggle, and for doubling, you may double up to eight times.

After you have inserted a character and you wish to change the doubling, click the mouse button to drag the sides in order to change the size of the character.

<u>Clock</u> It is the menu to indicate the time on the main screen.

You may specify and designate the time on the screen of your desired area. This is done by clicking the mouse button.

The screen's foreground and background color will indicate "00:00:00" (hr:min:sec). You may designate the pattern and size of the clock. You can only designate one clock per screen. ▶ It is the menu to call up the existing creation sub screen into the main screen.

Sub Screen

<u>Call</u>

Click the mouse button at the area you desire then select the sub screen. Then, the screen will show the sub screen file names.

Next to the file names, the file explanation will be shown.

Call Sub So	creen	×
51.sub 80.sub 950.sub	TREND GRAPH BOX BUTTON 1 Ten Key	ОК
980.sub	len Key	Cancel

While the screen is being operated, the name will not be shown on the sub screen. When calling up the sub screen, the area in which you click the mouse button will be the area.

<u>Call</u>

▶ It is the menu to call written up symbols.

<u>Symbol</u>

A menu will appear at the area in which you click the mouse button.

Call Symbol Screen	×
72.sym 74.sym	
<u> </u>	
OK	Cancel

Using this menu, you may call up a symbol.

You may then click the mouse button, which the symbol's lowest left point will appear at a certain point.

4-3. Edit

From the menu, you can edit the Straight Line, Rectangle, Painted circle, Oval, Painted Rectangle on the screen.

Edit(<u>E</u>)
Copy(<u>C</u>)
Delete(<u>D</u>)
Delete All(<u>A</u>)
Change Attribute(<u>E</u>)
Redraw(<u>R</u>)
Modify Text(<u>S</u>)
Bring to forth
Send to back
Copy onto Clipboard
Paste onto Clipboard
Align(<u>A</u>)
Grid(<u>G</u>)
Show Name(<u>V</u>)
Undo(<u>U</u>)

It is the menu to edit characters or figures drawn on the main screen.

The below items are not included in the menu, however they are supported functions in the main screen. Select

From the Draw mode, if you click the right mouse button you are able to select and change to Move mode

From this mode, you can paint the boarder line of Straight Line, Rectangle and Circle,

for Rectangle, Arc and Pie you can choose by clicking the left mouse button.

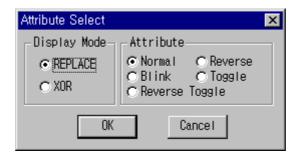
Where there is no picture, click the left mouse button and drag then let go.

You will be able to select all the drawing in the inside. If there is a tag you can also choose a tag.

Also while pressing the 'Ctrl' key you wish to choose the above actions, you can choose from many drawings.

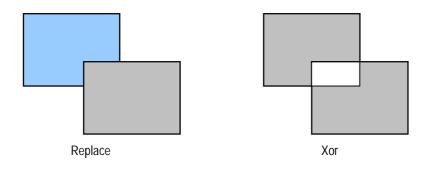
Zoom In	After selecting a drawing, a rubber band will be shown. Drag the mouse, of the
and Out	corners, to enlarge and reduce to the size you wish. For Character, Clock and Symbol, you are able to enlarge and reduce by using the Doubling.
Move	From the selected drawings, choose one. By clicking the mouse button you can move the drawing and by clicking again, the move will be completed.
	While moving, once 'Show Name' is selected and Tag is selected you are able to move the Tag function.
<u>Undo</u>	► You can cancel the following functions: Draw, Copy, Delete, Move, Delete All, Tag Insert, Move Tag, Copy, Delete
<u>Copy</u>	► First select a figure, then click the shape you wish to copy. If you click and drag the shape and click again, copy will be completed.
<u>Delete</u>	► After selecting a figure, you choose this menu a message asking if you wish to delete will appear on screen. If you select "Ok" the shape will be deleted, if you select "Cancel" the shape will not be deleted.
<u>Delete All</u>	► If you choose this menu, a message asking you if you wish to delete all will appear on screen. If you select "Ok" everything will be deleted and if you select "Cancel" it will not be deleted.
<u>Change</u> <u>Attribute</u>	Conly applicable for PMU-200.

PMU-200 It is the menu to change the pattern of the already drawn object or text on screen.



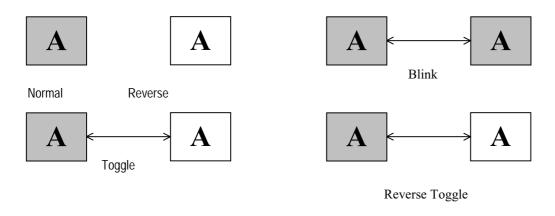
For selecting the Display mode and Attribute.

Replace is when a selected individual is over-drawn above the background and XOR is When the background is exclusive-OR for the selected individual to be drawn.



Blinks when the object or character is in white then changed into black and repeated. Toggle is when the white character or symbol with its black background is changed - white background, black character or symbol.

Reverse is when the black figure or character or symbol is shown as its attribute and Reverse & Blink is when the Reverse is Aligned.



Attribute

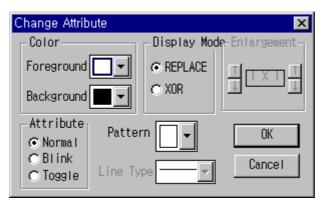
Only applicable for PMU-300/PMU-600.

Change

PMU-300

▶ It is the menu to change the attribute of the object or character already drawn.

PMU-600 First select an individual then the below menu will appear to change the attribute.



Object such as Rectangle, Circle, Arc, Pie, Oval, and Lines, by changing the foreground color you change the line color.

Object that can be filled with patterns such as Painted Rectangle, Painting, you change the color of the pattern by changing the color of the foreground and the background and you can change the pattern type.

You can select eight different kinds of line type for Straight line.

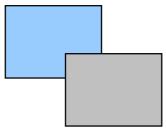
For Character, you can change the foreground and background color, thus the character's color

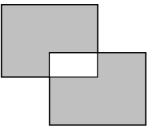
and the character's background territory color will be changed.

To change the size, use the Size Enlargement function.

For Symbol, use the foreground and background color to change the symbol's line color and background color. Use the Double Establishment to change the size. (This is only included for the Symbol File, not the Image File.)

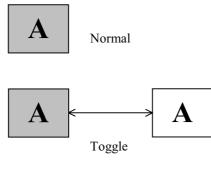
Replace is when a selected individual is drawn above the background and XOR is when the background is merged for the selected individual to be drawn.

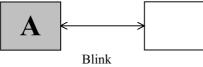




Blink is when the foreground color is buried into the background color.

Toggle is when the foreground color and the background color is exchanged.





 Redraw
 ▶ It is the menu to re-load the contents on screen.

 This is capable only if an after image of the registered or deleted figures, characters or tags are shown.

Text It is the menu to revise characters on screen.

 Input
 You must choose the character you wish to revise using the mouse. (You may double click the mouse to select also.)
 After selection, the below menu will appear on screen.

PMU-200 Character Revision Screen

Text Input		×
Text Edit		
-Enlargement	Attribute	OK
Width: 1 💌	⊙Normal ⊂Reverse ⊂Blink ⊂Reverse Toggle	
Height: 1 💌	O Toggle	Cancel
	10 100310	

PMU-300/600 Character Edit Screen

Text Input		×
1		
Color	Enlargement —	
Foreground	Width: 1 💌	OK
Background	Height: 1 💌	Cancel

If you revise the character here, the revised character will appear on screen.

Bring to forth	▶ It is the menu to move the selected individual to the utmost top of the screen.						
	This menu is used when more than one drawing is overlapping.						
	In the Edit mode, what you draw first appears at the top of the screen. Thus, the						
	drawings appear from top to bottom.						
	This menu is helpful when you want to go to the top.						
	The way to use it is to select an individual then select the Top menu.						
Send to back	► It is the menu to move the selected individual to the bottom of the screen.						
	This menu has the opposite function of the Bottom menu.						
<u>Copy onto</u> <u>Clipboard</u>	► It is the menu to copy onto the clipboard figures or characters.						
	This menu is useful when you wish to use the contents from this screen onto another						
	screen. Once you saved the contents onto a clipboard you can still save when you open						

 a new main screen or a sub screen.

 How to use:

 ① Select the drawings you wish to copy onto the clipboard

 ② Choose the "Copy onto Clipboard" menu

 ③ The contents to be copied can be used by "Paste onto Clipboard"

 Paste onto

 Paste onto

 Lipboard

 If wish to call up the contents, choose the Paste onto Clipboard menu and you will be able to bring up the saved contents.

 Hints:

 When you operate the Paste onto Clipboard menu, you are able to bring up figures or characters. However, you cannot copy tags onto the clipboard.

 Align
 It is the menu to align more than one individual.

You may select individuals using the mouse by dragging the mouse over the territory or you may press the *Ctrl* key with the mouse to select more than one individual. After you have selected a menu, such as below will appear.

Align Set	up		×
Align-	O Down	C Left	C Right
	OK	Ca	ncel

From the above menu, if you choose Top, Bottom, Left, Right, the selected drawings will be aligned accordingly.

<u>Grid</u> ► It is the menu to show on screen the grid points or to establish the cursor's snap shot's existence.

If you choose the grid menu, the below menu will appear on screen. Here, you are able to establish the height and width size.



If you click the Show Grid, grid points with the interval of such will appear on screen. If you wish to establish snap accordingly click the Snap. The grid spacing is fixed at 20 by 20 dots(PMU200/300/600) and 40 by 40 dots

<u>Show Name</u> ► This menu, if selected by toggle will show/not show the Tag Name, Symbol Screen Name, Sub Screen Name.

4-4. Tag Enter

This Edit supports the Tag Enter menu, and you are able to establish Tags in the main screen and the sub screen.
 Choose each menu, then click the area in which you wish the Tag to be, the selected tag menu will appear on screen.
 Notice) Tag's that have territories (Broken Line, Touch, etc) when registered on top of each other will not operate properly. The user may establish the contents then press "Ok" for the Tag name to be establish in a certain area.
 To establish a Tag refer to the Tag User Manual.

Tag Insert(\underline{T})

Numeric(N) Function Key(E) Buffer Write(W) Auxiliary(A) Symbol(S) Delay(D) Computation(C) Message(M) Level Graph(G) Lamp(L) String(Q) <u>PMU-200 Tag Enter Menu</u> When you select the menu on the left, you are able to enter tag functions on the main screen. Below is the sub screen Tag Enter function menu.

Tag Insert(<u>T</u>)

Key Display(<u>V</u>)

Tag Insert(\underline{T})

Numeric(N) Touch(T)Function Key(E) Buffer Write(W) Auxiliary(A) Window(H) Symbol(S) Block(B) Delay(<u>D</u>) Computation(C) Message(M) Precision Adjust() $Move(\underline{J})$ Territory Move(<u>B</u>) Pie Graph(P) Statistic Graph(E) Level Graph(G) Trend Graph(\underline{X}) $Lamp(\underline{L})$ Sting(Q)

PMU-300 Tag Insert Menu

When you select the menu on the left, you are able to enter tag functions on the main screen.

Below is the sub screen Tag Enter function menu.

Tag Insert(\underline{T})

Numeric(N) Touch(T)Function Key(E) Buffer Write(W) Delay(<u>D</u>) Computation(C) Message(M) Precision Adjust() Pie Graph(P) Statistic Graph(E) Level Graph(G) Trend Graph(X) $Lamp(\underline{L})$ String(Q) Key(K) Key Display(V)

$\mathsf{Tag}\;\mathsf{Insert}(\underline{T})$

Numeric(N) Touch(T)Function Key(E) Buffer Write(W) Auxiliary(A) Window(<u>H</u>) Symbol(S) Block(B) Delay(D) Computation(C) Message(<u>M</u>) Precision Adjust() Move(J) Territory Move(<u>B</u>) Pie Graph(P) Statistic Graph(E) Level Graph(G) Trend Graph(\underline{X}) $Lamp(\underline{L})$ String(Q)

PMU-600 Tag Insert Menu

When you select the menu on the left, you are able to enter tag functions on the main screen. Below is the sub screen Tag Enter function menu.

Tag Insert(\underline{T})

Numeric(N) Touch(T) Function Key(E) Buffer Write(W) Delay(<u>D</u>) Computation(C) Message(<u>M</u>) Precision Adjust() Pie Graph(P) Statistic Graph(E) Level Graph(G) Trend Graph(\underline{X}) Lamp(L)String(Q)Key(K) Key Display(<u>V</u>)

4-5. Tag Edit

Tag Edit(<u>R</u>)
Modify(<u>E</u>)
Delete(<u>D</u>)
Move(<u>M</u>)
Copy(<u>C</u>)

If you select the left menu, you will be able to edit the Tag registered on screen.

<u>Modify</u>

It is the menu to establish the contents that which the Tag is registered on screen

After choosing this menu, when you use the mouse to select, an identical menu will appear where you may change the entered content, which will establish a tag. When the tags appear on the identical area, double click the area with the mouse. A tag list will appear where you may select the desired tag to establish.

<u>Delete</u> \blacktriangleright It is the menu to delete registered tags.

Tags can only be deleted by the following menu. You are not able to delete a tag by the Edit function.When the tags appear on the identical area, double click the area with the mouse.A tag list will appear where you may delete the desired tag.

Move First select the Move menu, then move a tag one by one.

<u>Copy</u> It is the menu to copy tags that are already registered on screen.

First select the following Tag Copy menu then clicking the mouse button on the tag you wish to copy. Then you are able to move the tag to another area. You may not use a tag with the same name on one screen, once the move is completed an Establish menu will appear for that tag. Change the name of that tag, and if wished you may change the contents of establishment.

4-6. Others

$Others(\underline{L})$

Main Screen Edit[<u>M]</u>

Tag List(<u>T</u>) Screen List(<u>S</u>) Project Manager Symbol Editor Message Editor Alarm Editor

Link Editor

If you select the left menu, you are able to do the following functions: Main/Sub Screen Edit, Tag List, Screen List, Simulation (only in Main Screen Editor mode), and other programs.

Sub Screen Edit (Main Screen Edit)

► The following menu is to convert the screen into Sub Screen Editor or Main Screen Editor simultaneously.

When you are operating under the Main Screen Editor Mode, the Title Bar will indicate Main Screen and when you are operating under the Sub Screen Editor Mode, the Title Bar will indicate Sub Screen.

🞴 PM	U600 Main s	oreen - [l	IONAME]			
File(E) Draw(<u>D</u>)	Edit(<u>E</u>)	Tag Insert(<u>T</u>)	Tag Edit(<u>R</u>)	Others(L) Zoom(F) Help	p(H)
					Sub Screen Edit(<u>N</u>)	
					Tag List(<u>T</u>)	
					Screen List(<u>0</u>)	
					Simulation(<u>A</u>)	
					Project Manager(<u>P</u>)	
					Symbol Editor(<u>Y</u>)	
$ \bigcirc$	\bigcirc				Message Editor(<u>M</u>) Alarm Editor(<u>A</u>)	
\square					Link Editor(L)	
\square						
	00:00:00					
A	TIME					
- <mark>1</mark> 77	- F 💽					
Sub	Sym					
6						
1992						
Å	JĂ.					
¶ <u>€</u> ∎						
1 <u>8</u> 1	ť					
	245					
¥ :	25					
L	Patt	Attr	REPLACE Nor	mal Size 🕂 1	x1 🕂 🛛 B	F P Y L A M

<u>Tag List</u> \blacktriangleright It is the menu to show the tag list used when editing the main screen.

🚯 Tag List × Operation Buf.(Compare)Operator Alternate Alternate Momentary ShowPress Visible Visible Visible Visible PressColor 15 15 15 Buffer 500 501 40 Buzzer Beep Beep Beep Tag Name Ti Bit Data 0 0 0 Ť2 T34 Press "Modify" button or Double-click when you want to edit. Touch(bit) Modify OK

If you choose the following menu, a dialogue box, such as below will appear on screen.

The box on the lower right side is a box showing the different sorts of tag names. Here you are able to see the selected established tag contents. If you double click the tag contents, to establish it, a Tag Editor box will appear where you are able to edit.

<u>Screen List</u> ► It is the menu to show the list for the Sub Screen and the Symbol Screen that are being used in the main screen.

If you choose the following menu, a dialogue box, such as below will appear on screen.

Screen List	×
Sub Screen	Symbol Screen
980.sub	72.sym
OK	7629Byte
OK	rozabyte

The left side of the box shows the Sub Screen List and the right side of the box shows the Symbol Screen List.

Execute► It is the menu in which, while editing the screen, other Editing Executions (ProjectOther EditorManager, Symbol Editor, Message Editor, Alarm Editor, Link Editor) can be used.

4-7. Simulation

Others(L) Sub Screen Edit(N)	From the left menu, you are able to execute the Simulation function (only in the Main Screen Editor Mode)					
Tag List(<u>T</u>) Screen List(<u>O</u>) Simulation(<u>A</u>)	Before it is operated on the machine, this function is a test run on the PC.					
Project Manager(<u>P</u>) Symbol Editor(<u>Y</u>) Message Editor(<u>M</u>) Alarm Editor(<u>A</u>) Link Editor(<u>L</u>)	Simulations are only capable during the Main Screen Editor mode.					

The Simulation is included in the Other menu of the main screen Editor mode, and once you go into the Simulation mode, the menu at the bottom of the screen will change as the picture below.

Also, on screen an Enter Tool will open which the Simulation's Enter Tool, Window, Function Key will be operated by the mouse.

👷 PMU200 Simul							
Exit Enter Tool	Tag List	Buffer List					
	PRO	DUCT	C(ONTROL			MENU
				L1	80		
				L2	51	2	
				L3	12	99	ENTER
				L4	10	24	
F1 F2 (F3 (F	4) F5	F	6) (F7) (F	8) (6	9) (F10)	SHIFT

PMU-200 Simulation Screen

PMU-300/600 Simulation Screen

🚆 PMU300 Simulation - [31,SCR]							
Simulation Exit Enter Tool Tag List Buffer List							
Tag Description	ESC	FUN	T/F				
	F7	F 8	F9				
🛛 🚺 🖌 KEY 🗍 🎑 DISPLAY	F4	F5	F6				
	F1	F2	F3				
GRAPH 🛛 🚺 🔼 PLC COMM.	F10		ENT				
			➡				

🚮 Enter T	ool	×
Buffer:40) Value:	
0	(DEC) OH	(HEX)
0000-0	0000-0000-0000	(BIN)
ex) DEC : 100	HEX : 64h	

🚮 Buffer	List			×
Buffer	Dec	Hex	Attached Tag	
40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	OH OH OH OH OH OH OH OH		

Enter Tool ▶ When the Simulation is operating, the following Enter Tool will appear. When you change the buffer's data value, the operation situation will change according to the changed value. Thus, the Simulation can change or save the buffer data that can be a operation Condition as well as enter the data value for the buffer operation directly. If you wish to see the data values under the options that are saved under Buffer, enter the Buffer number, which the 'Value" will appear. Then on the left side of the Enter Tool, the data contents will be shown as such, (HEX), (BIN), (DEC). On screen, if none of the tag in the simulation screen, even though you Warning) change the value of 20th buffer, the screen will not be converted. 20th buffer : buffer to save the current screen number **Function** ▶ The following buttons will appear on screen when the Simulation is being operated. <u>Key</u>

🚆 PN	PMU200 Simulation - [111,SCR]				_ D ×				
Exit	Enter Tool	Tag List	Buffer List						
		2	200						MENU
									ENTER
(F1) (F2 (F3 (F	4 5	F6	F7	F8	F9 (F10	SHIFT

<u>PMU-200 Function Key</u> The followings are the Function Keys to test the operation

There are 10 on the bottom of the screen and six on the left. The bottom Function

Keys F1-F10 are Tool menu and Tag Enter's Function key Tag will be appointed accordingly.

The 'Menu" key on the right is to run and simulate the bottom function keys,

which can be used with the following roles.

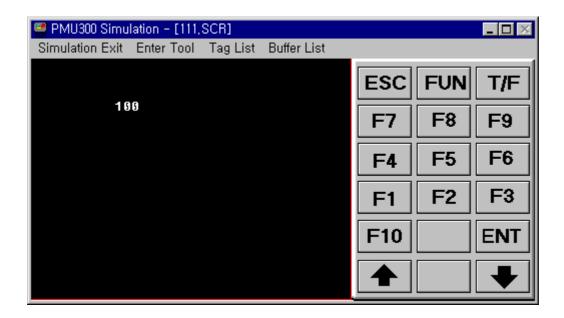
When you press the 'Menu' key, at the left top T/K LED will be lighted, and the bottom function key will have the function of TEN Key.

When you press the 'Menu' key again, the T/K LED light will be turned off and the function key tag will have the function.

You may also enter the Hexa value by using the Shift and the association of A-F.

PMU-300 Function Key

The following are the Function Key to test the operation.



The screen not only has the Touch Territory, but the Function Key has the use for both the Operation and the Simulation. This the is the function key tool used to test the operation.

There are 16 functions and they are as follows:

ESC	It is used when you wish to cancel the menu execution or to go back to the menu before.					
	It has many special functions while in operation.					
FUN	F1: Calling Previous Screen F2: Calling Original Screen F3: S/W reset					
	F4: Alarm Summary F5: Exit Operation					
т/Г	Can choose between the Ten Key Mode or Function Key Mode (Toggle)					
T/F	While the TK LED is ON then the mode is Ten Key Mode.					
	While using the menu, to Save or Operate it becomes the Enter Key					
ENT	Operation, for the Ten Key Mode you can enter the value of the key					
	Operation, for the Function Mode, it is used as the Function Key					
↑	While using the menu, it has the UP function (when it is the LIST Screen)					
	While in Operation, it has the use of the Function Key					
	While using the menu, it has the DOWN function (when it is the LIST Screen)					
↓	While in Operation, it has the use of the Function Key					
	Operation, for the Ten Key Mode, you can enter the value of the key					
0 - 9 In the Function Key Mode it is used as the Function Key						

PMU-600 Function Key

The following is the tool to test the operation of the Function Key

😹 Fu	nction	Key			×
F 1	F2	F3	F4	F5	F6
F7	F8	F9	F10	F11	F12

If you choose the Function Key menu, a tool such as the above will appear on screen. There are 12 different keys, each having a different function. Each Attribute menu will be established according to the function key tag.

Tag List I will show the tag list category of the Simulation screen.

This Tag List is similar to the of the Main Screen Editor mode's Other menu Tag List. Using the Enter Tool, you may change the value of the Buffer, but you must know Thus, when you have the Tag List out on screen to refer to, it is useful.

Buffer List ► Currently under Simulation it shows the connection with the Tag on screen. Thus, it shows what number Buffer is connected to what Tag.

If you wish to use the Enter Tool to enter, like the Buffer List, open the menu on screen for easy access.

You can view the Buffer value in one eye while in Operation.

🚜 Buffer List			×
Buffer Dec	Hex	Attached Tag	
40 14000 41 0 42 0 43 2300 44 5000 45 0 45 0 46 0 47 34	3660H OH OH 8f cH 1388H OH OH 22H		×

Touch Enter

Conly applicable for PMU-300/600 Series.

▶ You may use the mouse instead to enter Touch.

On the Main machine, there is a Touch Panel, which the Touch Tag, Precision Adjust Tag can be operated by the Touch Enter. This Touch key is used a lot in the actual Operation. You can use the mouse instead by clicking the area of the corresponding territory while it is in Simulation. Exit

▶ It is the menu to exit or end the Simulation. By exiting the Simulation mode, you will be able to edit the main screen.

For example, if you began the Simulation while you were in Main Screen 1, you may convert back to that screen. When you exit during the Main Screen 2 conversion, and you comeback to the main screen Editor mode, the main screen that will be opened is the Main Screen 2.

4-8. Zoom

Contraction of the second series and the second series and the second series and the second s

The following menu is to enlarge the screen to edit.

Zoom(<u>F</u>)	
Normal	Size(<u>N</u>)
X2(<u>A</u>)	
×4(<u>B</u>)	
X8(C)	

Edit Screen Enlargement Function

► To Enlarge...

Choose the size you want in the menu - Normal size/x2/x4/x8. Using the point you wish as the middle, double click the right button to select the desired size.

► To Scroll the enlarged screen...

While pushing the right mouse button, the screen will automatically scroll in the direction you wish. When drawing an object or while moving or while copying, if the mouse is located at the middle of the screen, the screen will automatically scroll for you to move the desired point. Caution) When enlarged, the screen will not scroll when it is in the Tag's territory establishment mode.

4-9. About Edit Tools...

For Edit Tools, there are Picture Tools, Color Tools, and Cursor Location.

Picture Tool ► A Picture Tool is located on the left of the screen. Each function is such as the drawings and the detail functions are similar to the menu Draw, Edit, Tag Edit.

PMU-200 Edit Tool

Select		$\overline{\ }$	<u> </u>	Straight Line
Rectangle			_	Painted Rectangle
Oval	 \bigcirc	\bigcirc		Painted Oval
Circle	 \bigcirc	\bigcirc	_	Painted Circle
Text Insert	 Α	00:00:00 TIME	_	Clock
Call Symbol	 <mark>∭</mark>]⊋ Sym	Sub	<u> </u>	Call Sub screen
Сору	 B	\mathbb{X}	_	Delete Object
Make Tag	 P	Te		Tag Copy
Delete Tag	 \mathbb{X}			Main/Sub Convert

PMU-300 Edit Tool

R		
\searrow	$\langle \rangle$	\bigtriangleup
0	0	А
\bigcirc	\bigcirc	00:00:00 TIME
	Sym	Sub
<mark>-</mark>	℁	م
-	\mathbb{X}	

Select/Rectangle/Painted

Line/Polyline/Closed line

Circle/Oval/Text

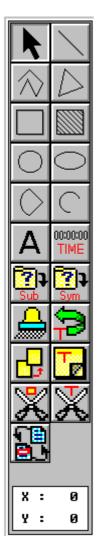
Pie/Arc/Clock

Paint/Symbol/Sub Screen

Copy/Delete Object/Move Tag

Tag Copy/Tag Delete/Screen Convert

PMU-600 Edit Tool



Select/Straight Line Polyline/Closed line Rectangle/Painted Rectangle Circle/Oval Pie /Arc Text/Clock Sub Screen/Symbol Paint/ Move Tag Object Copy/ Copy Tag Delete Object/Tag Delete Main/Sub Screen Convert

Attribute Tool

Only applicable for PMU-200 Series

▶ It is the tool to open and establish Attribute, Enlargement, and Line type.

Line type and Attribute can be established as the picture below.

Enlargement is when you enter a character or you call up a symbol, it is the ratio of the width and length.

In order to change the ratio, click the mouse button on the arrows to change the length and width. You can zoom up to eight times its size.

PYLAM	
Line Attr REPLACE	E Normal Size 🕂 1x1 🕂 X 22 Y Ø
Line Type	Attribute Select
	Attribute Select
	Project Manager Symbol Editor Link Editor Alarm Editor
X 22 Y Ø ► It is the tool to show	Message Editor

The territory to draw in the Edit mode is width 240, height 128.

The cursor location is shown like the picture below, which is located on the lower left side of the screen.

Only applicable for PMU-300 Series

▶ It is the tool to open and establish Attribute, Double, and Line type.

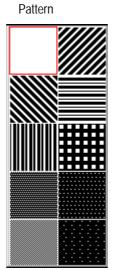
Line type and Attribute can be established as the picture below.

Enlargement is when you enter a character or you call up a symbol, it is the ratio of the width length.

In order to change the ratio, click the mouse button on the arrows to change the length and width. You can zoom up to eight times its size.

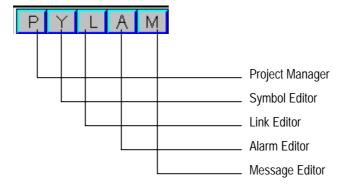


Line Type



Attribute Selection





▶ It is the tool to show the mouse's coordinates.

The territory to draw in the Edit mode is width 320, length 240.

The cursor location is shown like the picture below, which is located on the lower left side of the screen.

Only applicable to PMU-600 types

▶ It is a Tool menu that allows you to select styles, ratios, line types.

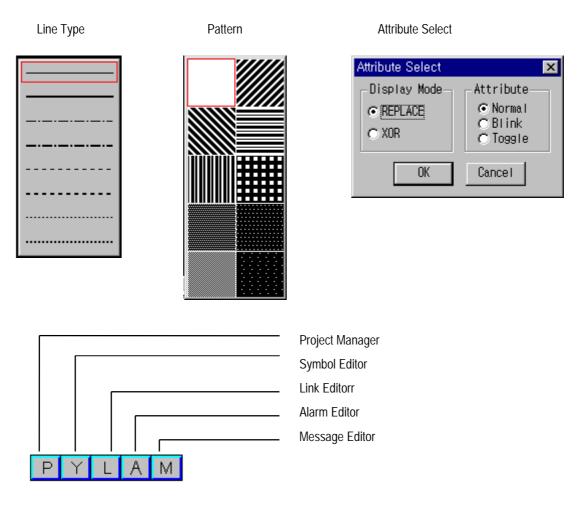
- Types of lines and styles are as the picture below.

- Enlargement is when you enter a character or you call up a symbol, it is the ratio of the width length.

- To change the ratio, with the mouse click the left and right set of arrows to indicate the changed horizontal and vertical ratios.

- The highest possible ratio is 8 times.





- This shows the Tool Box for the mouse.
- The area to draw a picture in Edit Tools is 640 in width and 480 in length.
- The table below shows the cursor location and appears at the bottom right of the Edit Tool Box.

X	:	75
Y	:	339

Chapter 5. Message Editor Setup and Functions

Mess	age Editor	r [C:₩PMU3₩1,MSG]	_ 🗆 ×
File(<u>F</u>)	Edit(<u>E</u>)	Search(<u>S</u>) Help(<u>H</u>)	
No.	Chars.	Contents	
140.			
1	29	This screen is for line 1 !!!	- _
2	19	Please turn off !!!	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
3	12	MASTER-K1000	
4	18	FACTORY AUTOMATION	2
5	11	GOLDSEC-MnA	
			T

- Create the message that will be called on the standard screen when the main machine is operating.
- One message file can have 999 character lines.

- One Project File can only consist of one message file.

- The No. indicates the number that will call up the message on the standard screen and the No. of characters shows the number of characters inserted on one line.
- Korean is twice the size of English characters and thus one Korean character is counted for two characters. The contents are the message line.

PMU-200/300/600 Message Screen

Mess	age Editor	[C:₩PMU3₩1,MSG]	_ 🗆 ×
File(<u>F</u>)	Edit(<u>E</u>)	Search(<u>S</u>) Help(<u>H</u>)	
No.	Chars.	Contents	1
1	29	This screen is for line 1 !!!	: ▲
2	19	Please turn off !!!	
3	12	MASTER-K1000	
4	18	FACTORY AUTOMATION	2
5	11	GOLDSEC-MnA	
			<u> </u>

PMU-200 Message Screen

With English as the standard, the message can have at most 30 characters.

PMU-300 Message Screen

With English as the standard, the message can have at most 40 characters.

PMU-600 Message Screen

With English as the standard, the message can have at most 80 characters.

5.1 File

🔛 Message Editor [C:\PM	1U3₩1,MSG] _□×
File(F) Edit(E) Sear	ch(<u>S</u>) Help(<u>H</u>)
New(<u>N</u>)	
Open,(<u>O</u>)	Contents
Save(<u>S</u>)	een is for line 1 !!!
Save as,(<u>A</u>)	turn off !!!
Print,(<u>P</u>)	R-K1000
Exit(<u>X</u>) Alt+F4	IY AUTOMATION
5 11 GOLDS	EC-MnA

This menu allows you to manage files in the message screen by creating new files, saving and opening files, printing, and exiting the standard screen Editing Tools.

<u>New File</u> - When New file is selected, it allows you to create a new message screen.

When New file is selected while creating a screen, a window appears inquiring whether you wish to save the prior existing file.

Message Editor			х
? Save ch	nanges?		
OK(Y)	No(N)	Cancel	

- If "OK(Y)" is selected, then the save dialogue box screen appears. Once the name is inserted (*.MSG) the created screen is saved.
- If "No(N)" is selected, please note that the created data is deleted.
- If "Cancel" is selected, the New File menu is canceled.
- <u>Open</u> If "Open" is selected, you can open the desired message screen(*.MSG) file from the directory. When "Open" is selected while creating a screen, a window appears inquiring whether you wish to save the edited screen.

- If "Yes(Y)" is selected, then the save dialogue box screen appears. Once the name is inserted (*.MSG) the created screen is saved.
- If "No(N)" is selected, please note that the created data is deleted.
- If "Cancel" is selected, the New File menu is canceled.
- Save
 This menu allows you to save the edited screen.

 When "New File" is selected and created, "Save As a Different Name" Menu appears and is saved under a specified file name.
 - If a file name is already specified, it will save immediately upon selecting the "Save" function.
 - The file name must be saved and specified in numbers.
 A File Name can only be saved in numbers. Thus, it is recommended that you insert a file description in the "File Description" line when saving.
 - If a file name is already specified, it will save immediately upon selecting the "Save" function.

Save As ...

This menu allows you to change and save the file name, directory, and file description.

<u>Print</u> This menu allows you to specify the screen/tag and the range to print.

Exit Exits the Message Screen Edit menu.

When selected while creating a screen, a window appears inquiring whether you wish to save the created file.

- If "OK(Y)" is selected, then the save dialogue box screen appears. Once the name is inserted (*.MSG) the created screen is saved.
- If "No(N)" is selected, please note that the created data is deleted.
- If "Cancel" is selected, the New File menu is canceled.

5.2 Edit

Edit(<u>E</u>)	
Add(<u>A</u>)	Ctrl+A
Modify(<u>E</u>)	Ctrl+E
Delete(<u>D</u>)	Del
Cancel Select(<u>C</u>)

This menu allows you to add/modify/delete/cancel items from the Message Screen.

Add

- Record the message by inserting the number and content in the dialogue box.

OR, double click on the empty space in the message indicating line and do the same as above and record an additional message.

Add	×
No.	Contents
6	GLOFA-GM
	OK Cancel

<u>Edit</u>

- Edit the selected message number to the specified number.

- If the specified number after editing overlaps the already existing number,

a window appears inquiring whether the number should be replaced.

If you wish the number to be replaced, select "OK".

Modify Num	iber 🔀
01d :	6
New :	10
0K	Cancel

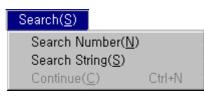
<u>Delete</u> Delete the selected items from the recorded items.



- Cancel Select This menu allows you to cancel the items selected to edit.
 - Note: In order to run edit functions "Edit No., Delete items," the items that have recorded messages must be selected, if the items are not selected, the window below will appear.

Delete	×
	Selected item is not found,
	OK(Y)

5.3 Search



This menu allows you to easily search the contents of the character lines of the message screen.

<u>Search Number</u> - Searches the message number from the recorded messages

- When you insert the desired number, the characters line with that number will be found.

Sea	irch Numbe	er	х
	Number	5	
	0K	Cancel	

Search String - Searches the desired line that includes the message among the recorded messages.

- If there is no selected message, then search starts from the beginning. If there is a selected message, then search starts after the message.
- Insert the line and Select "OK"

Search String		×
Stri	ng	
GLOFA-GM		1
OK	Cancel	

<u>Continue</u> Search of the most recent character line begins after the current selected message.

Chapter 6. Symbol Editor Setup and Function

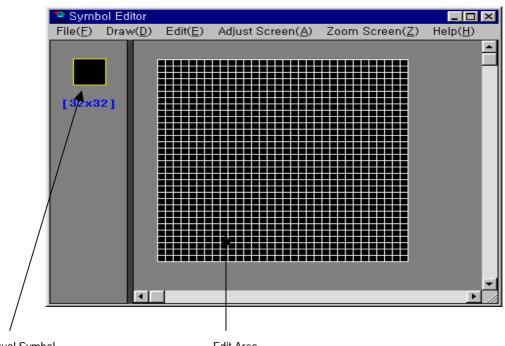
File(E) Draw(D) Edit(E) Adjust Screen(A) Zoom Screen(Z) Help(H)
[32x32]

- When the main machine operating, you can create symbols to be called open and draw shapes, such as pen, straight lines, ovals, and rectangle on the main screen.
- The maximum size for symbols is 96 * 96 with the width and height each having units of 16 dots.
- A bitmap(*.BMP) file created in paintbrush or capture in Windows can be called open and saved as a symbol. Please note that the background for paintbrush in Windows is white, and PMU background is black, thus the bitmap will appear in reverse black and white color from the original form. To change to the original form, run "Reverse" in the "Edit" menu.
- Symbols with numbers after 900 is saved in image form. In PMU 300/600, the width and height can only be multiples of 16.
- Image Sizes

PMU-200: width x height, From 16 x 16 to maximum 240 * 128 Screen size. PMU-300: width x height, From 16 x 16 to maximum 320 * 240 Screen size (only multiples of 16) PMU-600: width x height, From 16 x 16 to maximum 640 x 480 Screen size (only multiples of 16)

Note: -Ratio cannot be changed. (Enlargement and Reduction is not possible)

- In PMU 300/600, both the width and height must be saved in multiples of 16.



Actual Symbol

Edit Area

The left screen shows the actual size of the symbol, and the right is the work area to edit the symbol.

The symbol worked on in the right screen is shown in actual size on the left side.

6-1 File (F)

File(<u>F</u>)	
New(<u>N</u>)	
Open(<u>O</u>)	
Save(<u>S</u>)	
Save as(<u>A</u>)	
Print(<u>P</u>)	
Exit(<u>X</u>)	Alt+F4

This menu allows you to manage files in Symbol screen by creating new files, saving and opening files, print, and exiting the editing tools.

New

- This menu allows you to create a new symbol, and each symbol is managed as one file.

- When this menus is selected, a dialogue box appears to set the size of the newly created symbol.

PMU-200/300/600Symbol File Menu

Symbol Siz	:e		×
Symbol	File		
_F₩idth-		_Height-	
C 16	• 32	O16	• 32
C 48	C 64	C 48	C 64
C 80	C 96	C 80	C 96
Clmage	Symbol Fil	e	
X-axis	32	Y−axis	32
	OK	Cance	1

PMU-200/300/600 Image Symbol File Menu

Symbol Size	e		×
⊂Symbol ⊢ ^{Width} ──	File	l - Height-	
O 16	© 32	O 16	O 32
C 48	C 64	C 48	C 64
C 80	O 96	O 80	O 96
€[mage S	Symbol Fi	e	
X-axis	32	Y-axis	32
	0K	Cance	1

- The main symbol size is set with units of 16 dots for both the width and height, ranging from minimum 16 x 16 to maximum 96 x 96.

- If Image symbol is selected for PMU-200, there is no need to specify 16 dot units for the width and height.

PMU-200: width x height, 16 x 16 to maximum 240 * 128 screen size

PMU-300: width x height 16 x 16 to maximum 320 * 240 screen size

PMU-600: width x height 16 x 16 to maximum 640 X 480 screen size

- Please note that you are unable to change the ratio of the width and height, when the standard Image Files are opened on the main screen. Thus, enlargement and reduction is not possible.

<u>Open</u> - To open a file, you can call open a file from the desired directory by entering the symbol file extension

".*sym" in the popped up dialogue box.

- "Width" and "Height" shows you the horizontal and vertical size of the currently selected symbol.
- "File Description" shows the file description the user specified when creating the file.

Open Symbol File		×
File Name(<u>N</u>): [*.sym	Directory(<u>D</u>): c:₩pmu3	OK
527.sym	C:# ▲	Cancel
528.sym 529.sym 530.sym	en pmu3	Network(E)
531.sym 532.sym		₩idth(<u>₩</u>)
533.sym 534.sym		
File Type(I):	Drive(⊻):	Height(<u>H</u>)
Symbol File (*.SYM)		
Description(<u>S</u>)		

<u>Save</u>

If it is a new file, specify name and save in the popped up "Save as ..." dialogue box. If the file was saved already has an existing name, the file will automatically be saved without dialogue box.

- Symbol Files must be saved as numbers from 1 - 999. If an image symbol is created, then the file name must be entered as numbers from 900-999.

Save As...

- If this menu is selected, change the file name and directory and save in the popped up dialogue box.

- If an Image Symbol, the file name must be entered as numbers from 900-999.
- Print Prints Symbol File

- When printing more than one file, the specified range of symbol files in the current directory is printed.

- If the current file is selected, then the opened symbol on the current screen is printed. If a range is specified to print multiple files, the symbols in accordance with those numbers are printed. One symbol per page is printed.

Print			×
Printer:	(LPT1:	Canor	n BJC-70)
Print Range © Current File © More than or From(<u>F</u>):0			OK Cancel Setup(<u>S</u>)
Quality(Q): 36	iO dpi	•	Copies(<u>C</u>): 1

Exit - If "Exit" is selected, then Symbol Editor is exited.

If "Exit" is selected when creating a symbol, a window appears inquiring whether you wish to save the created file.

6-2 Draw

Draw(<u>D</u>)	
Pen(<u>P</u>)	Ctrl+P
Line(<u>L</u>)	Ctrl+L
Rectangle(<u>R</u>)	Ctrl+R
Painted Rectangle(<u>T</u>)	Ctrl+T
Oval(<u>C</u>)	Ctrl+E
Painted Oval(<u>F</u>)	Ctrl+F
Eraser(<u>E</u>)	Ctrl+X

This menu allows you to draw symbols in the symbol creating area.

5 different shapes can be drawn.

Pen	clicking the left mouse button will draw a dot. Holding the left button down and dragging
	the mouse draws over the area the cursor passes.
Line	A Straight is drawn from the point the left mouse button is held down to the point the button
	is released.
Rectangle	A Rectangle is drawn from the point the left mouse button is held down to the point the
	button is released.
Painted Rectangle	A colored-in Rectangle is drawn from the point the left mouse button is held down to the
	point the button is released.
Oval	Drawn the same way as the Rectangle but an oval is inscribed in the Rectangle.
	- The point the mouse was held down and the point released becomes the corners of the
	circumscribed Rectangle.
Painted Oval	Drawn the same way as the oval but a colored-in oval is drawn.
Eraser	clicking the left button, or holding down the button and dragging the mouse erases the area
	the cursor passes.

6-3. Edit

Edit(<u>E</u>)	
Undo(<u>U</u>)	Ctrl+U
Move(<u>M</u>)	Ctrl+M
Copy(<u>C</u>)	Ctrl+C
✓ Reverse(<u> </u>)	Ctrl+l

This menu allows you to cancel/move/copy/reverse items on the Symbol Screen.

<u>Undo</u>	Cancels the last action. If there was no action taken, then this menu cannot be selected.
Move	Select the area to be moved by clicking the left mouse button and dragging the cursor to
	draw a Rectangle around the area and then let go of the button.
	- This selected area will follow the cursor moved by the mouse.
	- Clicking the left button at the new location will move the selected area.
	- To delete a certain area, move the selected area outside of the working screen and
	the area lying outside of the screen will be deleted.
<u>Copy</u>	Select the area to be copied by clicking the left mouse button and dragging the cursor to
	draw a Rectangle around the area and then let go of the button.
	- This selected area will follow the cursor moved by the mouse.
	- Re-clicking the left button at the new location will copy the selected area.
	- Re-clicking the left button at the new location will copy the selected area.
<u>Reverse</u>	 Re-clicking the left button at the new location will copy the selected area. Select the area to be reversed by clicking the left mouse button and dragging the cursor to
<u>Reverse</u>	

6-4. Adjust Screen

Adjust Screen(<u>A</u>) Delete All(<u>D</u>) Paint All(<u>F</u>) Reverse All(<u>I</u>) Open Bitmap File(<u>B</u>)

Delete All Deletes the full screen

Paint All Paints the full screen white

Reverse All Reverses the full screen.

The black area becomes white, and the white area is reversed to black.

Open Bitmap File

This menu allows you to read the picture data captured in the paint brush or window screen.

- The extension to read the data is "*.BMP"

Open Bitmap File		×
File Name(<u>N</u>): <mark>*.bmp</mark>	Directory(<u>D</u>): c∶₩pmu3	OK
	(∰a]c:# (∰a]pmu3 (∭a]library	Cance I
File Type(<u>I</u>): BMP file(*.BMP) ▼	Drive(⊻): ∫⊜c:	•

Bitwap	Size =>	398	× 398	
C Symbol F C 16 C 16 C 48 C 80	0 82 0 64	He ight - C 16 C 48 C 80	0.64	OK Cancel
C Image Sym	bol File	V-axis	398	

Edit the data read from this menu, and save the data in "*.SYM" format for PMU use.

- When reading Bitmap files, the following should be noted.

- Even if the actual BMP file has a picture using various color palettes (16 colors, 256 colors, etc.), when called open through this menu, all colors are changed to either black or white. The original colors are reversed. This is because the background color of the window for the application program is usually white and the background for PMU is black. The colors that are not white will all appear in black.
- 2. First select whether you will use a symbol file or an image file.
 - For a symbol file, select a size between 16 x 16 and 96 x 96. If the BMP file is smaller than the selected size, the dots outside of the area will appear in black.
 - For an image file, select the following numbers
 PMU-200: width x height, 16 x 16 to maximum 240 * 128 screen size
 PMU-300: width x height 16 x 16 to maximum 320 * 240 screen size
 PMU-600: width x height 16 x 16 to maximum 640 X 480 screen size

6-5. Zoom Screen



If the symbol creating area is too small or too big, this menu allows you to adjust the area to an appropriate size.

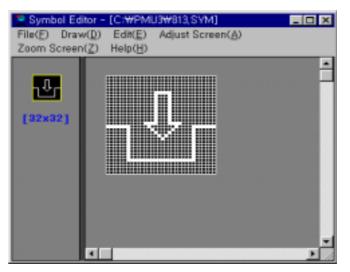
Zoom In

One dot in the working screen area is 8 x 8 pixels. This function is convenient when detailed work is necessary on a large symbol.

	C:WPMU3W813,SYM]	×
. ₽.		4
(32x32)		

Zoom Out

One dot in the working screen area is 4 x 4 pixels.



Chapter 7 Alarm Editor Setup and Functions

ૣ 경보편집기 - [C:₩PMU3₩ALARM1,ALM] File(<u>F</u>) Edit(<u>E</u>) Search(<u>S</u>) Help(<u>H</u>)								
No.	Grp.	Buf.	Bit	Con.	Attr.	Colr.	Size	Contents
1	ALL	0	0	0→1	Norm	2 1	11	ALARM TEST
2	ALL	0	0	0→1	Norm	가	23	PLEASE TURN OFF POWER !
3	ALL	0	0	0→1	Norm	21	32	RUN ! TURN THE 3RD KEY TO STOP !

- Create an alarm to use when the main machine is operating. An alarm file can have a maximum of 999 comment lines.
- Only one alarm file can exist per one project file.

- The recorded alarm number, system buffer, specified bit of specified buffer, alarm criteria, Attributes, color, number of characters, contents appear on the Alarm editor.

- An alarm number can range from 1 to 999, and the system buffer ranges from 0 to 1023.
 Set the Bit value from 0 to 15.
- Criteria is either 0->1 or 1->0 and the style is normal, blink, or toggle.
- The alarm that appears when the main machine is operating is saved in the internal memory. Using the special function of the Function Key Tag or Touch Key Tag can also show the alarm history. To print the alarm history, upload the alarm history file to your PC (using project manager) and print from your PC in PMU-200 and PMU-300.
- For PMU-200
 - The contents of the alarm can hold a maximum of 30 characters.
- For PMU-300
 - The contents of the alarm can hold a maximum of 40 characters.
- For PMU-600
 - The contents of the alarm can hold a maximum of 80 characters.
- For PMU-200//300
 - Selecting an alarm group is not possible
- For PMU-600
 - Selecting an alarm group is possible
 - Group Type: 27 types (ALL, A-Z) can be selected

- You can monitor the alarm history by groups in the appropriate window using the special function of the Window Tag. (Refer to Window Tag for specific directions)

7-1. File

File(<u>F</u>)	
New(<u>N</u>)	
Open(<u>O</u>)	
Save(<u>S</u>)	
0	
Save as(<u>A</u>)	
Print,(<u>P</u>)	

This menu allows you to manage the files in the alarm screen by creating new files, saving and opening files, print and exiting the Alarm Screen Edit window.

New

Selecting "New File," provides an environment to create a new alarm screen

- When selected while working on a screen, a window appears inquiring whether you wish to save the existing file.
- Select "Y", Save dialogue box appears. Enter the file name (*.alm) and save the created alarm screen.
- Select "N", please note the created screen data is deleted .
- Select "Cancel," the New File menu is canceled .

Alarm Editor	×
Save changes?	
OK(Y) No(N) Cancel	

<u>Open</u>

Calls open an Alarm Screen (*.alm) File from the desired directory.

-When selected while working on a screen, a window appears inquiring whether you wish to save the existing file.

- Select "Y", Save dialogue box appears. Enter the file name (*.alm) and save the created alarm screen.

- Select "N", please note the created screen data is deleted .
- Select "Cancel," the New File menu is canceled .

Save In the case of a new file, specify the name and save in the popped up "Save as a Different Name" dialogue box. If already an existing file, the file is automatically saved.

Save as	
	This menu allows you to save and change the file name, directory, and file description.
<u>Exit</u>	Exits the Message Screen Editor
	-When selected while working on a screen, a window appears inquiring whether you wish to
	save the existing file.
	- Select "Y", Save dialogue box appears. Enter the file name (*.alm) and save the created
	alarm screen.
	- Select "N", please note the created screen data is deleted .
	- Select "Cancel," the New File menu is canceled .

7-2. Edit

Edit(<u>E</u>)	
Add(<u>A</u>)	Ctrl+A
Modify(<u>E</u>)	Ctrl+E
Delete(<u>D</u>)	Del
Cancel(<u>C</u>)	

This menu allows you to add/edit/delete cancel selected items in the Alarm Screen.

<u>Add</u>

Enter number and contents in the popped up dialogue box to record alarm contents

- By double clicking the empty contents line and doing the same as above, additional alarm contents can be recorded.

Add	×
No. Contents	Group
E RUN ! TURN THE 3RD KEY TO STOP !	ALL 🔽
Specification Operation Color Buffer: 0 Cond. 0→1▼	ОК
Bit: 0 🔽 Attr. Norr Background	Cancel

<u>Modify</u>

Edit the selected alarm number to the specified number.

- After edit, window appears inquiring whether the newly specified number should be replaced with the existing number. If you wish to replace, select "OK".

Modify No,	×
Old No.	4
New No.	5
OK	Cancel

Deletes items from the recorded items



<u>Cancel</u> This menu allows you to cancel the items selected to edit.

7-3. Search

Search(<u>S</u>)	
Search Number,(<u>N</u>)	
Search String(<u>S</u>)	
Continue(<u>C</u>)	Ctrl+N

This menu allows you to easily search the desired contents when there are numerous character lines entered in the alarm screen.

Search Number Searches for the desired number's message from the recorded message

- Entering the desired number searches that number's character line.

Search		×
Search	Number <mark>3</mark>	
OK	Cancel	

Search String Searches for the desired Alarm message that includes the string from the recorded messages.

- If no Alarm message is selected, then search starts from the beginning. If there is a selected Alarm message, search begins after the message.

- Enter the character line to search and select "OK"

Search				×
	Search	Stri	ng	
URGENT	!			
	0K		Cancel	

<u>Next Search</u> The most recently searched String is searched starting from after the currently selected message

7-4 Alarm History

PMU-200

Saves the history of 200 alarms occurred The alarm does not appear on screen during operation. It can only be viewed from the Alarm History Menu and printed by uploading from PMU MASTER

PMU-300

Saves the history of 200 alarms occurred

The alarm appears on screen during operation and can be printed by uploading from PMU Master. Enlargement of alarm is a 1:1 horizontal and vertical ratio.

PMU-600

Saves the history of 500 alarms occurred and released.

The alarm appears on screen during operation and can be viewed from the Alarm History Menu and printed by uploading from PMU Master.

Supports Alarm groups, and can select and view-desired group alarm histories through window tags.

Enlargement of alarm is a one or two time horizontal and vertical ratio

Chapter 8. Link Editor Setup and Functions

🏪 LINK Editor - [NONA	ME]				
File(E) Link Setup(L)	Help(<u>H</u>)				
PNU TYPE	PNU TYPE : PMU 600 Link Type : None				
	1 : 1 Communication				
SERIAL Link	PLC Type :				
DATA Link	Receive setup: Transfer setup:				
GLOFA Fnet	Receive setup: Transfer setup:				
T-LINK Setup					
User-def.Setup					
	N : N Communication				
	H . H COMMITCACIÓN				
N:N MASTER	PLC Type :				
N:N LOCAL	Receive setup: Transfer setup:				

- For smooth communication with PLC when operating the main machine, the Link Selector allows you to enter and select the communication method, PLC Type, Device, Address in the Link Table.
- To use the selected Link File, Send a Link File from PC to the main machine using Project Manager.
- The extension name for the Link Select File is ".LNK"

PMU-200 Link Editor Screen

LINK Editor - (NONAME)		
PHU TYPE	PHU TYPE : PHU 200 Link Type : Hone	
	1 : 1 Communication	
SERIAL Link	PLC Type :	
DATA Link	Receive setup: Transfer setup:	
GLOFA Enet	Receive setup: Transfer setup:	
T-LINK Setup		
User-def.Setup		
	H : H Communication	
N/N MASTER	PLC Type :	
N/N LOCAL	Receive setup: Transfer setup:	

This is the main screen for the user's selected Link Table displayed either at the beginning of the program or after selection.

- Serial Select : Displays the selected PLC Type
 Data Link Select : Displays the number of data selected from input and output
 Non-protocol Link Select : Displays the input and output for the serial communication method
- PLC Types for Serial Selection (Direct Link)

Fuji MICREX-F, Mitsubishi-MELSEC, OMRON-SYSMAC-C, AB-SLC500/PLC5, Modicon-QUANTUM,

Matsushita-FARA, LG MASTER-K S series, LG GLOFA-GM, LG GLOFA-GK, LG Inverter

The Link data created this Link Select is sent to PMU-200 using Project Manager.

Note) MELSCE→ GOLDSEC, MICREX-F → STARCON-MF

For the created Link Table to apply, first download the link file to the main machine, and then select the communication method appropriate to the Link Table from the Menu's Communication Select of the main machine.

PMU-300 Link Editor Screen

	LINK Editor - (NONAME)	
PHU TYPE	PHU TYPE : PHU 200 Link Type : Hone	
	1 : 1 Communication	
SERIAL Link	PLC Type :	
DATA Link	Receive setup: Transfer setup:	
GLOFA Friet	Receive setup: Transfer setup:	
T-LINK Setup		
User-def.Setup		
	H : H Communication	
N/N MASTER	PLC Type :	
N:N LOCAL	Receive setup: Transfer setup: -	

This is the main screen for the user's selected Link Table displayed either at the beginning of the program or after selection.

Serial Select : Displays the selected PLC Type
 Data Link Select : Displays the number of data selected from input and output
 Protocol Link Select : Displays the input and output for the serial communication method

• PLC Types for Serial Selection (Direct Link)

Fuji MICREX-F, Mitsubishi-MELSEC, OMRON-SYSMAC-C, AB-SLC500/PLC5, Modicon-QUANTUM, Matsushita-FARA, LG MASTER-K S series, LG GLOFA-GM, LG GLOFA-GK, LG Inverter The Link data created in this Link Select is sent to PMU-300 using Project Manager.

For the created Link Table to apply, first download the link file to the main machine, and then select the communication method appropriate to the Link Table from the Menu's Communication Select of the main machine.

PMU-600 Link Editor Screen

PHU TYPE : PHU 600 Link Type : None	
	1 : 1 Communication
SERIAL Link	PLC Type :
DATA Link	Receive setup: Transfer setup:
GLOFA Fnet	Receive setup: Transfer setup:
T-LINK Setup	
User-def.Setup	
	N : N Communication
N:N MASTER	PLC Type :
N:N LOCAL	Receive setup: Transfer setup:

This is the main screen for the user's selected Link Table displayed either at the beginning of the program or after selection.

• 1:1 Communication Method

Serial Select	: Displays the selected PLC Type
Data Link Select	: Displays the number of data selected from input and output
Field bus Select	: Displays the number of selected data sent and received
T-Link, Protocol Select	
N:N Communication Method	

- Local Select : Displays the number of selected data sent and received
- Master Select : Displays the selected PLC Type
- PLC Types for Serial Selection (Direct Link)

Fuji MICREX-F, Mitsubishi-MELSEC, OMRON-SYSMAC-C, AB-SLC500/PLC5, Modicon-QUANTUM,

Matsushita-FARA, LG MASTER-K S series, LG GLOFA-GM, LG GLOFA-GK, LG Inverter

• Select and enter one of the above seven communication methods using the menu or button. If all 7 are entered and sent to the main machine, the main machine will decide on the method selected in PMU-600.

• 1:1 Field bus and N:N Local is the same Fnet communication and thus the specified value changes to become identical.

The Link data created in this Link Select is sent to PMU-600 using Project Manager.

For the created Link Table to apply, first download the link file to the main machine, and then select the communication method appropriate to the Link Table from the Menu's Communication Select of the main machine.

8-1. PMU and PLC Communication Method

PMU-200/300 Communication

The main machine only supports either the Serial Communication Method, or the Data Link Method.

Datalink Communication Standard		- Ba	ud rate (1 M bps)
		- No	o. of Possible Connections and Station Number.
		(No	o. of possible Connections: 32) (Station No.: 1-125)
		- No	o.of Possible Link (per 1 line)
		1.	Remote I/O : Send 32, Receive 32 words
		2.	Remote Input: Receive 64 words
		3.	Remote Output: Send 64 words
 Serial Communication 	- Baud rate	e (300	0,600,1200,2400,4700,9600,19200)
	- Data Ler	ngth (7 bits, 8 bits)
	Note: Mas	ster-K	1000 is set to 8 Bit Data
	- Stop Bit	Lengt	h (1Stop Bit, 2 Stop Bit)
	Note: Mas	ster-K	1000 is set to 1 Stop Bit
	- Parity Bit	t (Nor	ie, Odd, Even Parity)
	Note: Mas	ster-K	1000 is set to None Parity
	- Serial Co	ommu	nication (RS-232C, RS-422)
	- Main Machine Tel. No. (No.: 0-31)		
	Note: Mas	ster-K	1000 selects numbers from 0-15.
	- Check S	um (C	Check Sum set to "Yes")
	Note: Fuji	i MICI	REX-F's Check Sum is set to "No"

PMU-600 Communication

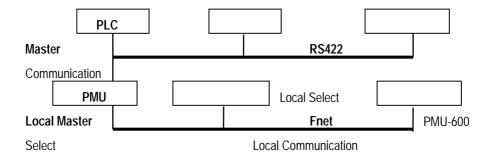
Communication method is largely divided into 1:1 and N:N method.

- 1:1 Method	Communication Method	- Serial Communication (RS-232C)
		- Data Link
		- Fnet
		- T-Link
		- Non-Protocol Select has 5 types

- N:N Method One PMU is connected to several PLCs (RS-422), or several PMUs are used as block communications each through the Fnet communication method.

- Master: Communication method between PMU and PLC is to connect with RS-422.

- Local: Communication method between PMU and PMU is to connect with Fnet.



Note: Local Select

Only when another PMU is connected to PMU should Block Communication be selected through selecting Fnet.

Local-Master Select

When PMU communicates with PLCs and other PMU like the above picture, then Link Table for both Master for communication with PLC and Local for communication with PMU must be configured.

8-2. File

File(<u>F</u>)	
Open,(<u>O</u>) Save(<u>S</u>)	
Save as(<u>R</u>)	
Print	
Exit(<u>E</u>)	

This menu allows you manage the Link Select Files by creating new files, saving and opening files, printing and exiting Link Select.

<u>Open</u> Open the desired Link File(*.LNK) from the desired directory. If selected when creating a link file, a window appears inquiring whether you wish to save the current screen.

- If "Yes(Y)" is selected, then the save dialogue box screen appears. Once the name is inserted (*.lnk), the created screen is saved.

- If "No(N)" is selected, please note that the created data is deleted.

- If "Cancel" is selected, the New File menu is canceled.

SaveThis menu allows you to save the edited screen.When "New File" is selected and created, "Save as a Different Name" Menu appears and
is saved under a specified name.

- If a file name is already specified, it will save immediately upon selecting the "Save" function.

Save As ...

This menu allows you to change and save the file name, directory and file description.

Exit Exits the Link Select menu When selected while creating a link file, a window appears inquiring whether you wish to save the created file.

- If "Yes(Y)" is selected, then the save dialogue box screen appears. Once the name is inserted (*.lnk) , the created screen is saved.

- If "No(N)" is selected, please note that the created data is deleted.

- If "Cancel" is selected, the New File menu is canceled.

8-3. Link Editor

- Select Communication Method and Enter the communication selection (device, address)
- Select and enter the communication method according the PMU-200/300/500/600 type

PMU-200 Link Screen

LINK Editor - (NONA File(E) Link Setup(L)		
	: PHU 200 Link Type : Hone	
	1 : 1 Communication	
SERIAL Link	PLC Type :	
DATA Link	Receive setup: Transfer setup:	
GLOFA Firet	Receive setup: Transfer setup:	
T-LINK Setup		
User-def.Setup		
	H : H Communication	
N/N MASTER	PLC Type :	
N/N LOCAL	Receive setup: Transfer setup:	

PMU-300 Link Screen

H LINK Editor - (NONA File(E) Link Setup(L)		
PHU TYPE	: PHU 200 Link Type : Hone	
	1 : 1 Communication	
SERIAL Link	PLC Type :	
DATA Link	Receive setup: Transfer setup:	
GLOEA Enet	Receive setup: Transfer setup:	
T-LINK Setup		
User-def.Setup		
	H : H Communication	
N/N MASTER	PLC Type :	
N/N LOCAL	Receive setup: Transfer setup:	

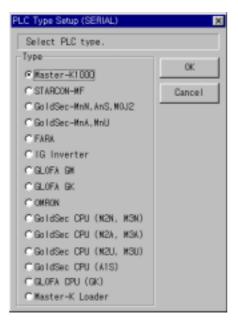
PMU-600 Link Screen

-	: PHU 600 Link Tupe : None
PHU TYPE	: PHU 608 Link Type : None
	1 : 1 Communication
SERIAL Link	PLC Type :
DATA Link	Receive setup: Transfer setup
GLOFA Fnet	Receive setup: Transfer setup
T-LINK Setup	
User-def.Setup	
	N : M Communication
N:N MASTER	PLC Type :
N:N LOCAL	Receive setup: Transfer setup

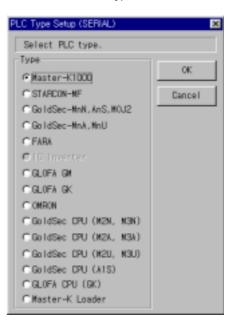
PLC Type Setup(Serial)

- This is the link selected when one PLC and PMU communicates through serial.
- 1. Select the PLC type that will be communicated first.

PMU-200 PLC Type Screen



PMU-300/600 PLC Type Screen



No DEVICE	No	DEVICE	No	DEVICE	No	DEVICE	0K
16 17 19 20 22 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 20 31	223556585889442444444	D0000 D0001	8955223556 <mark>5</mark> 98866622	P0000 P0003	6465667888970717273747576777879		Cancel No. of Monit (Biofa GM, GK Dnet) (Word x Bioc C TE x 20 C 4 x 32

2. After the selection of PLC type, the Serial Link Setup screen below appears.

Screen Display Description

- PLC Type: Displays the currently selected PLC type.
- Device, Address Input: Edit the number of the Device, Address or newly input

Note: With the mouse, select and input the appropriate PLC device address and press Enter. This will change the Device(Address) and will proceed to the next item.

- Delete: Delete the selection of the appropriate item
- OK: After all selections, pressing the "OK" button saves the Link Table and exits the Link Editor
- "NO" is the system buffer number for PMU-200/300/600
- "PLC" is the PLC device address for PLC to communicate with the main machine's system buffer.

The PLC point of contact can be entered in the input line at the bottom left of the screen.

- Depending on the selected PLC type from the prior PLC device address, there is a restriction on the name of the device that can be entered.

Please refer to the PLC Communication section for the range of device names and contact numbers for each type of PLC.

- For serial communication, the data sent from the main machine to PLC is scanned and entered into the specified system buffer.

Data can be sent to PLC from the main machine only through Buffer Write Tag, Function key Tag, Precision Adjust Tag.

- Note:

The system buffer's following field should be left empty in the case of PLC standard "Fuji-MICREX-F (STARCON-MF)," or when the contact point of 32 bits and styles of T, TS, TR, CR, CS, BD is compatible with the main machine's system buffer, because these continuously fill two fields of the main machine's system buffer.

Furthermore, Bit 001 is the lowest within each word for the system buffer of the main machine, while Bit F is the lowest for Fuji-MICREX-F (STARCON-MF).

Therefore, to connect Bit No. 0 of the main machine to Bit NO. 0 of Fuji-MICREX-F (STARCON-MF), press Ctrl + Shift + F2 key in Screen Editor and Select Fuji-MICREX-F (STARCON-MF) as the PLC Type. This internally assigns the Bit No. 0 of the main machine to Bit F of Fuji-MICREX-F (STARCON-MF).

Data Link SetupThis link is selected when communication is done through data link.The following dialogue box appears when this menu is selected.

DATALINK	Setup			×
- RECEIV	E DATA Buffer 0050 0051 0100 0101	-TRANSF No. 1 2 3 4	ER DATA Butter 0200 0201 0202 0203	Station No. 2 Edit Mode C Add Modify
Buf	Delete	Buf	Delete	OK Cance I

- Station No. Select:	Station number of the PMU main machine.
- Edit Mode:	Add mode and Modify Mode
- Add Mode:	Add a new buffer number in the current entered number.
- Modify Mode:	Modify the buffer number in the current entered number.
- Buffer:	After the buffer number appropriate for input or output is entered,
	pressing Enter newly selects according to the Edit mode.
- Delete:	Deletes the appropriate items.

Fnet Setup This link is selected when communication is done through Fnet link.

The following dialogue box appears when this menu is selected.

CPA FortSubp Station No. : 3 Edit Model (9 Modi 19 10 Add
Receive Data Setup	Transfer Data Setup
No Bufter WORD B_ID ST_No.	No Buffer #ORD B_ID
0 0100 1 1 1	0 0000 1 1
2	
Add Delete	Add Delete
ок	Cancel

Screen Display Description

- STATION No. Select: Select the STATION No. of PMU main machine
- Edit Mode:
 - 1. Add Mode: Add a new buffer number in the current entered number.
 - 2. Modify Mode: Modify the buffer number in the current entered number.

- Receive Data Setup

Receive Data Setup	×
Buffer No. 101 No. of WORD 3 BLOCK ID 1 Station No. 1	OK Cance I

- 1. Add: Enter Data according to the Edit Mode. the above screen appears to specify Buffer number, No. of Word, Block ID, and Station number.
- 2. Delete: Delete the appropriate items

Buffer number is the system buffer number within the PMU main machine.

3. No. of Word identifies the block size by the number of words when communicated. Block ID and Station number is selected according with the communication desired PLC.

- Transfer Data Setup

Transfer Data Setup	×
Buffer No. 💷	OK
No. of WORD 1	Cancel
BLOCK ID 1	

1. Add: Enter items according to the Edit Mode and specify Buffer number, No. of Word, Block ID,

and the STATION No..

- 2.Delete: Delete the appropriate items.
- 3."Transfer Data Setup" has Buffer No., No. of Word, Block ID.

Buffer No. is the system buffer within the main machine and specifies the buffer to receive the data.

No. of Word indicates the block size by the number of words communicated.

Block ID is selected according to the PLC communication is desired. Selection of the STATION number is

not necessary, even if the user does not enter the number, the main machine will send to your STATION number.

 Select N:N Local
 - For N:N Communication, it is the communication method between PMUs in which case uses Fnet communication.

 This is the same as selecting 1:1 communication Fnet.

 Please refer Fnet for the selection method.

Select N:N Master
 For N:N Communication, it is the communication method between one PMU and one or more PLC.
 The communication method is serial communication using RS-422, and RS-422Communication Link is selected in the Select Master of the main machine.

1. First select PLC (Same as selecting Serial)

PLC Type (MASTER S	ERIAL)	×
Select PLC Type.		
Туре	0K	1
⊙ Master-K1000		
C STARDON-MF	Cancel	
C GoldSec-MnN		-
C GoldSec-MnA		
C FARA		

2. Master Setup

Edit Note: C Modify C Add Receive Data Setup No DEVIDE Butter WORD ST_No. 0 D0000 200 1 2 0 P0030 50 3 2	ester Sktup PLC Type: Master-K	
No DEVIDE Butter WORD ST_No. No PLC Dev. Butter WORD ST_No		Turnel on Data Calua
Add Delete Add Delete	Add Delate	add Delete

Screen Description

PLC Type - Shows the currently selected PLC type

Edit Mode:

- 1. Add Mode: Add a new buffer number in the current entered number.
- 2. Modify Mode: Modify the buffer number in the current entered number.

Select Data Received/Transfer

- 1. Enter: Items can be entered or edited according to the Edit Mode and the buffer number, Word, Block ID, and STATION no must be specified.
- 2. Delete: Deletes the appropriate Data.

Data Setup	×
PLC Dev. D00000 Buffer No. 200 No. of WORD 0 Station No. 1	OK Cance I

3. Buffer No. is the system buffer number in the PMU main machine

No. of Word indicates the block size by the number of words communicated. Block id and Station No. is selected according with the communication desired PLC. PLC Device has restrictions as to the contact points selected for each PLC, please refer to the Communication Manual.

The selected PLC Device receives and sends data to the selected PMU buffer. Station No. specifies the Station number of the communication desired PLC.

User defined Protocol

- The user defined Protocol is used when PMU-200/300/600 series communicates with external machines, and the external communication protocol is set to the PMU-200/300/600 series.

What is Communication Protocol?

It is the communication method to read/write data between machines.

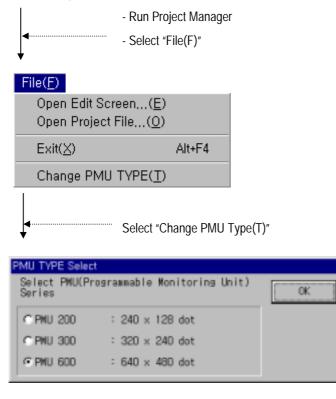
Item	Standards
Interface	RS232C/RS-485
Communication Method	Half-Duplex system, Asynchronous method
Baud rate	300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200 bps
	Parity Bit: Even, Odd, None
Data Types	Data Bit: 7, 8 Bit
Data Types	Stop Bit: 1, 2 Bit
	Maximum Frame Size: 128 Byte
	- Maximum 8 Multi Drop Connections
Configuration	- Connection possible with other communication machine with RS-232C,
	RS-422 communication port.
	- Communication possible 1:1, 1:N (only for RS-422)
	- Communication possible 1:1, 1:N between PMU-300, PMU-200
	(Master/Slave Method)
	By using the PMU Master Protocol Editor, select the PMU-200/300/600 series
Creation Method	external communication protocol.
	- Created Frame File> Transfer to PMU Series

Item	Standards	
Item Frame Editor	 All frames can be formed by asycronous ASCII CODE communication method One Frame configuration Divide into Maximum 8 segments User Data Maximum 4 segments i.e.) SD1: Station No. 2 byte SD2: max. 20 byte Device SD3: 2 byte Word Count SD4: 128 byte Data (Data Sent in WRITE) RD1: Station NO. 2 byte RD2: Data (Data Received in READ) Variable BCC Check Method (SUM, MUL, XOR, Basic Method) Maximum 128 byte size <u>Create 4 frames per channel</u> READ ENQ READ ACK WRITE ENQ 	
Select Serial Link	 WRITE ACJK Selection of 8 blocks possible for each receive/send Station No: Select station number of Master machine between 0-31 for transfer/receive Device: Select the internal device name for the PLC Buffer No.: Select the internal buffer number of PMU No. of Word : Maximum 32 words possible per word unit 	

- User defined Protocol Communication Installation Method

This explains the installation method of communicating with external machines through the Protocol Communication Method using Frame Editor in PMU Master Software.

The following explanation is based on PMU-600 Series.



Select the type to create

Project Manager	Editor(T)	Halo(H)		_0
anninication(<u>C</u>)	E divoi(T)	neip([])	 	
Work Dir.	Select	Add to PRJ		Send
		ommunication(©) Editor(1)		

 		"Project Mar ct "Editor(T)"	-				
He(E) Commun	t Manager ication(<u>C</u>)	Screen E Symbol (ditor(<u>S</u>) Editor(<u>V</u>) e Editor(<u>M</u>) fitor(<u>A</u>)				
WorkType	nk Dir.	Select	Add to PRJ		File View	Send	
	Port	Cancel	Delete in PBJ	Exaract PHJ	File Into.	Receive	
File(E) Link Setup(NAME 1 J Help(H)		→ Link Editor(I				
	-	1 Communica	tion				
SERIAL Link	_	(ype :	F				
GLOFA Fnet	_	ive setup: - ive setup: -					
T-LINK Setup		we secup:		secopt			
User-def.Setu	,						
N : N Communication							
N:N MASTER	PLC 1	ype :					
N:N LOCAL	_		Transfer	setup:			
		ct "Link Setu	p ″ (User define	ed Protocol)	1		

User Defined Protocol	×
C MASTER Setup	
Serial LINK Setup	ж
Frame List	
C SLAVE Setup	
Please use predefined protocol in slave mode.	
View SLAVE PROTOCOL 1	

- The Screen below appears when "Serial LINK Setup" is selected.

Serial LINK Setup	×
Edit Mode: C Modify (F)Add	
Receive Data Setus	Transfer Data Setup
No DEVIDE Bufter WORD ST_No.	No PLC Dev. Buffer WORD ST_No.
0	
Add Delete	Add Delete
OK	Cance I

- The screen below appears when "Frame List" is selected.

Fra	me List	×
Γ	Press frame button to setup.	
E.	[ype	
	₩ord READ Request (PMU => Machine)	0K
	Vord READ Response(PMU <= Machine)	
	Word WRITE Request (PMU => Machine)	
	∀ord WRITE Response(PMU <= Machine)	

Frame List: This is the section to select the Protocol to transmit the specified contents of the Serial Link Setup. Note 1) What is Master Select? MASTER PMU Slave Slave Variable Slave Machines Note 2) Example of Serial Select: The screen below shows the case when the contents are selected for PMU communication with external Master machines (PLC, etc.) erial LINK Setup x Edit Mode: ∉ Nadity ⊂ Add Receive Data Setup Transfer Data Setup No DEVICE Buffer WORD ST_No. No PLC Dev. Butfer #ORD ST_No. 0 0000000 0 9000030 100 304 Delete Delete Add Add 0K Cancell Above Picture PLC PMU PLC PMU \rightarrow ← D0000 ~ D0004(5Words) → 100 Buffer Y00030-31(2Word) 304 Buffer ← Note 3) Frame List Select Items - Word READ Request (PMU=> Master Machine) Select the frame that demands the data to be received from the Master machine to PMU. - Word READ Response (PMU<= Master Machine)

After demand of the data to be received, select the frame that receives from the Master Machine.
 Word WRITE Request (PMU=> Master Machine) Select the frame that sends the data from PMU to Master Machine.
- Word WRITE Response (PMU <=Master Machine) After the data is sent, select the frame that receives from the Master Machine.
Please Refer to the screens below according to type.
- Word READ Request (PMU =>Master Machine) Master: Word READ Request (PMU => Machine)
Header Tail BCC Default SUM h[1]-t[bcc-1] Segment 1 Segment 2 Segment 3 Type : NONE Type : NONE Type : NONE Segment 4 Size : Size : Size : Size : Size : Size : Segment 5 Segment 6 Segment 7 Segment 8 Type : NONE Size : Size : Size : Size : Size : Size : Size : Size : Size : OK Cancel OK Cancel Size : Size : Size : Size :
- Word READ Response (PMU<=Master Machine)
Header Tail BCC Default SLM V h[1]-t[bcc-1]
Segment 1 Segment 2 Segment 3 Segment 4 Type : NONE I Type : NONE I Type : NONE I Size : Size : Size : Size : Size :
Segment 5 Segment 6 Segment 7 Segment 8 Type : NONE I Type : NONE I Type : NONE I Size : Size : Size : Size : Size :
0K Cancel

Master: Word WRIT	TE Request (PMU => Mac	hine)	
Header	Tail	BCC Default SUM	▶ h[1]~t[bcc-1
Segment 1	Segment 2	Segment 3	Segment 4
Type : NONE	Type : NONE	Type : NONE -	Type : NONE
Size :	Size :	Size :	Size :
Segment 5	Segment 6	Segment 7	Segment 8
Type : NONE	Type : NONE	Type : NONE -	Type : NONE
Size :	Size :	Size :	Size :
<u></u>			
- Word WRITE R	esponse (PMU<=Maste	Cance I Cance I er Machine)	
		er Machine)	
	esponse (PMU<=Maste	er Machine)	h[1]~t[bcc-
Master: Word WRIT Header Segment 1	esponse (PMU<=Maste E Response(PMU <= Ma Tail Segwent 2	er Machine) chine) BCC Default SUM	Segment 4
Master: Word WRIT Header Segwent 1 Type : NONE	esponse (PMU<=Maste E Response(PMU <= Ma Tail Segwent 2 Type : NONE	er Machine) chine) BOC Default SUM Segment 3 Type : NONE	Segment 4
Master: Word WRIT Header Segment 1	esponse (PMU<=Maste E Response(PMU <= Ma Tail Segwent 2	er Machine) chine) BCC Default SUM	Segment 4
Master: Word WRIT Header Segment 1 Type : NONE Size :	E Response (PMU<=Maste Tail Segwent 2 Type : NONE Size :	er Machine) chine) BCC Default SUM Segment 3 Type = NONE = Size =	Segment 4 Type : NONE Size :
Master: Word WRIT Header Segwent 1 Type : NONE	esponse (PMU<=Maste E Response(PMU <= Ma Tail Segwent 2 Type : NONE	er Machine) chine) BCC Default SUM Segment 3 Type = NONE = Size =	Segment 4
Master: Word WRIT Header Segment 1 Type : NONE Size : Segment 5	E Response (PMU <= Master E Response (PMU <= Ma Tail Segwent 2 Type = NONE Size : Segwent 5	er Machine) chine) BCC Default SUM Segwent 3 Type = NONE = Size =	Segment 4 Type : NONE Size : Segment 8

Note 4) Frame List Type Description

1) Header, Tail

Select the Frame Header and Tail.

The contents for Header and Tail are as follows.

Select	ACSII Select	Select	ACSII Select	Select	ACSII Select	Select	ASCII Select
STX	0x02	ETX	0x03	EOT	0x04	ACK	0x06
NAK	0x15	SOH	0x01	ENQ	0x05	BEL	0x07
BS	0x08	HT	0x09	LF	0x0A	VT	0x0B
DLE	0x10	DC1	0x11	DC2	0x12	DC3	0x13
DC4	0x14	SYN	0x16	ETB	0x17		0x3A
FF	0x0C	CR	0x0D	SO	0xOE	S1	0xOF

To enter, place "[]" parentheses around the content i.e. [ENQ]

For Tail, [BCC] can be entered, this is the value selected appropriate for the content selected for BCC in the next box.

2) BCC Select

This selection applies when BCC is entered in the Tail section.

The basic selection is the SUM of H[1]~T[BCC-1].

Thus, BCC is the sum from after the Header to the point before the BCC of Tail.

Other than the standard selection, BCC can be selected through SUM, MUL, XOR in which case the

range of data to be calculated must be specified with h for Header, for Segment, and for Tail.

For instance,

If BCC is three segments after the header, then BCC is specified as h[1]~s[3].

- Example: Non-Protocol Select

The details below explain when the Protocol Communication is selected, and how to define the type READ(Request, Response) WRITE(Request, Response) from the Frame List,.

Master Machine Communication Module: MJ71UC24

• PMU Type: PMU Series (PMU-200/300/600)

Master Machine Communication Module: MJ1UC24 Protocol

1.General Use

- The station No. and number of data is selected with hexadecimal value.
- BCC is the sum of the data from the Station No. to EOT.
- Excluding the Master Code, all data should be changed and set to ASCII.
- Communication Mode Switch for RS232C is 1, and for RS422 is 5.
- Select FF for PC No., and 0 for WAIT.

<u>PMU =>MJ71UC24</u>

	Station.No	PC No.	Command	W	/AIT	DA	ATA		BCC
ENQ	2	2	2		1		n		2
PMU<=MJ7UC24 (READ: Normal)									
	STX	Station No. PC No. DATA				ETX	,	BCC	
	217	2	2		n		EIX		2
			JC24 (WRITE: N	ormal) tation Ne	0.		PC	No.	
		ACK		2				2	
PMU <= MJ71UC24 (Abnormal)									
		NAK	Station No.		PC	No.		Erro	r Code

2

2

Example for Defining a Frame

- Word READ Request (PMU=>Master Machine)

ENQ	StationNo.	FF	QR	0	Device Address	No. of Data	BCC
ENQ	2	1	2	1	7	2	2

Master: Word READ_Request (PMU => Machine)							
Header [ENQ]	Tail [BCC]	BCC Default SUM 💌	h[1]-t[bcc-1]				
Segment 1 Type : APRAY ¥ Size : 2 SD1	Segment 2 Type : CONST T Size : FFORD	Segment 3 Type : ARRAY Y Size : 7 SD2	Segment 4 Type : ARRAY T Size : 2 SD3				
Segment 5 Type : NONE Size :	Segment 6 Type : NONE - Size :	Segment 7 Type : NONE 💌 Size :	Segment 8 Type : NONE I Size :				
	0K	Cancel	J				

- Word READ Response (PMU<=Master Machine)

STY	ID No.	FF	Data = 4* Data	ETY	BCC
217	2	2	n	LIX	2

Master: Word READ Response(PMU <= Machine)				
Header [STX]	Tail [EXT][BCC] E	BCC Default SUM 💌	h[1]~t[bcc-1]	
Segment 1 Type : ARRAY Size : 2 RD1	Segment 2 Type : DONST I	Segment 3 Type : ARRAY V Size : RD2	Segment 4 Type : NONE I Size :	
Size :	Segment 6 Type : NONE I Size :	Segment 7 Type : NONE I Size :	Segment 8 Type : NONE I Size :	
	OK	Cance I		

-		I E Request	(PIVIU=>IVIAS	ter Machir	ne)						
		ID No.	FF	QW	0	Device	No. of			Data	BCC
	ENQ					Address	Data	:	:		
		2	2	2	1	7	2			4	2

	Word WRITE	Request	(PMU=>Master	Machine)	
•		NEQUESI		ivia crime,	

Master: Word WRITE Request (PMU => Machine)					
Header [ENQ]	Tail [BCC] 8	BCC Default SUM 💻	=>32Mach105n		
Segment 1 Type : ARRAY y Size : 2 SD1	Segment 2 Type : CONST I Size : FFONO	Segment 3 Type : ARRAY V Size : 7 SD2	Segment 4 Type : APRAY I Size : 2 SD3		
Segment 5 Type : ARRAY ¥ Size : 4 SD4	Segment 6 Type : NONE I Size :	Segment 7 Type : 💌 Size :	Segment 8 Type : NONE I		
	OK	Cance I			

- Word WRITE Response (PMU=> Master Machine)

АСК	ID No.	FF
ACK	2	2

Master: Word WRITE Response(PMU <= Machine)				
Header [ACK]	Tail B	OC Default SUM 💻	se40 PML32=	
Segment 1 Type : ARRAY • Size : 2 FD1	Segment 2 Type : CONST 💌 Size :	Segment 3 Type : NONE 💌 Size :	Segment 4 Type ALX • Size :	
Segment 5 Type : Size :	Segment 6 Type : NONE I Size :	Segment 7 Type : Size :	Segment 8 Type : NONE I Size :	
	ОК	Cancel		

Chapter 9. Tag Register and Other Functions

9-1. N TAG (Numeric Tag)

Туре	PMU-200	PMU-300	PMU-600
Application	0	0	0

It will indicate on the screen of the main machine, the value of the system's buffer data at the actual time.

When it is in Decimal it will indicate a maximum of 10 places and when it is in BCD or HEX it will indicate a maximum of 8 places. The two methods of indicating the data are by absolute value and in relative value.

- ① When the indication method is of relative value, and the specified buffer data goes beyond the top inch and bottom inch, it will flicker.
- ② You will be able to determine the indicated data's decimal point position.
- For alignment methods, there is Left Alignment, Right Alignment, and by Right Alignment filling the empty spaces by zero.

PMU-200 Numeric Tag Screen

Numeric Tag			×
-Specification-R	ange Setup		Data Form
Name: N Ma	x: 100 Upper I	imit: 100	
Buffer: 0 Mi	n: <mark>O Lower I</mark>	imit: <mark>O</mark>	⊂ Relative
-Data Type	_ Indication	Align	Enlargement
SignedDEC16bit UnsignedDEC16bit SignedDEC32bit UnsignedDEC32bit	Digit No. 5 💽 Decimal Point 0 💽	⊂ Left ⊙ Right ⊂ O Suppress	Width: 1 <u>▼</u> Height:1 <u>▼</u>
UnsignedDEC32bit BCD16bit BCD32bit HEX16bit HEX32bit	Attribute © Normal © Rev © Blink © Rev © Toggle	erse erse Toggle	OK Cance I

Numeric Tag			×
-Specification	Range Setup		-Data Form
Name: N	Max: 100 Upper	limit: 100	
Buffer: 0	Min: O Lower	limit; <mark>0</mark>	C Relative
-Data Type	- Indication	Align	-Enlargement
Signed DEC16bit	Digit: 5 💽	CLeft ©Right	Width: 1 💌
Unsigned DEC16bit Signed DEC32bit	Decimal Point: 0 💽	C 0 Suppress	Height: 1 💌
Unsigned DEC32bit BCD16bit	-Color	-Attribute	
BCD32bit HEX16bit	Foreground 🔲 🖵	⊙ Normal	OK
HEX32bit	Background	OBlink OToggle	Cancel

PMU-300/600 Numeric Tag Screen

You are able to specify the character color and background color of the data being indicated.

Screen Indication Explanation

► Tag Specification

Name: The head of the name begins with the letter "N", with a maximum of four letters (in English or numbers).

Buffer: The data that is indicated on screen is the "house" number for the saved system buffer.

► Data Form

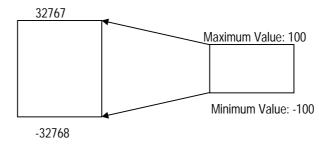
Absolute Value: It shows the specified buffer value as it is.

Relative Value: It shows the specified buffer value's maximum value and minimum value after Scaling.

Reference: For example, if the data's type is DEC signed 16 bit, maximum value 100, minimum value -100 then...

In the case of the DEC signed 16 bit, the smallest value is -32768, and the largest value is 32767.

Like the picture below, if the system's buffer data is 32767 with a maximum value of 100 it will be indicated on screen and the system's buffer data is -32768, on screen it will indicate -100.



▶ Range [The value establishment indication method is only capable when it is in the relative value]

Due to the maximum value and minimum value, the internal system buffer value will be scaled, in which you must specify the maximum value as a bigger value than the minimum value.

When the data type is DEC signed 16 bit, you must enter the maximum value and the minimum value by the decimal, thus you must establish the value between -32768 and 32767.

- ① If the DEC unsigned 16bit, enter the maximum value and minimum value by decimal and establish the value between 0 and 65535.
- ② If the HEX 16bit , the enter the maximum value and the minimum value by decimal and establish the value between 0 and FFFF.
- ▶ Upper limit, Lower Limit [the value indication method is only capable when the value is of relative value]

When the interior buffer value is more than the Upper limit and less then the Lower limit, the data indicated on screen will flicker. You must specify the Upper limit as a bigger value than the Lower limit. Under the Data Type, the Upper limit and Lower limit's specification is the same as the maximum value and the minimum value.

Numeric Tag			×
_ Specification	Range Setup		Data Form
Name: N 100	Max: 100 Uppe	r limit: 100	C Absolute
Buffer: 100	Min: O Lowe	r limit: <mark>O</mark>	
-Data Type	- Indication	Align	Enlargement
DEC+-16bit	Digit: 5	CLeft ©Right	Width: 1 💌
DEC+16bit HEX16bit	Decimal Point: 0	0 Suppress	; Height:1 💌
	-Color	Attribute	
	Foreground 🔲 🖛	• Normal	OK
	Background	C Blink	Cancel

► Data Type

The Data Form indicated on science and indicated as the below chart.				
DATA FORM	DATA TYPE NUMBER CATAGORY			
	Decimal signed 16bit	- 32768 ~ 32767		
	Decimal unsigned 16bit	0 ~ 65535		
	Decimal signed 32bit	- 2147483648 ~ 2147483647		
Absolute Value	Decimal unsigned 32bit	0 ~ 4294967295		
	BCD 16 bit	0 ~ 9999		
	BCD 32 bit	0 ~ 99999999		
	Hexa 16 bit	0 ~ FFFF		
	Hexa 32 bit	0 ~ FFFFFFF		
	Decimal signed 16bit	— 32768 ~ 32767		
Relative Value	Decimal unsigned 16bit	0 ~ 65535		
	Hexa 16bit	0 ~ FFFF		

The Data Form indicated on screen is specified and indicated as the below chart.

► Attribute [Applicable for PMU-200.]

It establishes the Attribute of the data being indicated.

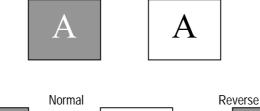
Normal: There is no Attribute of indication. (character: white, background color: black)

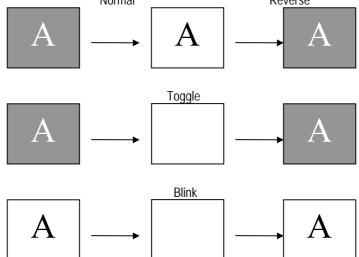
Blink: The indicated data's character color interchanges from white to black during a certain interval of time.

Toggle: The indicated data's character color and background color interchanges.

Reverse: The indicated data's character color in reversed from the Normal appearance. (character: black, background color: white)

Reverse Blink: While the data is in the Reverse situation, it also blinks.





Reverse Blink

► Attribute [Applicable for PMU-300]

It establishes the Attribute of the data being indicated.

Normal: There is no Attribute of indication.

Blink: The indicated data's character color interchanges from white to black during a certain interval of time. Toggle: The indicated data's character color and background color interchanges during a certain interval of time.

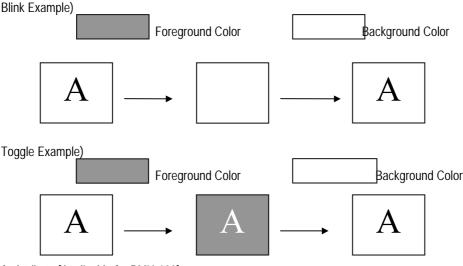
- The Blinking rate and the Toggle rate, can be modified and altered at the system's main frame. (100~9990ms)
- ► Color [Applicable for PMU-300]

It establishes the color of the data being indicated.

Foreground: It is the indicated data's character color.

Background: It is the indicated data's background color.

When the Attribute is Blink, the indicated data's character color becomes interchanged by the foreground color and the background color. When the Attribute is Toggle, the character color and the background color, both at the same time becomes interchanged by the foreground color and the background color.



► Attribute [Applicable for PMU-600]

It establishes the Attribute of the data being indicated.

Normal: There is no Attribute of indication.

Blink: The indicated data's character color interchanges from white to black during a certain interval of time. Toggle: The indicated data's character color and background color interchanges during a certain interval of time.

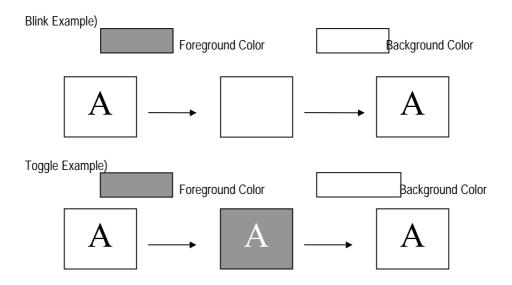
- The Blinking rate and the Toggle rate, can be modified and altered at the system's main frame. (100~9990ms)
- ► Color [Applicable for PMU-600]

It establishes the color of the data being indicated.

Foreground: It is the indicated data's character color.

Background: It is the indicated data's background color.

When the Attribute is Blink, the indicated data's character color becomes interchanged by the foreground color and the background color. When the Attribute is Toggle, the character color and the background color, both at the same time becomes interchanged by the foreground color and the background color.



▶ Indication

The data indicated on screen, of its Digit means the total number of places.

The decimal number is the numbers below the decimal point of the total numbers that you wish to specify.

The data of the interior main frame cannot be decimal point managed. Merely, the data value indicated on screen can be indicated by a decimal point.

Example) Data 3456123, Digit 7, Decimal point 3 3456.123

If the data type is Decimal signed 16bit or Decimal signed 32bit, the total indication place is actually one place more than the Digit number. (Where the code should be inserted)

Example) Data type Decimal signed 16bit, Digit Number 8 -12345678

Enlargement

Enlargement is the indication number size and you can specify the width and height.

The width and height can be enlarged by a maximum of eight times.

► Align

Align Method is the method to indicate the data within the specified place number.

You can align to the left, to the right, and to fulfill by zero.

Left Alignment: It is to assemble the data toward the left, within the specified place number.

 Right Alignment:
 It is to assemble the data toward the right, within the specified place number.

 123

0 Supperss: It is to align the data toward the right, while filling the blank left places with zero.

▶ If the data is bigger than the specified place number, the larger place value with not be shown.

Example) Data 12345, Digit 3

345

9-2. T TAG (Touch Tag)

Туре	PMU-200	PMU-300	PMU-600
Application	Х	0	0

This tag is only applicable for the PMU-300/600 Series

Once the touch territory is established on screen, by the touch enter, you may execute Bit or Word manufacture, or Special Functions.

Touch Tag ,

Can be used for Momentary Switch, On Switch, Off Switch, Alternate Switch that is used to manufacture a bit.

Can be used as a switch to move the following word data. Decimal 16 bit, BCD 16bit, Hexa 16bit, Increment Hexa 16 bit, Decrement Hexa 16 bit, Increment BCD 16 bit, and Decrement BCD 16 bit

Can be carried out as a switch to be used for the following special functions. Previous Screen Call , Original Screen Call , S/W Reset, Run Quit, Alarm Summary Printing the screen while Run of Special Functions is only applicable for PMU- 600.

Touch Tag Function Establishment

[PMU-300 Touch Tag Display Screen]

Touch Tag	×	
Name:	T I	
Function		
BitWo	ord Special	
Area Modify Cancel		
Hied Modify		

[PMU-600 Touch Tag display Screen]

Touch Tag		×
Te	ag Name: T	
Functions Bit Word Special	Buffer: 0 Bit: 0 0->1 C 1->0	Area Modify Cancel

► Tag Name

The first letter always starts with a "T" with a maximum of four letters or numbers.

► Function

The establishment of the Touch Tag can be divided into three major functions.

Bit Control Word Control Special Function

▶ Block Condition Establishment [Only applicable for PMU-600]

It has the function to establishing the existence of the Touch motions, which the block condition is established and the block condition is completed, the touch motions can be stopped.

Bit

Bit Control is to enter the established touch key, which the specified buffer, and specified bit can be manufactured.

Bit	×
Specification Operation Buffer: • Momentary • ON • OFF • Alternate • Compari	Son
Expression Operand Operator Data(DEC)	OK
	Cancel

Buffer Specification

Buffer: It is the buffer to be manufactured when the Touch Key is pressedBit: It is the bit to be manufactured when the specified buffer's touch key is pressed. (0-15)

Run Method

There are five different ways to establish Run Method

Momentary: ①When the touch key is held down the specified bit will be"1",

when released the bit will be "0".

2 The previous value will not be established unless it is pressed.

ON: When the touch key is pressed the specified bit will be "1".

OFF: When the touch key is pressed the specified bit will be "0".

Alternate: Each time the touch key is pressed, the specified bit is alternately set and reset

Comparison: When the touch key is pressed the comparison buffer and the specified value will coincide the condition then the specified bit will be "1".

► Expression

Can be established only when the Run Method is Comparison.

When the Run Method is Comparison, the compared buffer and the specified value's relationship will be coincided with the operator and the specified bit will be "1".

There are six types of operator, which are <, >, =, \pm , \leq , \geq .

For example, when the specified value of the comparison buffer value is 100 and the specified value is 200, and the operator is ">" the Run result not coincide. Thus, even though the touch key is entered, the bit will not be manufactured.

Chapter 9. Tag Register and Other Function

The comparison buffer must be over 201 for the result to coincide and the touch key is entered for the bit to be manufactured.

Show Press

While in Run, when the Show Press is selected the corresponding touch territory will be pressed then automatically XOR will be indicated.

► Buzzer Beep

While touch enter, a buzzer can be established to be sounded.

The buzzer sound's volume can be changed at the main frame menu of 'System Establish' at the 'First Stage Establishment'.

Word

Specified Buffer

It is the specified value and the buffer value, which the buffer is to be specified when the touch key is entered.

Method of Word Specification

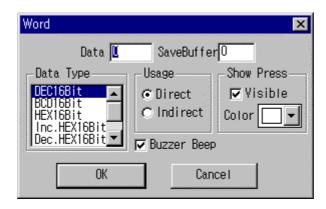
There are two ways to specify a method. They are, Direct and Indirect.

The Direct method uses the specified data's value of the specified buffer when the touch key is entered.

The Indirect method uses the buffer number's data of the specified buffer when the touch key is entered.

Direct Method (Specified Data)

If the method of specification is Direct, the category to be established of the specified data's value will be used as the touch key is entered.



Indirect Method (Specified Buffer)

If the method of specification is Indirect, the number of the category to be established and the value of the given buffer will be used for the specified buffer as the touch key is entered.

Word		×		
Buffer 0 Data Type DEC16Bit BCD16Bit HEX16Bit Inc.HEX16Bit Dec.HEX16Bit	SaveBuffer Usage ⊂ Direct ⊂ Indirect ▼ Buzzer Beep	Show Press Visible Color		
OK Cancel				

► Data Type

The Data Type is the data form that is saved for the specified buffer.

Decimal 16 bit (0 \sim 65535)

The specified buffer and the buffer number is recognized as in decimal, which is saved under the specified buffer.

BCD 16 bit (0 \sim 9999)

The Direct Method of the specified data or the Indirect Method of the buffer number's data will be recognized as the BCD value and used as the specified buffer.

In this situation the letters $A \sim F$ cannot be used in the specified data and when the buffer

number points to the data of hexadecimal the letters $A \sim F$ are included, which cannot be used for the specified buffer.

Hexa 16 bit (0 \sim FFFF)

When the method is the Direct Method, the entered specified data is recognized as hexadecimal and the specified buffer will be used.

When the method is Indirect Method, the specified data of the buffer number will be used as the specified buffer.

In this situation, the conclusion will be the same as Decimal 16 bit.

Increment Hexa 16 bit (0 \sim FFFF)

When the method is Direct Method then the specified data, and when the method is Indirect Method then the specified buffer's pointed data will be added to the specified buffer. Each data is recognized as hexadecimal.

Decrement Hexa 16 bit ($0 \sim FFFF$)

When the method is Direct Method then the specified data, and when the method is Indirect Method then the specified buffer's pointed data will be deleted from the specified buffer. Each data is recognized as hexadecimal.

Increment BCD 16 bit (0 \sim 9999)

When the method is Direct Method then the specified data, and when the method is Indirect Method then the specified buffer's pointed data will be added to the specified buffer. Each data will be recognized as BCD and when the data value is shown the letters $A \sim F$ will be included the delay will not happen.

Decrement BCD 16 bit (0 \sim 9999)

When the method is Direct Method then the specified data, and when the method is Indirect Method then the specified buffer's pointed data will be deleted from the specified buffer. Each data will be recognized as BCD and when the data value is shown the letters $A \sim F$ will be included the delay will not happen.

Show Press, Buzzer Beep

The method is the same when buffer is specified.

Special

For Special Functions there are Previous Screen, Original Screen, S/W Reset,

Run Exit, Alarm Summary, and Print Screen.

The functions Show Press, Buzzer Beep, and Press Color are the same.

Ş	Special Function		2	ĸ
all all the second second	Specification Previous Screen C Original C Alarm Summary C RUN E		n ⊂S/W Reset ⊂Print Screen	
	Show Press Buzzer B Visible	Beep	OK Cancel	

▶ Previous Screen

While in Run, you can call up and convert to the previous screen. You may call up a maximum of 10 screens.

To call up previous screens continuously, each paged screen must be touch tag registered.

Original Screen

It is the function to move back to the original screen from the called up previous screen. The original screen is the very first screen which called up the previous screen.

► S/W Reset

It is the function of which the internal system buffer's used value is initialized. The Clock and Date of the related buffer are not influenced.

► Run Exit

It is the function to end the Run mode and enter into the main menu.

► Alarm Summary

While in Run if an alarm is sounded, then it will show the saved Alarm Summary Screen.

After reading the alarm, if you press the Cancel Touch Key on screen, then it will go back to the Run mode.

In this situation, you may not select Show Press.

▶ Print Screen (Only applicable for PMU-600)

While in Run, if you press the touch key, the screen in Run will be printed.

Print Screen is also capable when connected it to the key board, by pressing "Print Screen".

The following are cautious you should take heed in when establishing the touch of the PMU-300/600.

① Touch territories should not be over lapped when registered.

If you register the tag as it is over lapping the two touch tags will not operate properly.

② The touch territory's unit should be a minimum of width 20 and height 20. Thus, when registering the touch, a width, height 20 dot snap shot fixation is the best.

9-3. F TAG (Function Key Tag)

Туре	PMU-200	PMU-300	PMU-600
Application	0	0	0

The function keys located on the main frame act as Bit or Word Manipulation and Special Functions as entered.

Function Key Tag ,

Can be used for Momentary Switch, On Switch, Off Switch, Alternate Switch which is used to manufacture a bit.

Can be used as a switch to move the following word data.

Decimal 16 bit, BCD 16bit, Hexa 16bit, Increment Hexa 16 bit, Decrement Hexa 16 bit, Increment BCD 16 bit, and Decrement BCD 16 bit

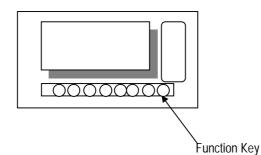
Can be carried out as a switch to be used for the following special functions.

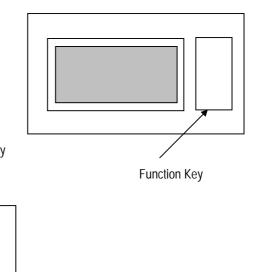
Previous Screen , Original Screen , S/W Reset, Run Quit, Alarm Summary, and Print Screen

PMU-200 Function Key Location

PMU-600 Function Key Location

PMU-300 Function Key Location





Function Key

◄

Function Key Tag's Function Establishment

► Tag Specification [Applicable for PMU-200]

Function Key Tag	×
-Specification	
Name: F Function Key: F1 💌	Cancel
Function	
Bit Word	Special
2 <u>1</u>	

Name:

The beginning of the word starts with the letter 'F' automatically and the user may allow up to four letters or numbers (total 5 letters).

Function Key:

- ① It allows the specification of the function key and there are a total of 15.
- ② Can choose between F1-F10, \blacktriangle , \blacktriangledown , \blacktriangledown , \blacklozenge , ENTER.

Warnings

- ① Function Key MENU:
- At the main frame, while establishing the menu it enables you to move to the previous menu. While in Run, the Function Keys are the keys located at the bottom, and the F1~F10 keys can be used as TEN KEY or as general function keys.
- Thus, when pressed the T/K LED is lighted and the TEN KEY begets the function of the Function Key. When pressing MENU again, the T/K LED light turns off and the function key's function key tag can be specified.
- ② Function Key SHIFT:

This is used when the TEN KEY is used as the F1 \sim F10 at the bottom.

When you press the bottom function keys, then such as the bottom, it will be used as a TEN KEY.

FUNCTION KEY	GENERAL (TEN KEY MODE)	When pressed with the SHIFT key (TEN KEY MODE)
F1	1	A(HEXA)
F2	2	B(HEXA)
F3	3	C(HEXA)
F4	4	D(HEXA)
F5	5	E(HEXA)
F6	6	F(HEXA)
F7	7	
F8	8	
F9	9	(When entering a negative number)
F10	0	CLEAR (Key Indication Tag Contents)

Function Key Tag's Function Establishment

► Tag Specification [Applicable for PMU-300]

Function Key	Tag	×
_ Specificat	ion	Cancel
Name: F		Cancer
Keys: F1	-	
-Functions-		
Bit	Word	Special

Name:

The beginning of the word starts with the letter 'F' automatically and the user may allow up to four letters or numbers (total 5 letters).

Function Key:

- 1 It allows the specification of the function key and there are a total of 15.
- ② The Function Key is granted and out of the following 14 you can specify which keys. The following 14 keys are: F1-F10, ENTER, UP, DOWN, ESC.
- ► Function

The establishment of the function key tag has three major roles.

Bit Control Function, Word Control Function, and Special Function

► Tag Specification [Applicable for PMU-600]

Function	Key Tag	×
- Specif	ication	2 ⁰⁸ - 1
Name:	F	Cancel
Keys:	F1 💌	
Funct i	on	
Bit	Word	Special

Name:

The beginning of the word starts with the letter 'F' automatically and the user may allow up to four letters or numbers (total 5 letters).

Function Key:

① It allows the specification of the function key and there are a total of 12.

2 Can be chosen between F1-F12.

► Function

The establishment of the function key tag has three major roles.

Bit Control Function, Word Control Function, and Special Function

<u>Bit</u>

Bit Control is to enter the established touch key which the specified buffer and specified bit can be manufactured.

▶ Buffer Specification

Buffer: It is the buffer to be manufactured when the Function Key is pressed

Bit: It is the bit to be manufactured when the specified buffer's Function key is pressed. (0-15)

Run Method

There are five different ways to establish Run Method

Momentary: ①When the function key is pressed the specified bit will be"1",

when released the bit will be "0".

2 The previous value will not be established unless it is pressed.

ON: When the function key is pressed the specified bit will be "1".

OFF: When the function key is pressed the specified bit will be "0".

Alternate: Each time the function key is pressed the specified bit is alternate set and reset. Comparison: When the function key is pressed the comparison buffer and the specified value will coincide the expression option then the specified bit will be "1".

► Expression

Can be established only when the Run Method is Comparison.

When the Run Method is Comparison, the compared buffer and the specified value's relationship will be coincided with the operator and the specified bit will be "1".

There are six types of operator, which are <, >, =, \pm , \leq , \geq .

For example, when the specified value of the comparison buffer value is 100 and the specified value is 200, and the operator is ">" the Run result not coincide. Thus, even though the function key is entered, the bit will not be manufactured.

The comparison buffer must be over 201 for the result to coincide and the function key is entered for the bit to be manufactured.

▶ Buzzer Beep

While function key enter, a buzzer can be established to be sounded.

The buzzer sound's volume can be changed at the main frame menu of 'System Establish' at the 'First Stage Establishment'.

Word

► Specified Buffer

It is the specified value and the buffer value, which the buffer is to be specified when the function key is entered.

Method of Word Specification

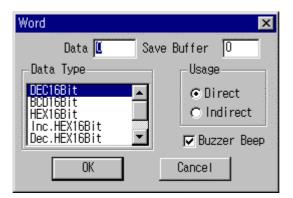
There are two ways to specify a method. They are direct and indirect.

The Direct method uses the specified data's value of the specified buffer when the function key is entered.

The Indirect method uses the buffer number's data of the specified buffer when the function key is entered.

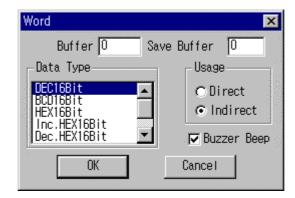
Direct Method (Specified Data)

If the method of specification is Direct, the category to be established of the specified data's value will be used as the function key is entered.



Indirect Method (Specified Buffer)

If the method of specification is Indirect, the number of the category to be established and the value of the given buffer will be used for the specified buffer as the function key is entered.



► Data Type

The Data Type is the data form that is saved for the specified buffer.

Decimal 16 bit (0~65535)

The specified buffer and the buffer number is recognized as in decimal, which is saved under the specified buffer.

BCD 16 bit (0~9999)

The Direct Method of the specified data or the Indirect Method of the buffer number's data will be recognized as the BCD value and used as the specified buffer.

In this situation the letters $A \sim F$ cannot be used in the specified data and when the buffer number points to the data of hexadecimal the letters $A \sim F$ are included, which cannot be used for the specified buffer.

Hexa 16 bit (0 \sim FFFF)

When the method is the Direct Method, the entered specified data is recognized as hexadecimal and the specified buffer will be used.

When the method is Indirect Method, the specified data of the buffer number will be used as the specified buffer.

In this situation, the conclusion will be the same as Decimal 16 bit.

Increment Hexa 16 bit (0 \sim FFFF)

When the method is Direct Method then the specified data, and when the method is Indirect

Method then the specified buffer's pointed data will be added to the specified buffer. Each data is recognized as hexadecimal.

Decrement Hexa 16 bit (0 \sim FFFF)

When the method is Direct Method then the specified data, and when the method is Indirect Method then the specified buffer's pointed data will be deleted from the specified buffer. Each data is recognized as hexadecimal.

Increment BCD 16 bit (0 \sim 9999)

When the method is Direct Method then the specified data, and when the method is Indirect Method then the specified buffer's pointed data will be added to the specified buffer. Each data will be recognized as BCD and when the data value is shown the letters $A \sim F$ will be included the result will not happen.

Decrement BCD 16 bit (0 \sim 9999)

When the method is Direct Method then the specified data, and when the method is Indirect Method then the specified buffer's pointed data will be deleted from the specified buffer. Each data will be recognized as BCD and when the data value is shown the letters $A \sim F$ will be included the result will not happen.

Show Press, Buzzer Beep The method is the same when buffer is specified.

Special

For Special Functions there are Previous Screen , Original Screen , S/W Reset, Run Exit, Alarm Summary, and Print Screen.

The functions Buzzer Beep is the same.

Special Function	×
Functions • Previous Screen • S/W Reset • Alarm Summary	⊂ Original Screen ⊂ RUN Exit ⊂ Print Screen
☑ Buzzer Beep OK	Cancel

► Previous Screen

While in Run, you can call up and convert to the previous screen. You may call up a maximum of 10 screens.

To call up previous screens continuously, each paged screen must be Function Key tag registered.

► Original Screen

It is the function to move back to the original screen from the called up previous screen.

The original screen is the very first screen which called up the previous screen.

► S/W Reset

It is the function of which the internal system buffer's used value is initialized. The Clock and Date of the related buffer are not influenced.

► Run Exit

It is the function to end the operation mode and enter into the main menu.

► Alarm Summary

While in Run if an alarm is sounded, then it will show the saved Alarm Summary Screen.

After reading the alarm, if you press the Cancel Touch Key on screen, then it will go back to the Run mode.

In this situation, you may not select Show Press.

▶ Print Screen (Only applicable for PMU-600)

While in Run, if you press the touch key, the screen in operation will be printed.

Print Screen is also capable when connected it to the key board, by pressing "Print Screen".

9-4. W TAG (Buffer Write Tag)

Туре	PMU-200	PMU-300	PMU-600
Application	0	0	0

According to the condition option, you may write the specified system buffer or operate the specific bit.

Keep in mind that when the screen converts, the converted screen's buffer write and tag automatically operates.

Buffer Write Tag

You are able to select the condition option.

- $0 \rightarrow 1$: The specified buffer's bit changes from OFF to ON and operates
- 1 \rightarrow 0: The specified buffer's bit changes from ON to OFF and operates
- $1 \leftrightarrow 0$: The specified buffer's bit changes and operates

You may create the bit by the following steps.

- ON: According to the condition option the bit is ON
- OFF: According to the condition option the bit is OFF

Alternate: According to the condition option the bit is reversed

Comparison Set: When the condition option and the comparison option are both satisfied the bit is ON

Buffer Write 1	Fag 🛛 🔀
_ Specificat	ion
Name: 🕅	1
Buffer: <mark>O</mark>	Bit: O 💌
Condition	- Function
O→1	Bit Word
00←1	
.⊂ 0↔1	Cancel

The type of data that are handled when creating word are the following. Decimal 16 bit, Hexa 16 bit, BCD 16 bit, Increment Hexa 16 bit, Decrement Hexa 16 bit, Increment BCD 16 bit, Decrement BCD 16 bit

Buffer Write Tag's Establishment Category

► Specification

Name: The first letter always begins with the letter "W" with a maximum of four letters or numbers of the tag name is granted.

Buffer: It is to save the buffer to be used for the condition option.

According to this buffer, the buffer write operates.

Bit: It is to save the bit to be used for the condition option.

When this bit and the condition option coincides with each other then the buffer write will be accomplished.

► Condition

The buffer write will be executed when the specified buffer's specified bit are in some condition. There are three conditions and they are:

- (1) $0 \rightarrow 1$: The specified buffer's specified bit changes from 0 to 1 to be executed.
- ② $0 \leftarrow 1$: The specified buffer's specified bit changes from 1 to 0 to be executed.
- ③ 0 ↔1: The specified buffer's specified bit is changed from 1 to 0 or from 0 to 1 to be executed.

► Function

The buffer writing manufacturing method is in the Bit and Word.

Bit manipulation is only manufacturing the optional bit where as word manipulation is writing the buffer value or other buffers onto the optional bit.

Bit	×
Specification Operation Method	ОК
Buffer: 🔲 💿 ON 🔿 OFF	
Bit: 0 💽 CAlternate C Comparison	Cancel
Expression	
Buffer Operator Data(DEC)	

<u>Bit</u>

According to the Bit Manipulation the buffer write conditions and the saved buffer's saved bit can be ON, OFF, or Reversed.

► Specification

Buffer: A saved buffer is the target for the buffer write, which will be manufactured.

Bit: A saved bit is when the Bit Manipulation is conducted for the buffer write.

Operation Method

The Run method is the method of manufacturing the saved bit. There are four different methods.

① ON: According to the Run option, it allows the saved buffer's saved bit to turn ON.

② OFF: According to the Run option, it allows the saved buffer's saved bit to turn OFF.

③ Alternate: According to the Run option, it reverses the saved buffer's saved bit.

When the saved bit's value is 0, then it is changed to 1 and vice versa.

④ Comparison Set: When the Run option is operated and the comparison buffer and the saved value's relationship is corresponding with the delay character, the saved buffer's saved bit is turned ON.

Bit	×
Specification - Operation Method Buffer: O ON OFF	OK Cancel
Bit: 0 CAlternate Comparison Expression Buffer Operator Data(DEC)	

► Operator

This establishment is used only when the Run method is in Comparison Set.

When the Run method is Comparison Set, the comparison buffer and the specified value must coincide with the Operator in order for the Run option's Bit Manipulation to happen.

① Comparison Buffer: This is the buffer number to be compared.

- ② Operator: There are six different types of characters to be compared. They are <, >, =, \leq , \geq .
- ③ Specified Value: This is the data value to be compared with the comparison buffer. This value is in decimal and can be from 0 to 65535.

For Example,

If the comparison buffer is 250 and the specified value is 123, with a operator of >...If the 250 buffer's saved value is 100, "100>123 (False)" happen. Thus, even though the buffer write does actually operate, the bit manipulation does not happen. Therefore, the in order for the bit manipulation to operate the 250 buffer 's value must exceed 123.

Word

According to the Run option, when the buffer write begins to operate. Then when the method of Run is Direct, at the saved data, if the method of Run is Indirect, at the saved buffer, will the specified buffer's number is be written.

► Usage

For specification method, there are Direct method and Indirect method.

► Direct (Specification Data)

For this situation, the saved buffer and the specified data must be established in order for the established specific data to be used as the saved buffer.

When there is an Increment or a Decrement, the specific data will be used as the saved buffer and the data to be calculated.

Word		×
Data L Data Type Deci6Bit BCD16Bit HEX16Bit Inc.HEX16Bit Dec.HEX16Bit	Save Buffer: F Usage © Direct © Indirect	OK Cance I

Indirect (Specified Buffer)

In this situation the buffer number and the saved buffer must be established for the established buffer

number's data to be used as a saved buffer.

If the data type is Increment or Decrement the saved buffer will be used as the Attribute data.

Word		×
Buffer 0 Data Type OEC16Bit BCD16Bit HEX16Bit Inc.HEX16Bit Dec.HEX16Bit	Save Buffer: O Usage C Direct C Indirect	OK Cancel

► Data Type

It is the type of data which the specified data is written on the saved buffer, or the buffer number is used as the specified buffer's data.

The following are the Data Types used.

Decimal 16 bit (0~65535)

The specified data or the buffer number's data are recognized as decimal, which is saved at the saved buffer.

BCD 16 bit (0~9999)

The Direct Method of the specified data or the Indirect Method of the buffer number's data will be recognized as the BCD value and used as the specified buffer. In this situation, the letters $A \sim F$ cannot be used in the specified data and when the buffer number points to the data of hexadecimal the letters $A \sim F$ are included, which cannot be used for the specified buffer.

Hexa 16 bit (0 \sim FFFF)

When the method is the Direct Method, the entered specified data is recognized as hexadecimal and the specified buffer will be used.

When the method is Indirect Method, the specified data of the buffer number will be used as the specified buffer.

In this situation, the conclusion will be the same as Decimal 16 bit.

Increment Hexa 16 bit (0 \sim FFFF)

When the method is Direct Method then the specified data and when the method is Indirect Method then the specified buffer's pointed data will be added to the specified buffer. Each data is recognized as hexadecimal.

Decrement Hexa 16 bit (0 \sim FFFF)

When the method is Direct Method then the specified data, and when the method is Indirect Method then the specified buffer's pointed data will be deleted from the specified buffer. Each data is recognized as hexadecimal.

Increment BCD 16 bit (0 \sim 9999)

When the method is Direct Method then the specified data, and when the method is Indirect Method then the specified buffer's pointed data will be added to the specified buffer.

Each data will be recognized as BCD and when the data value is Hexa then the letters $A \sim F$ will be included which result will not happen.

Decrement BCD 16 bit (0 \sim 9999)

When the method is Direct Method then the specified data, and when the method is Indirect Method then the specified buffer's pointed data will be deleted from the specified buffer.

Each data will be recognized as BCD and when the data value is Hexa then the letters $A \sim F$ will be included which result will not happen.

9-5. A TAG (Auxiliary Tag)

Туре	PMU-200	PMU-300	PMU-600
Application	0	0	0

It is the function where the user can call up the already created assistant screen onto the standard screen.

There are two methods in specifying the assistant screen to be called up in the Assistant Tag. Direct Method: According to the condition, the specified assistant screen is called up. There are two ways in drawing the assistant screen, which are REPLACE and XOR.

For the Direct Method, to call up the assistant screen there are two indication choices.

- (1) $0 \rightarrow 1$: When the specified buffer's specified bit is turned ON from OFF, the assistant screen will be indicated.
- ② 1→0: When the specified buffer's specified bit is turned OFF from ON, the assistant screen will be indicated.

Indirect Method: The assistant screen gets called up according to the specified buffer's data. Therefore, when the data changes so does the assistant screen.

The assistant screen will get over drawn the standard screen. (REPLACE function)

Establishment Category

Specification

Name: The first letter of the name automatically begins with the letter "A". The tag name may be up to four letters or numbers.

► Tag Usage

There are two methods in calling up the Assistant Tag.

Direct:

When the specified buffer and the specified bit's Condition coincides, then the assistant screen

number corresponding to the assistant screen will be indicated.

When the Condition is canceled, the assistant screen indicated on screen will disappear.

You may use the REPLACE or XOR method to indicate the assistant screen.

① REPLACE:

- When the Condition coincides then the picture to be drawn on the background of the assistant screen will be replaced.
- Thus, the picture to drawn on the background will have no affect when the assistant screen is indicated.
- In this method, when the Condition is canceled, the assistant screen will disappear and the original background screen will reappear. Therefore, this method is slower than the XOR method.
- 2 XOR:

When the Condition coincides, on the background picture XOR will be indicated on the assistant screen.

In this method, if there is a colored figure on the background the assistant screen to be indicated will show a different color than the original color of the user created assistant screen.

However, the positive aspect is that the XOR method is quicker than the REPLACE method in the assistant screen's Attribute and distribute.

Thus, it is better to use the XOR method if there are lines, squares, circles, or ovals to be colored.

Auxiliary Tag		×
Sub	Screen No. 0	
_ Specification	·	-Usage
Name A		⊙ Direct
Buffer 0	Bit 🛛 💌	C Indirect
-Condition	Display Mode	OK
© 0->1 © 0<-1	 REPLACE XOR 	Cancel
L	L	

Indirect:

The assistant screen's specified buffer's data becomes the called up assistant screen's number. The assistant screen is indicated at the same place, then the assistant screen specified buffer's data changes, and then the corresponding assistant screen gets called up.

- ① If the specified buffer's data does not exist then the assistant screen's number will not change.
- (2) The assistant screen to be called up will continuously be over written on the previous assistant screen.
- Therefore, if the previous assistant screen is bigger than the called up assistant screen, then the screen will not be completely erased.

Auxiliary Tag	×
Sub Screen Buffer 0	-
Specification	-Usage
Name A	⊂ Direct
Buffer 🛛 🛛 Bit 💽 💌	⊙[Indirect
Condition	ОК
	Cancel

Direct Method

The Direct Method is when the specified bit is changed to 1 from 0 or it is changed to 0 from 1 (Condition), then the established assistant screen will be shown.

Buffer

This is the buffer in which the Condition is to be compared with a bit.

► Bit

It is to be compared with the Condition.

► Condition

It is the option in which to call up the established assistant screen when the specified buffer's

specified bit is in which condition.

There are two Conditions.

① 0→1:

When the specified bit is changed to 1 from 0 the assistant screen gets called up. When the specified bit goes back to 0 from 1 then the assistant screen disappears. (Before the assistant screen is called, the background picture will reappear)

② 0←1:

When the specified bit is changed to 0 from 1 the assistant screen gets called up. When the specified bit goes back to 1 from 0 then the assistant screen disappears. (Before the assistant screen is called, the background picture will reappear)

Assistant Screen Number

When the method is Direct Method, it is to be the called up assistant screen number. When the Condition coincides then the screen will appear, and when canceled the screen will disappear. Therefore the assistant screen will be XOR at the standard screen.

► Display Mode

There are two methods of indication.

1 REPLACE

When the assistant screen is indicated on screen, the background pictures have no relationship. This method is useful when creating and calling up the Ten Key screen (Assistant Screen $900 \sim 999$). ② XOR

When the assistant screen is indicated, the background pictures are faced with XOR. When there is no created assistant screen with the accomplished figures (line, square, circle, oval, pie, and arc) it is best to use this method.

When using the PMU-600 Series, the PAINT function will not be called.

Indirect Method of Establishment

According to the assistant screen specific buffer's data, the called up assistant screen buffer data's value is changed.

Assistant Screen Specification Buffer

It is the buffer in which the assistant screen is to be called upon the standard screen.

This buffer is the data's assistant screen number.

If there is no existing assistant screen, then nothing will appear on the standard screen.

9-6. S TAG (Symbol Tag)

Туре	PMU-200	PMU-300	PMU-600
Application	0	0	0

It is for the user to call up the desired symbol, already created, onto the standard screen.

Symbol Tag is,

According to the specified optional buffer's bit the symbol is called upon the standard screen. There are two options of indication for the specified bit.

 $\textcircled{0} \rightarrow 1$: When the specified buffer is changed to ON from OFF the symbol is called.

(2) 1 \rightarrow 0: When the specified buffer is changed to OFF from ON the symbol is called.

To call up the desired symbol, you may use the Direct Method or the Indirect Method to specify your symbol.

The Direct Method is when the specified buffer's specified data coincides with the Condition, then the established symbol corresponds to the symbol's specified number which is called.

The Indirect Method is when the specified buffer's specified bit coincides with the Condition, then the symbol screen specification buffer's saved data and the symbol of the same number is called upon the standard screen.

The indicated symbol can be enlarged from 1 to 8.

The indicated symbol's color can be specified by option and its Attribute can be by Toggle or Blink.

Establishment Category

► Tag Specification

The first letter automatically begins with the letter "S" with a maximum of four letters or numbers.

Enlargement Establishment

PMU-200/300/600 Series Establishment Instructions

Decide the width and length of the indicated symbol to be enlarged.

Each can be enlarged up to eight times.

If the symbol's number is over 900 then the image symbol becomes recognized, and the enlargement method does not apply, so be careful.

► Color Specification [Only applicable for PMU-300/600 Series]

It establishes the background and foreground color of the symbol to be indicated.

The actual created symbol is white and black, which the foreground color is white and the background color is black.

Here, the established foreground color and background color is to change the established foreground color and background color when calling up the symbol onto the standard screen.

Attribute

It is to change the Attribute of the called up symbol.

There are five types in the PMU-200 Series.

Normal, Blink, Toggle, Reverse, and Reverse Blink There are three types in the PMU-300/600 Series. Normal, Blink, and Toggle

 $\textcircled{1} \mathsf{Normal}$

It is when the indicated symbol has no Attribute.

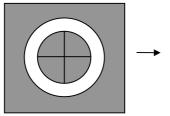
PMU-200 Indication Method It is indicated by a black background and white lines and dots.

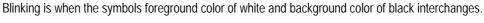
PMU-300/600 Indication Method When indicated, the color of the established foreground and background are different..

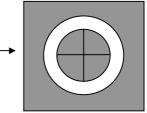
2 Blink

It is when the indicated symbol has a blinking Attribute.

PMU-200 Indication Method

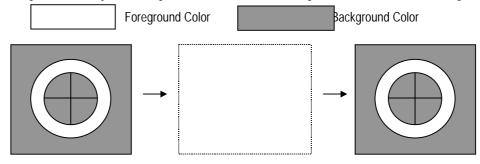






PMU-300/600 Indication Method

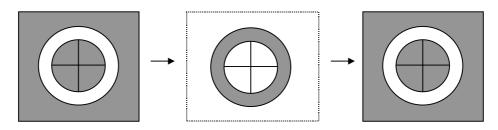
Blinking is when the symbols foreground color of white and background color of black interchanges.



3 Toggle

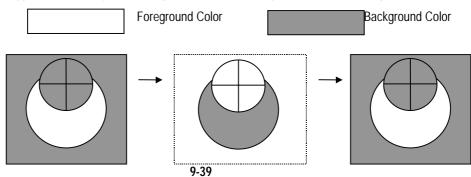
It is when the indicated symbol has a toggle Attribute.

PMU-200 Indication Method



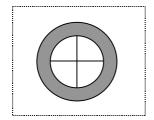
PMU-300/600 Indication Method

Toggle is when the symbol's foreground color and background color interchanges.



Reverse (PMU-200 Indication Method)

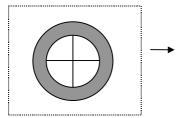
It is when the called up symbol is reversed from normal. Thus, from the foreground color of white with the background color of black, the foreground color becomes black and the background color becomes white.



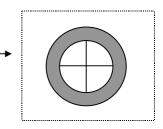
Reverse Blink (PMU-200 Indication Method)

It is the function where the indicated symbol has the character of reverse, but also blinks.

Thus, the white background and black symbol appears and disappears.







How to Use

It is the method to call up the Symbol Tag. Here you may use the Direct Method or the Indirect Method.

Direct (Symbol Number Establishment)

When the specified buffer's specified bit coincides, then the symbol corresponding to the established symbol's specification number will be indicated on the standard screen.

The called up symbol screen will disappear when the Condition is canceled.

You must establish the symbol specification number between 1 and 999.

According to the Direct Method, when the symbol is called up, XOR will appear on the symbol screen.

×
Usage OK
⊙ Direct
C Indirect Cancel
ttribute
Normal C Reverse
Blink C Reverse Toggle Toggle
1

PMU-200 Indication Screen

PMU-300/600 Indication Screen

Symbol Tag	×
Symbol Number 0 Cold Specification Usage Fores	or ground v ground v OK Cance I

Indirect (Code Specification Buffer Establishment)

The symbol will be indicated when the symbol specification buffer's number is specified. When the symbol specification buffer's data is changed, then the changed data's number's symbol will be indicated on screen.

According to the Indirect Method, when the symbol gets called up, the standard screen will be over written.

(The symbol called up on screen may be changed, but will not disappear)

Symbol Tag			×
S	ymbol No. 🕅)	
- Specification		-Usage	
Name: S		⊙ Direct	ОК
Buffer: <mark>O</mark> Bit	: 0 💌	○ Indirect	Cancel
Enlargement	ondition	Attribute	
Width: 1 🚽 📀	0→1	🖲 Norma I 🔿 Rev	verse
Height: 1 🔽 C	0←1	🖱 Blink 🔿 Re	verse Toggle
) Toggle	

PMU-200 Indication Screen

PMU-300/600 Indication Screen

Symbol Tag		×
Symbol Number	Usage © Direct © Indirect	Color Foreground 💽 🗸 Background 🔳 💽
Enlargement Condition Width: 1 ▼	Attribute Normal OBlink OToggle	OK Cance I

Direct Method of Establishment

► Buffer

It is the buffer to be used for the symbol's Condition.

► Bit

It is the bit to be used within the symbol's Condition of the specification buffer. This bit is called by the ON, OFF actions.

► Condition

It is to decide when to call the symbol when the specified bit's specified bit is in what state.

There are two methods of Conditions.

① 0→1:

When the specified bit is changed to 1 from 0 then the symbol gets called upon. When the specified bit is changed back to 0 then the symbol disappears from screen.

② 0←1

When the specified bit is changed to 0 from 1 then the symbol gets called upon. When the specified bit is changed back to 1 then the symbol disappears from screen.

Symbol Specification Number It is to specify the symbol number according to the Direct Method of condition option.

Indirect Method of Establishment

Symbol Specification Buffer

It is establishing the buffer number which is the indicated symbol number's buffer, when the Indirect Method is used.

Every time this buffer's data is changed the symbol shown on screen also changes.

9-7. B TAG (Block Tag)

Туре	PMU-200	PMU-300	PMU-600
Application	Х	0	0

Applied to: PMU-300/600 Series

According to the condition option's specified bit the specified territory will not operate. PMU-300/600 main frame touch panel operates the touch Run by 20×20 . Therefore, the registration of the block tag should be done by both width, length of the double number of 20.

The block tag can be registered at the standard screen, but only one screen per block tag can be entered.

Block Tag,

By establishing the territory, according to the specified bit the condition option will generate, then within that territory the touch key will not operate.

There are two condition options for the specified bit.

- ① 0→1: When the specified bit is changed to "1" from "0" the specified territory's touch key will not operate.
- ② 1→0: When the specified bit is changed to "0" from "1" the specified territory's touch key will not operate. You may only register one Block Tag.

Block Tag	×
-Specification	
Name: B	OK
Buffer: O 📕	Area Modify
- Condition	
⊙ 0→1 _ O ←1	Cancel

Establishment Category

► Tag Specification

Name

The head of the tag name will automatically begin with the letter B, with a maximum of four letters or numbers.

► Buffer

It is the system buffer in which the block tag's condition option is established.

► Bit

It is the bit to be compared with the condition option.

► Condition

It is to establish the specified bit when it is in a condition which the block tag effected.

$\textcircled{1} 0 \rightarrow 1$

When the specified bit is changed to "1" from "0" then the specified territory's touch key will not operate.

② 0←1

When the specified bit is changed to "0" from "1" then the specified territory's touch key will not operate.

► Territory Specification

It is to specify the block tag of which a territory is established.

The point in which you first register the tag is the starting point and after you have established the category of the block tag, the established square is the territory in which the block tag has established.

9-8. D TAG (Delay Tag)

Туре	PMU-200	PMU-300	PMU-600
Application	0	0	0

When the specified buffer's specified bit is condition option then the value is used for the specified buffer or bit, after a certain delay time has past.

Delay Tag

After the condition has began, and before the actual Run begins the delay time can be specified by 500ms.

According to the specified bit there are two methods of condition options.

 $0 \rightarrow 1$, and $1 \rightarrow 0$.

After establishing the delay time, manufacturing targets are Word Manipulation and Bit Manipulation.

Bit Manipulation: It turns ON the specified bit.

Word Manipulation: It writes in the value for the saved buffer.

When the manufacturing method is Word Manipulation, there are two ways to write in the value.

Direct Method: It writes in the specified value into the saved buffer.

Indirect Method: It writes in the established buffer's data into the saved buffer.

Establishment Category

► Tag Establishment

Name:

The head of the tag name will automatically begin with the letter "D" with a maximum of four letters or numbers.

Buffer:

It is the buffer to be used as the Condition specified bit.

Bit:

It is the bit to be used for the Condition option.

When this bit coincides with the Condition, from that point till the delay time the saved bit or saved buffer will be manufactured.

Condition

It is the option for the delay tag to operate .:

0→1

When the specified bit of buffer is changed from "0" to "1" then the amount of established delay time and after the delay the buffer is manufactured or the bit is manufactured.:

0←1

When the specified bit of buffer is changed from "1" to "0" then the amount of established delay time and after the delay the buffer is manufactured or the bit is manufactured.:

After the Condition has been met, and before the delay time has past, when the Condition is canceled then the delay tag will not operate.

For example: Let us look at an example where the Condition is $0 \rightarrow 1$ and the delay time is 10×500 ms (5 seconds).

When the specified bit is changed to 1 from 0, and three seconds later [3 seconds < 5 seconds (= delay time)] and when the specified bit is back to 0 then the delay tag will not operate.

×

Delay Tag	
Specification	-Condition
Name: D	O→1
Buffer: O Bit: O 💌	C 0←1
Delay Time	
0 (x500mS) Bit	Word
Cancel	

PMU-200 Delay Tag Screen

PMU-300 Delay Tag Screen

Delay Tag	×
_ Specification	Function
Name: D	Bit
Buffer: 0 Bit: 0	Word
• 0→1 0 • 0↔1 0 • 0↔1 0	Cancel

PMU-600 Delay Tag Screen

Delay Tag	×
_ Specification	-Function
Name: D	Bit
Buffer: 0 Bit: 0 I	Word
	Cancel

► Delay Time

Delay time is after the manufacturing option has been developed the Bit Manipulation or the Word Manipulation method will be established.

The time unit is 500ms and can be established up to 65535×500 ms (32767.5 seconds).

► Function

The Function option is after the delay time the object to be manufactured will be established. Here there is the Bit Manipulation Method and the Word Manipulation Method.

<u>Bit</u>

A Bit Manipulation Method is after the delay time the saved buffer's saved bit is set to "1" for it to be manufactured.

▶ Buffer Specification

Buffer

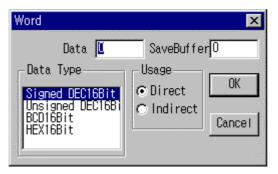
The saved bit to be manufactured has the buffer.

Bit	×
-Specification-	
Buffer: 🔟	Bit: 0 💌
ОК	Cancel

Word

When the method of establishment is Word Manipulation, after the delay time the optional value is written onto the saved buffer.

Direct Method and Indirect Method are two methods in which the saved buffer is manufactured.



Saved Buffer

It is the number of the system buffer in which will be manufactured during the Word Manipulation Method.

► Use Method

There is the Direct Method and the Indirect Method of specification.

Direct (Specified Data Establishment)

For the Direct Method, the Manufacturing Option must be satisfied in which after the established delay time, the data within the established buffer number's value can be established under the saved buffer.

Thus, you must establish the specified data when using the Direct Method.

The established data has a limit, according to the established number time, under the Data Type.

Indirect Method (Specified Buffer Establishment)

For the Direct Method, the Manufacturing Option must be satisfied in which after the established delay time, the data within the established buffer number can be used.

You must establish the buffer number, when using the Indirect Method.

The established data has a limit, according to the established number time, under the Data Type.

Word		×
Buffer O Data Type Signed DEC16Bit Unsigned DEC16Bi BCD16Bit HEX16Bit	Save Buffer: O Usage O Direct © [Ind]rect	OK Cancel

► Data Type

The Data Type are the data type saved under the specified buffer.

Decimal signed 16 bit (-32768 ~ 32767)

The specified data or buffer number is recognized as ten core and is saved under the saved buffer. A negative number may also be entered when the Direct Method is used. When the Indirect Method is used, it is the same as Hexa 16 bit.

Decimal unsigned 16 bit (0 \sim 65535)

The specified data or buffer number is recognized as ten core and is saved under the saved buffer. Only a positive number can be entered when the Direct Method is used. When the Indirect Method is used, it is the same as Hexa 16 bit.

BCD 16 bit (0~9999)

When the Direct Method is used then the specified data, when the Indirect Method is used the buffer number's data is recognized as a BCD value and written onto the saved buffer.

In this situation the letters $A \sim F$ cannot be used in the specified data and when the buffer number points to the data of hexadecimal the letters $A \sim F$ are included, which cannot be used for the

specified buffer.

Hexa 16 bit (0 \sim FFFF)

When the method is the Direct Method the entered specified data is recognized as hexadecimal and the is used onto the saved buffer.

When the method is the Indirect Method the specified data of the buffer number will be used onto the saved buffer.

In this situation, the result is the same as Decimal 16 bit.

9-9. C TAG(Operation Tag)

Туре	PMU-200	PMU-300	PMU-600
Application	0	0	0

If the specified bit satisfies the Condition, the Operation is entered into the specified buffer.

Operation Tag

- There are 2 types of criteria to operate a change in the specified bit within the specified buffer.

0->1, 1->0

- For Operation, there are two types of specification methods depending on the non-Operational buffer and the computable medium.

Direct Method: The computed value is directly specified as a number in the non-operational buffer. Indirect Method: The computed value in the non-operational buffer is the data saved in the specified operational buffer.

- There are 8 types of operation equations: +, -, x, ÷, and, or, xor, <<, >> (bit shift)

- The operation data has the following 4 number types.

Decimal Signed 16 bit Decimal Unsigned 16 bit BCD 16 bit Hexa 16 bit

Setup Item

- Tag Specification
- Name:

The tag name can be specified with a total of 5 characters, the header is automatically saved as C and the user enters at most 4 characters (English, number).

- Buffer:

It is the buffer of the specified bit to be used for Condition.

- Bit:

It is the bit used for Condition.

Condition

It is the criteria for operation to occur. Operation is possible when the criteria for the specified bit is met.

- There are 2 types of Condition.

0 -> 1: Operation begins when the specified bit changes from "0" to "1".

1 -> 0: Operation begins when the specified bit changes from "1" to "0".

• Use Method

Select the non-operational buffer data and the computable medium. The Direct Method and Indirect method follows. - Direct (Select Computable Data)

In this case, the non-operational buffer and the computed value is the computable data.

The data is directly entered as a number and the value is limited to the type of data.

Operation Tag	1			X
_ Specificati	on			Usage
Name: C				⊙ Direct
Buffer: <mark>O</mark>	Bit	:0	-	○ Indirect
- Condition -	Data Type	3		
O→1	Signed D Unsigned	EC16bit		
C 0←1	BCD16bit HEX16bit		,,,,	
Expression				
Operand O	lperator + 💌	Data 0		Saved Buffer
0	K		Canc	el

- Indirect Method (Select Operational Buffer)

In this case, the non-operational buffer and computable value are the values stored in the operational buffer. The computable value is not selected directly, instead the buffer number that has that value is selected.

Operation Tag	9				X
_ Specificat	ion			-Usage	
Name: C				C Direct	
Buffer: <mark>O</mark>	Bit	:: 0	-	⊙ [Indire	đ
Condition					
O→1	Signed D Unsigned	EC16bi	t bit		
00←1	BCD16bit HEX16bit		DIC		
Expression					
Operand (Operator	Buffe	r	Saved Buff	er
0	+ 💌	0		0	
0	K		Canc	el	

• Data Type

- Decimal Signed 16 bit (-32768 ~ 32767)

Data within the non-operational buffer or the computable data, and data within the operational buffer, all are recognized as multiples of 10, and the computed result is saved in the Saved Buffer. For the Direct Method, a negative number can be entered for computable data. For the Indirect method, the data within the operational buffer is recognized as multiples of 10 with sign.

- Decimal Unsigned 16 bit (0 ~ 65535)

Data within the non-operational buffer or the computable data, and data within the operational buffer, all are recognized as multiples of 10, and the computed result is saved in the Saved Buffer. For the Direct Method, a positive number can only be entered for computable data. For the Indirect method, the data within the operational buffer is recognized as the same as Hexa 16 bit.

- BCD 16 bit (0~9999)

Data within the non-operational buffer or the computable data, and data within the operational buffer, all are recognized as the value of BCD, and the computed result is saved in the Saved Buffer. For the Direct Method, characters $A \sim F$ cannot be entered for computable data. For the Indirect method, the data within the operational buffer is recognized as multiples of 16 and if $A \sim F$ is included operation does not occur. If the value of the computed result is not BCD, then operation does not occur.

- Hexa 16 bit (0 ~ FFFF)

Data within the non-operational buffer or the computable data, and data within the operational buffer, all are recognized as the value of Hexa, and the computed result is used for the Saved Buffer. For the Direct Method, a negative number can be entered for computable data. For the Indirect method, the operation is the same as the decimal unsigned 16 bit.

- Operational Equation
- Non-operational Buffer

It is the buffer that holds the computed data when computed.

- Operator

The following are the types of symbols used for operation.

- +: Adds the data within the non-operational buffer and the computed data.
- -: Subtracts the data within the non-operational buffer and the computed data.
- x: Multiplies the data within the non-operational buffer and the computed data. The data results are saved over two words. The bottom word is stored in the Saved Buffer, and the top word is stored in the in the buffer number following the specified saved buffer.

÷: Divides the data within the non-operational buffer and the computed data. The results are saved over two words. The value is stored in the Saved Buffer and the remainder is stored in the buffer following the Saved Buffer.

and: The logical sum of the data within the non-operational buffer and the computed data.

or: The logical multiple of the data within the non-operational buffer and the computed data.

xor: The logical sum excluding the data within the non-operational buffer and the computed data.

<<: Shifts left the data bits within the non-operational buffer to the computed data.

For example, if the data within the non-operational data is 806(1100100110) and the computed data is 201, the following occurs.

0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0
0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0

>>: Shifts right the data bits within the non-operational buffer to the computed data.

-Saved Buffer

Select the buffer number to saved the computed results. The data saved also has restrictions depending on the data type. Especially, if the data type is BCD, and the computed results are not BCD, then the results cannot be stored in the Saved Buffer.

For an increase, the resulted value takes up two buffers.

If the number of the Saved Buffer is selected as 200, then the resulted value's bottom word is saved as 200 and the top word as 201.

For a decrease, the resulted value takes up two buffers.

If the number of the Saved Buffer is selected as 200, then the resulted value is saved as 200 and the remainder as 201.

9-10. M TAG (Message Tag)

Туре	PMU-200	PMU-300	PMU-600
Application	0	0	0

This function calls the desired message from already created message file data to the screen.

Message Tag

- When the specified bit agrees with the display criteria, the message appears on the screen in the designated location. Display Criteria is 0->1, 1->0.

- There are two methods of specifying the message number to be displayed.

Direct Method: Directly selecting the Message number.

Indirect Method: Select the buffer number that holds the message number to be displayed. The contents of the message displayed changes with the specified buffer's data.

- The user can record a maximum of 999 messages in the message file. Each message is called upon by its number.

- The background and foreground color of the displayed message can be specified.

- The Attribute and ratio of the displayed message can be specified. Normal, Toggle, Blink are the type of Attributes.

Selected Item

- Name

Tag Select

The header is automatically saved as M and user specifies a maximum of 4 characters for the tag name. (total 5 characters).

- Color

Selects the foreground(character color) and background color of the called upon message on the screen.

- Attribute

Selects the Attribute of the called upon message. There are 3 types of styles.

1) Normal

PMU-200 Style

Displays the message without any type of style.

The message is displayed on the screen as is, with white foreground, and black background.

PMU-300/600 Style

Displays the message without any type of style.

The message is displayed on the screen in the selected foreground and background colors.

2) Blink

PMU-200 Series

The message content blinks. The term "Blink" refers to the character colors of the message changing back and forth from white to black.



PMU-300/600 Series

The contents of the message called upon blinks. The term "Blink" refers to the character colors of the message changing back and forth from the foreground to background color. The blinking speed can be adjusted in the System Select of the initial Menu Selection.



3) Toggle

PMU-200 Series

The contents of the message called upon toggles. The term "Toggle" refers to the message character color and the background color switching back and forth.



PMU-300/600 Series

The contents of the message called upon toggles. The term "Toggle" refers to the message foreground color and background color switching back and forth. The toggle speed can be adjusted in the System Select of the initial Menu Selection.

4) Reverse

Applies only to PMU-200 Series

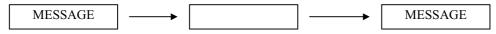
Displays the contents of the called upon message in black characters on a white background.

MESSAGE

5) Reverse Blink

Applies only to PMU-200 Series

The contents of the called upon message blinks in reverse.



6) Number of Characters

Specifies the number of message characters displayed on the screen.

If the message is longer than the specified number of characters, the latter part of the message does not appear. Thus, specifications should match the contents of the message created by the user.

PMU-200 Series: Maximum 30 number of characters is possible for selection.

PMU-300 Series: Maximum 40 number of characters is possible for selection.

PMU-600 Series: Maximum 80 number of characters is possible for selection.

- Ratio Select

Specifies the horizontal and vertical ratio of the called upon message.

The ratio of 8 for each is the maximum possible.

- Message Tag Use Method

1) Direct (Select Message Number)

The Direct Method is direct selection of the message number to be called upon the screen.

There are 999 message numbers possible to select.

There are fixed message numbers that can be called in accordance with the Message Tag in this method. Thus, depending on the display criteria, the message can be called upon and disappeared on the screen.

PMU-200 Message Tag Screen

Message Tag	×
Message No. 0 Specification Name: M Buffer: 0 Bit: 0 💌	Charactor No. Usage Condition © Direct © 0→1 © Indirect © 0←1
Enlargement Attribute Width: 1 I Normal C R Height: 1 I Reverse Tog	oggle Cancel

PMU-300/600 Message Tag Screen

Message Tag	×
Message No. 0	Character No. 0
Specification	Usage Condition
Name: M	⊙Direct ⊙O→1
Buffer: 0 Bit: 0 💌	⊙ Indirect ⊂ 0←1
Color Enlargement	
Foreground 📃 🗸 Width: 1	ONOrmal OK OK OK
Background Height: 1	C Toggle

2) Indirect (Select Message Specific Buffer)

The Indirect method selects the buffer that carries the message number to be displayed on the screen.

The called upon message changes depending on the buffer data in this method.

The displayed message changes in accordance with the data of the specified buffer, but does not disappear.

If it is a message number that does not have already created data in the specified buffer when a change is necessary, then there is no change in the message.

PMU-200 Message Tag Screen

Message Tag			×
Message Specification	Buffer <mark>(</mark>)	Charactor N	o. <mark>O</mark> -Condition ₁
Name: M Buffer: O	Bit: 0 💌	⊂ Direct ⊙ [Ind]rect	© 0→1 C 0←1
Enlargement Width: 1 💌 Height: 1 💌	Attribute Normal C R C Blink C T C Reverse Tos	oggle	OK Cancel

PMU-300/600 Message Tag Screen

Message Tag		×
Message No. 0	Character	
Specification	Usage	-Condition-
Name: M	⊙ Direct	O→1
Buffer: O Bit: O 💌	○ Indirect	C 0←1
Color-Enlargement	Attribut	
Foreground 📃 🛛 Width: 1	■ © Normal © Blink	OK
Background Height: 1		Cancel

Direct Method Selection

- Tag Select
- Buffer

It is the buffer that holds the specified bit to compare with the display criteria.

- Bit

It is the bit that compares with the display criteria.

This operates the message tag.

• Display condition

Selects how the message is displayed under specific bit conditions.

1) 0->1

Displays the message when the specified bit changes from "0" to "1"

When the specified bit becomes "0" again, the displayed message disappears.

2) 0<-1

Displays the message when the specified bit changes from "1" to "0" When the specified bit becomes "1" again, the displayed message disappears.

Message Specific Number

Selects the message number to be displayed on the screen.

Indirect Method Selection

Message Specific Buffer

Selects the buffer that carries the message number to be displayed on the screen.

Whenever the data of the specified buffer changes, the displayed message on the screen changes in accordance.

If a non-existent message number is entered in the buffer, there is no change in the message displayed on the screen.

9-11. I Tag (Precision Adjust Tag)

Туре	PMU-200	PMU-300	PMU-600
Application	Х	0	0

Applies only to PMU-300/600 Series

When the touch key is pressed, and the data is sent as AUX, the number digits of the buffer data in the specified system are precisely adjusted.

I Tag

- There are two roles of the I Tag.

- 1) External Output using AUX
- 2) Precisely adjust the system buffer
- For AUX output, there is an adjustment in the bit and byte.
- To adjust the byte for AUX output, depending on the Direct Method and Indirect method, the output data is specified.
- When adjusting the precision of the system buffer, the number of digits can be increased or decreased.
- In the same manner as selecting the touch key tag, the Press and Buzzer Beep is selected.

Setup Items:

• Tag Name

The header starts with I and 4 more characters can be recorded.

Select Adjust

The role of I Tag can be largely divided into AUX output and system buffer adjustment. One of the two must be selected.

PMU-300 | Tag Screen

Precision Adjust	Tag 🔰	<
Name : ∟Select Adjust		and and a
AUX	Buffer	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1
Area Modify	Cancel	18 1 1 1 1 1

PMU-600 I Tag Screen

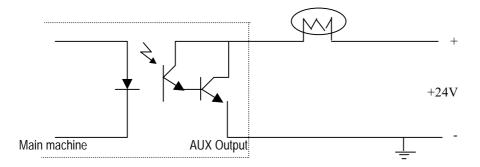
Precision Adjust 1	Гад	×
T	ag Name : 🔢	
Select Adjust	Block Setup	Area Modify
AUX Output	Buffer: 0	Cancel
	Bit: O 💌	
System Buffer	© 0->1 C 1->0	

Block Setup

This turns on and off the Touch operation. If the block condition is selected and established, then the touch operation is halted.

AUX Output

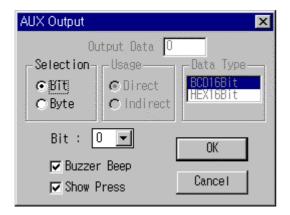
This function is selected when the data is externally output though AUX. There are two methods of selection.



Selection

If the selection method is in bits, then the AUX output is managed in bit digits.

If the selection method is in bytes, then the AUX (8 points) is read as one byte and managed by bytes.



• Select Bit (Bit Selection Method)

This is selected when the selection method is in bits. Among the 8 points of the AUX, the bit selects the point which output is sent.

• Operation Method Select (Byte Selection Method)

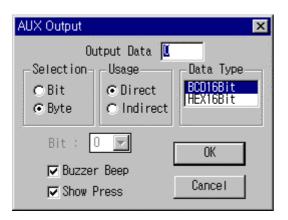
There are 2 types of methods of data output through AUX.

- Direct (Specify Output Value)

It is the method that selects the value of the data for output as a fixed value. In this case, the selected output value is automatically produced through AUX when touch key is entered.

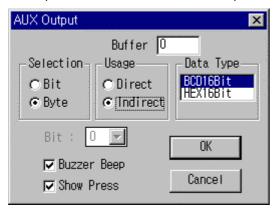
The selected output value can be restricted depending on the data type.

If BCD is selected as the data type, then A~F cannot be entered.



- Indirect (Specific Buffer Selection)

The output data is the data from the selected specified buffer. With the touch key entered, output is sent.



• Data Type

Selects the data type of the specified value for output.

BCD: The output value specified in the Direct Method and the buffer data selected in the Indirect method is handled through BCD. Therefore, the values can be used as multiples of 16 from A~F.

HEX: The output data value is handled through HEX. In the Direct Method, the output value can be selected from 0 to FFFF.

• Select Color, Buzzer Beep

Selects the display conditions when the AUX output Condition, the touch key, is entered.

The Press key color appears in the area of the touch key when Show Press is selected.

The Press key color is indicated as xor in the selected area.

Buzzer Beep is selected for the buzzer to ring when the touch key of I Tag is pressed.

System Buffer Adjust Setups:

Buffer Adjust refers to the increase or decrease of the number of digits in the buffer.

For HEX (0~FFFF), BCD (0~9999), an increase or decrease of 4 digits is possible. For DEC(0~65535), an increase or decrease of 5 digits is possible.

• Select Buffer

- Buffer

It is the system buffer number that will become the buffer adjusted machine.

- Specified Number of Digits

Select the number of digits to be adjusted in the specified buffer.

If the data type is BCD or HEX, then one buffer is composed of 4 digits.

3 digits 2 d	digits 1 c	digit	0 digit
--------------	------------	-------	---------

If you select 0~3 digits, the number of digits will increase or decrease accordingly.

If the data type is DEC(0~65535), then selection from 5 digits is possible. Thus, the buffer can be adjusted in units of 10(one, ten, hundred, thousand, ten thousand).

• Use Method

Selects whether the number of digits will increase or decrease by entering the touch key.

If increase is selected, then each time the precision adjusted touch key is pressed, the number of digits of the specified buffer increases by one. In the case of decrease, it decreases by one each.

• Data Type

Selects the number type of the specified buffer's data.

- BCD 16 bit

The specified buffer data becomes BCD 16 bit.

Thus, even with the selection of an increase or decrease, the value can not change if it is A~F.

- HEX 16 bit

The specified buffer data becomes HEX 16 bit.

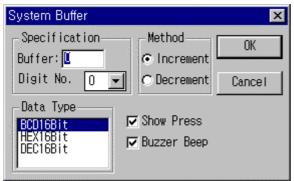
With an increase or decrease, each number of digit can change from 0 to F.

- DEC 16 bit

The specified buffer data becomes DEC 16 bit.

With an increase or decrease, 0~9 is possible for every tenth place (one, ten, hundred, thousand).

Note that the maximum value for DEC 16bit is 65535 and if an increase exceeds this value, increase is not possible.



• Show Press, Buzzer Beep

Selects the displayed items when the system buffer precision adjusted operation criteria touch key is entered.

The Press key color appears in the area of the touch key when Show Press is selected.

The Press key color is indicated as xor in the selected area.

Buzzer Beep is selected for the buzzer to ring when the touch key of I Tag is pressed.

9-12. J TAG (Move Tag)

Туре	PMU-200	PMU-300	PMU-600
Application	Х	0	0

Applies only to PMU-300/600 Series

- Among the already created symbols, the user is able to display the desired symbol at one of the points of placement specified in the standard screen in accordance with the specified buffer criteria.
- If the J Tag overlaps when recorded, an afterimage appears in the overlapping area. Please avoid use when overlapping.
- J Tag

- The user can specify 50 places the area can be moved, and a maximum of 10 J Tags can be specified on one screen.

- There are two methods for selecting the symbol to be displayed.

1) Direct Method

- 2) Indirect Method
- The color and Attribute of the displayed symbol can be specified.

J Tag Setup Items

Tag Select

- The header is automatically selected as J and a maximum of 4 characters (English, numbers) can be used for the Tag name (a total of 5 characters).

- Buffer

Selects the system buffer number that holds the value to be used when moving the symbol.

• Initial Move Value

The minimum value to begin moving the symbol.

When the selected buffer value becomes move initial value, the symbol is displayed at the very first specified place on the screen.

The displayed symbol moves in the order of the specified place each time the selected buffer value increases by one. When the selected buffer value is less than the move initial value, then the symbol does not appear on the screen. Number of Moves

Select the number of places on the screen the J Tag will move.

A maximum of 50 places can be specified.

If the selected buffer value is greater than [move initial value] + [number of moves] than the symbol does not appear on the screen.

Thus, the selected buffer scope for the symbol to be displayed on the screen is

Initial Move Value < Selected Buffer < Initial Move Value + Number of Moves

Operation Method

Selects the method of calling the Symbol Tag

There are two methods of calling the Symbol Tag.

- Direct (Select the Symbol Specified Number)

Directly selects the symbol number to be displayed on the screen in accordance with the selected buffer value.

Move Tag			×
Sym	bol No. 🛛		
Specification	Usage	-Data Type	
Name: J	⊙ Direct	DECIGBI	
Buffer: 0	○ Indirect	[HEX16B11	
Color	-Range Setup		Attribute
Foreground 🗌 🚽	Initial Valu	еО	⊙ Normal
	Number	1	⊖ Blink
Background			C Toggle
OK		Cancel	

- Indirect (Select Symbol Specified Buffer)

Selects the system buffer that hold the symbol number to be displayed.

If the symbol specified buffer value changes, the symbol according to the value is called to the screen.

Thus, when the symbol is called on screen, the appropriate specified buffer value has changed in accordance with the coordinates.

Move Tag			×
Symbol	Buffer 0		
Specification	Usage	-Data Type	
Name: J	C Direct	DECIGEN	
Buffer: 0	● [Indirect]	[HEX16Bit	
Color	-Range Setup		Attribute
Foreground 🔲 🚽	Initial Valu	Je 🛛	⊙ Normal
Background	Number	1	⊂ Blink ⊂ Toggle
OK		Cancel	

• Data Type

Selects the data format of the initial move value. For DEC 16 Bit, multiples of 10 is entered, and for HEX 16 Bit, the value is recognized as a Hexa value.

•Select Color

Select the foreground and background color of the displayed symbol.

The originally created symbol is black and white. The foreground is white and the background is black.

This color selection of the foreground and background changes the foreground and background color of the symbol called on the screen.

• Attribute

Selects the Attribute of the symbol. There are three types of styles.

- Normal

The symbol appears in no particular Attribute. It is displayed in the selected foreground and background colors.

- Blink

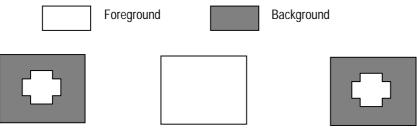
The symbol appears in a blinking Attribute.

The foreground color of the symbol switches back and forth from the selected foreground and background color.

- Blink

The symbol appears in a blinking Attribute.

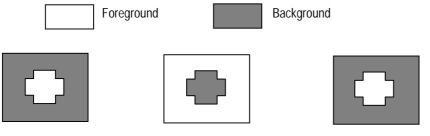
The foreground color of the symbol switches back and forth from the selected foreground and background color.



- Toggle

The symbol appears in a toggle Attribute.

The foreground color and background color of the symbol switches back and forth.



• Select Place

Select the area on the screen the symbol is to be displayed.

After selection of the specified values above, use the mouse and specify the points of placement of the symbol on the standard screen

The possible placement points must match the number of moves.

9-13. R TAG (Territory Move Tag)

Туре	PMU-200	PMU-300	PMU-600
Application	Х	0	0

Applies only to PMU-300/600 Series

- Moves the symbol either in the vertical or horizontal direction in accordance to two of the selected buffer data.
- If the R Tag overlaps when recorded, an afterimage appears in the overlapping Territory. Please avoid use when overlapping.
- R Tag
- The two system buffers use X coordinate and Y coordinate.
- The system buffer data using the coordinates is recognized by the selected data type.

There are two types of data

- 1) BCD 16 Bit: 0 ~ 9999
- 2) DEC 16 Bit: 0 ~ 65535

- The system buffer data is scaled according to the maximum and minimum value.

When the data value is less than the minimum value, the symbol appears in the bottom left side of the selected movement Territory, and when it is more than the maximum value, the symbol appears in the top right area.

- There are two methods of selecting the number of the symbol to be moved.

1) Direct Method: directly selects the symbol number (symbol number is constant)

2) Indirect Method: selects the buffer number, the buffer data is recognized by the symbol number.

The buffer data value changes with the displayed symbol.

- Select the attribute(toggle, blink, normal) and displayed color of the symbol

Select Item • Select Tag

- Name

The header is automatically specified as R and the user can enter a maximum of 4 characters (English, number) for the tag name (A total of 5 characters).

- X coordinate Buffer, Y coordinate Buffer

Selects two of the system buffer that holds the X coordinate and Y coordinate to move the symbol. If the two coordinates are less than the selected minimum value, the symbol appears at the bottom left side of the movement area and if it is greater than the maximum value, it appears at the top right of the area. In addition, the buffer data is recognized by the data type later selected.

Select Method

It is the method of selecting the symbol number.

- Direct (Select Symbol Number)

Directly selects the symbol number to be displayed on the screen.

In this case, the symbol number is directly selected and this is the specified symbol number.

Territory Move Tag			×
S	ymbol No. 👔		
_ Specification		Usage	Attribute
Name: R		⊙ Direct	Normal Option
X-axis Buffer: 0 Buff	kis O	○ Indirect	⊂ Blink ⊂ Toggle
Data Type	-Range Setup	Color	
Signed DEC16bit Unsigned DEC16bit	Max : O	Foregrou	nd 🔲 🗾
BCD16bit	Min : O	Backgrour	nd 📃 🗾
🔽 Visible when range	value is exce	eded.	
Area Modify	OK	Can	cel

- Indirect Method (Select Symbol Specified Buffer)

Directly selects the symbol number that is to be displayed and moved on the screen. It is the method of selecting the system buffer that holds the symbol number and uses the symbol number as the system buffer data. The system buffer is the symbol-specified buffer.

Territory Move Tag			×
Symb	ol Buffer 0		
_ Specification		Usage	Attribute
Name: R X-axis D Buffer: D Buff	kis <mark>O</mark>	⊙ Direct ⊙ (Indirect)	⊙ Normal ⊂ Blink ⊂ Toggle
Data Type Signed DEC16bit Unsigned DEC16bit BCD16bit	Range Setup Max : 0 Min : 0	Color Foregrour Backgrour	
🔽 Visible when range	value is exce	eeded.	
Area Modify	OK	Can	cel

Select Scope (Maximum value, Minimum value) Selects the maximum and minimum value for the coordinate buffer data to move the symbol within the specified area.

The maximum and minimum value gives a border to the X coordinate and Y coordinate buffer. If the

X coordinate buffer data is less than the minimum value, the symbol is placed at the left end of the specified area, if more than the maximum value, then it is placed at the right end.

If the Y coordinate buffer data is less than the minimum value, the symbol appears at the bottom of the specified area, if more than the maximum value, then appears at the top end.

When selecting the maximum and minimum value, the data format is recognized by the specified data type. If the maximum value is specified as less than the minimum value, then after selection it cannot be confirmed.

- Data Type

Selects the coordinate buffer and the maximum, minimum data type. There are three data types.

1) Decimal signed 16 Bit (-32768 ~ 32767)

The coordinate buffer data is recognized by multiples of ten with a symbol. The highest bit of the data within the buffer is recognized as a negative 101. For maximum and minimum values, negative numbers can be entered.

2) Decimal unsigned 16 Bit (0 ~ 65535)

The axis buffer data is recognized by multiples of ten without a symbol.

Entering negative numbers for the maximum and minimum value is not possible. The entered data is recognized as multiples of ten.

3) BCD 16 Bit (0 ~ 9999)

The axis buffer data is recognized by BCD. For the maximum and minimum value, the data is recognized by BCD, thus A-F cannot be used for selection.

- Select Color

Selects the foreground and background color for the symbol to be displayed. The originally created symbol is white and black. The foreground is white and the background is black. The selected foreground and background colors indicate how the foreground and background will change when the symbol is called on the Standard screen.

- Attribute

Selects attribute of the symbol called upon. There are three types of attributes.

1) Normal

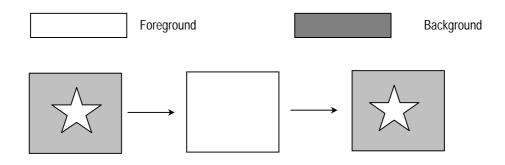
The symbol is displayed with no particular style.

The color displayed is the selected foreground and background colors.

2) Blink

The symbol called upon appears in blink style.

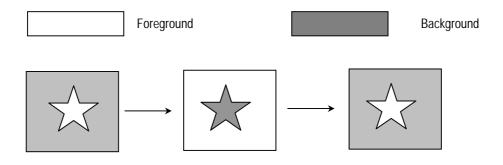
Blink is when the foreground color of the symbol switches back and forth from the foreground color to the background color.



3) Toggle

The symbol called upon appears in toggle style.

Toggle is when the symbol's foreground color and background color switches back and forth.



- Show when scope value is exceeded

When the X axis buffer and Y axis buffer value exceeds the maximum and minimum value, select whether the symbol will be shown or not in the specified area.

When selected, and exceeds the maximum value, the symbol appears in the maximum value position, and if less than the minimum value, the symbol appears in the minimum value position on the screen.

When not selected, and maximum and minimum value is exceeded, the symbol disappears from the screen.

- Movement Area

After selection of all of the above values, specify the area to move the original symbol.

The movement area is shown as a square.

When in actual operation, the square is not displayed.

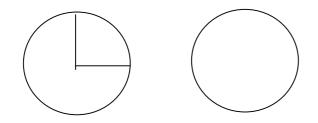
9-14. P TAG (Pie Graph Tag)

Туре	PMU-200	PMU-300	PMU-600
Application	Х	0	0

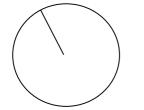
Applies only to PMU-300/600 Series

- Reads the specified buffer data within the system, and displays it in the style of a meter graph or pie (circle, fan shape) graph in the specified position in the standard screen.
- Pie Graph Tag
- There are two types of graphs.

Full circle, semicircle: coloring in the circle or fan shaped graph shows the ratio of the buffer data.



- Meter Graph: the ratio of the buffer data is shown by a needle in the circle or fan shaped graph.



- There are three data types within the buffer.

- 1) Decimal signed 16 Bit (-32768 ~ 32767)
- 2) Decimal unsigned 16 Bit (0 ~ 65535)
- 3) BCD 16 Bit (0 ~ 9999)

- Select the maximum and minimum value for the data scope displayed as a graph.

- For the pie graph, the pattern, foreground and background color can be selected. For the meter graph, the needle color can be selected.

Select Items:

Before selection of the pie graph tag, the circle or fan shape must be drawn. The tag can be selected only after the mouse is clicked within the shape.

Note) Even if the shape is colored in, please note when operated, it changes to black when started.

Note) When moving, the shape and pie graph tag must be selected as a group. When moved separately, does not operate normally.

Note) when making selections, take note not to record the tag to overlap with the shapes.

Select Tag

- Name

The header is automatically selected as P and the user enters a maximum of 4 characters (English, numbers) for the tag name (a total of 5 characters).

- Buffer

Select the system buffer number that holds the data when drawing a graph.

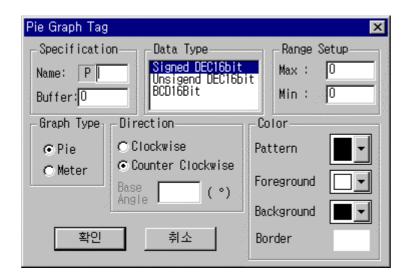
The type of the buffer data is decided upon the data type.

Graph Type

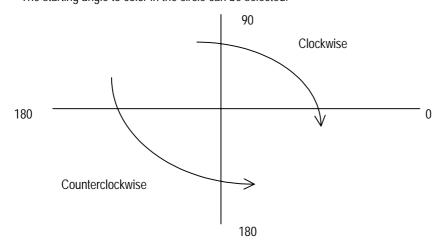
There are 2 types of graphs.

- Pie Graph

It is a graph that colors the inside of the circle or fan shape in accordance with the data value.



The colored in scope value is decided upon the maximum and minimum value. It is possible to select the colored in direction from clockwise or counterclockwise. The starting angle to color in the circle can be selected.



- Meter Graph

It is the graph that displays the specified buffer data using a needle in the circle or fan shape.

The scope value is decided upon the maximum and minimum value.

The direction of the needle can be selected between clockwise and counterclockwise, and in the case of a circle, the starting angle of the needle can be selected.

Pie Graph Tag		×
_ Specificatio		Range Setup
Name: P	Signed DEC16bit Unsigend DEC16bi BCD16Bit	+ Max: O
Buffer:	BCD16Bit	Min: 0
Graph Type	Direction	Color
OPie	⊂ Clockwise	Pattern 🖉 🗸
Meter Meter	⊙ Counter Clockwise	
	Base (°)	Needle
	Angle Land V	Background
확인	취소	Border
Landard		

Range Setup (Maximum value, Minimum value)

Select the specified buffer data scope for the displayed graph.

From the point the specified buffer value is more than the maximum value, the coloring in of the pie graph begins, and for the meter graph, the needle begins to move.

The maximum value is the specified buffer limit for the displayed graph.

For example, let's look at a semicircle pie graph with the display direction as clockwise (Maximum value is 100 and the minimum value is 50)



Drawing (a) is when buffer data is less than 50

- (b) is when data is 75.
- (c) is when more than 100
- Direction
- Clockwise, Counterclockwise



It is the display direction when the specified buffer value increases.

- Basic Angle

Can be selected when the pie graph is specified in the circle.

For a pie graph, it is the starting angle to color in the circle, and for the meter graph, it is the starting angle of the needle in the case of the buffer value is less than the minimum value.

• Data Type

There are 3 data types.

This selection determines the specified buffer value's maximum and minimum value data type.

- Decimal signed 16 Bit (-32768 ~ 32767)

The buffer data is recognized as multiples of ten with a symbol.

For the maximum and minimum value, the entered data is recognized by BCD, and A~F cannot be used for selection.

- Color Select
- Foreground, Background, Pattern

It is the item selected for pie graph.

The pattern is selected for the colored area of the pie graph.

There are 8 different pattern types.

The foreground and background color are the colors for the pattern.

- Needle Color

For the meter graph, the color of the meter that displays the quantity on the meter graph is selected.

The selected needle color is displayed in XOR in the circle or fan shape.

(Please note that when the shape is already colored in, the needle color may appear different from the selected needle color.)

- Border Color

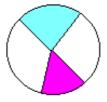
Displays the border color of the current circle or fan shape.

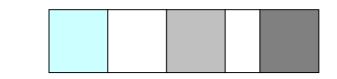
9-15. E Tag (Statistic graph Tag)

Туре	PMU-200	PMU-300	PMU-600
Application	Х	0	0

Applies only to PMU-300/600 Series

- The ratio of the largest 8 continuous data of the system buffer to the sum of the total data from the specified area of the standard screen calculated as 100% is shown as a graph.
- Statistical graph
- There are two forms of the statistical graph: circle or bar





- The data quantity to be displayed has a maximum of 8.
- For the bar statistical graph, the displayed direction can be either vertical or horizontal.
- The sampling time can be selected in 500 ms units.
- Select Items Before selection of the statistical graph tag, a square or circle must be drawn prior. If the tag is selected in more than 2 shapes, the circle or square drawn first is selected. To enter the tag, click the mouse in the shape for selection.

Note) To move, the shape and pie graph tag must be selected as a group. When moved separately, will not operate normally.

- Tag Specification
- Name

The header is automatically selected as E, and the user selects a maximum of 4 characters (English, numbers) for the tag name (a total of 5 characters).

- Buffer

The statistical graph shows the continuous buffer data.

Selects the very first buffer number from the continuous buffers.

- Select Graph
- Sampling Time

Selects the cycle/period to re-draw the graph dependent upon the internal buffer value. The unit used is 500 ms.

- No. of Graph

Defines the number of data to be displayed in the statistical graph. One statistical graph displays a maximum of 8 continuous buffer data. Therefore, the number of graphs can be selected from 2 to 8.

Select Pattern

Selects the area to be colored to distinguish the statistical graph data.

The number of colors selected must equal the selected number of graphs.

The number before the selected color is the order of the buffer that holds the data to be displayed as a graph.

If the value of the specified buffer is 200, then the color of buffer No. 200 is the No. 1 item, and the color for buffer No. 201 is No. 2 item.

PMU-300 Statistical graph Display Screen

Statistic Graph Tag		×
Specification -	Pattern	
Name: E	1: 4: 7: 4	
Buffer:0		
Direction	2: 🖉 🗸 5: 🛄 🗸 8: 🧱 🗸	
© Horizonta∣		
C Vertical	3: 🛛 🖌 6: 📴 🗸	
Graph Setup		_
Type Circle	e Border OK	
Sampling Type 1	(500ms) Cancel	
Number 8		
L		

PMU-600 Statistical graph Display Screen

Statistic Graph		×
-Specification-	Color	
Name: E	1: 📕 🛨 5: 📘	┓
Buffer: <mark>O</mark>	2: - 6: -	
-Direction		4
G Horizontal	3: 📃 7: 📃	-
• Vertical	4: 📘 🖌 8: 🔳	•
-Graph Setup		
Type Circ	cle Border	
Sampling Time 1	(500ms)	
Number 8		
OK	Cancel	

• Display Direction

Selects the display direction only when it is a bar statistical graph.

Horizontal direction displays the data change in the horizontal direction. The vertical direction displays the data changing in the vertical direction.

Note:

For horizontal direction, the graph starts displaying from the left in the order of the buffer value. For vertical direction, the graph is displayed from the bottom in the order of the buffer.

For the vertical direction, if the specified buffer is 400, the bottom area of the graph is 400, and the area above is drawn in the order of the buffer.

Color

The border color is the line color of the shape(circle, square) to be displayed as a graph.

Please note, if the color of the statistical graph within the shape is selected as the same color as the border color, then when re-drawn, the prior graph will not erase completely.

9-16. G TAG (Level Graph Tag)

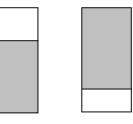
Туре	PMU-200	PMU-300	PMU-600
Application	0	0	0

Because the operation method of the G Tag is different, the standard for PMU-200 Series G Tag and the standard for PMU-300/500/600 Series G Tag is explained separately.

PMU-200 Series G-Tag Standard

- The system buffer data is read and displayed as a bar graph in the specified position on the screen.
- Level Graph Tag
- The progress direction of the bar graph is 4 directions, up, down, left and right.
- By selecting the maximum and minimum value, the entered data scope can be restricted.





Select Item • Select Tag

- Name

The header is automatically selected as G and the user defines a maximum of 4 characters (English, numbers) for the tag name (a total of 5 characters)

- Buffer

Selects the system buffer number that holds the data to be displayed in the graph

Level Graph Tag		×
Specification Name: G Buffer: 0	Direction ●Up↑ C Down↓ C Left← C Right→	-Range Setup Max:0 Min:0
Data Type SignedDEC16bit UnsignedDEC16bit BCD16Bit	Area Modify	OK Cancel

• Select Scope (Maximum value, Minimum value)

When the specified buffer data is displayed, 0% of the graph applies to the minimum value, and 100% applies to the maximum value.

The data type determines the data type of the selected maximum and minimum value.

If the specified buffer data of the bar graph exceeds the maximum value, the bar graph is displayed in blinking form.

• Data Type

Selects the specified buffer data type to be used when drawing the graph.

The data type selected restricts the data type of the selected maximum and minimum value along with the buffer data.

- Decimal signed 16 Bit (-32768 ~ 32767)

The buffer data is recognized as multiples of 10 with a symbol.

The highest bit of the buffer data is recognized as 101 negative number

Entering negative number for maximum and minimum value is possible.

- Decimal unsigned 16 Bit (0 ~ 65535)

The buffer data is recognized as multiples of ten with no symbol.

Entering negative number for maximum and minimum value is not possible, and the entered data is recognized as multiples of ten.

- BCD 16 Bit (0 ~ 9999)

The buffer data is recognized as BCD.

For the maximum and minimum value, the entered data is recognized as BCD, thus A~F cannot be used for selection.

Display Direction

Selects the direction to color the graph when data increases.

There are 4 display directions, up, down, left and right.

• Select Graph Area

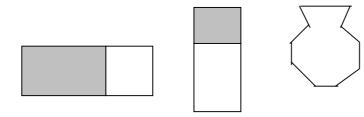
For the bar graph, after selection of the above values, select the area to display the graph.

Select the area with a square.

If the specified buffer data is the maximum value, the selected area is fully colored in.

PMU-300/600 Series G-Tag Standard

- By reading the system buffer data, the graph in the form of bar or closed line appears in the specified position on screen.
- Level Graph Tag
- There are two types, bar graph and closed line graph



- The graph progress direction has 4 directions, up, down, left and right.
- Select the maximum and minimum value and restrict the entered data scope.
- Select the pattern to be colored in the graph among the 8 pattern types.

Select Item • Select Tag

- Name

The header is automatically selected as G and the user defines a maximum of 4 characters (English, numbers) for the tag name (a total of 5 characters).

- Buffer

Selects the system buffer number that carries the data to be displayed as a graph.

Level Graph Tag		×
-Specification	Graph Type	Pattern Background
Name: G	💿 Bar	
Buffer: 0	⊂Closed line	
-Direction		-Color
⊙Up↑ ODown↓	Max: 0	Foreground 📃 💌
C Left← C Right→	Min: 0	Background
Data Type		
Signed DEC16bit Unsigned DEC16bit	A	wrea Modify
BCD16Bit	ОК	Cancel
1		

• Select Scope (Maximum value, Minimum value)

When the specified buffer data is displayed, 0% of the graph applies to the minimum value, and 100% applies to the maximum value.

The data type determines the data type of the selected maximum and minimum value.

• Data Type

Selects the specified buffer data type to be used when drawing the graph.

The data type selected restricts the data type of the selected maximum and minimum value along with the buffer data.

- Decimal signed 16 Bit (-32768 ~ 32767)

The buffer data is recognized as multiples of 10 with a symbol.

The highest bit of the buffer data is recognized as 101 negative number

Entering negative number for maximum and minimum value is possible.

- Decimal unsigned 16 Bit (0 ~ 65535)

The buffer data is recognized as multiples of ten with no symbol.

Entering negative number for maximum and minimum value is not possible, and the entered data is recognized as multiples of ten.

- BCD 16 Bit (0 ~ 9999)

The buffer data is recognized as BCD.

For the maximum and minimum value, the entered data is recognized as BCD, thus A~F cannot be used for selection.

Level Graph Tag		×
_ Specification	Graph Type	Pattern Background
Name: G	👁 Bar	
Buffer: 0	C Closed line	
- Direction		Color
⊙Up↑ ⊙Down↓	Max: 0	Foreground
C Left← C Right→	Min: 0	Background
-Data Type		
Signed DEC16bit	- A	Area Modify
Unsigned DEC16bit BCD16Bit	ОК	Cancel
- I		

• Graph Type

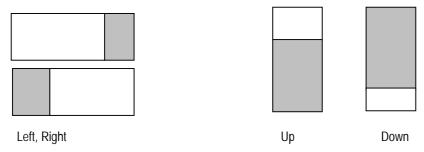
There are 2 types of graph that can be drawn from the Graph Tag.

• Bar Graph

It colors in the specified area of the graph dependent upon the specified buffer data

If the specified buffer value is more than the maximum value, the full square is colored in and blinking form.

There are 4 types of directions (up, down, left and right) to color in the drawing.



Closed Line Graph

It colors in the already drawn closed line figure dependent upon the specified buffer data.

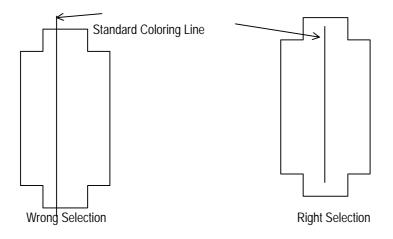
Select the standard line to color the closed line graph by a straight line.

Likewise, there are 4 directions to color in the drawing.

The shape to be colored in does not have to be a closed line.

Like the picture, if the area to be colored is closed in, then the graph can be drawn.

When drawing a closed line graph, the straight line to be used as the basis for coloring in the graph must be within the closed line.



• Display Direction

Selects the direction to color when the data increases in the graph.

There are 4 directions up, down, left and right.

Pattern

Selects the pattern to color in the area.

This selection is only possible for bar graphs.

For closed line graphs, a pattern cannot be selected (only one color is possible)

• Select Color (Foreground, Background)

For the bar graph, select the foreground and background color of the pattern.

For the closed line graph, a pattern selection is impossible, select only a foreground color.

• Select Graph Area and Standard Coloring Line

For the bar graph, after selection of the above values, select the area to display the graph.

Select the area with a square.

If the specified buffer data equals the maximum value, then the selected area is fully colored in.

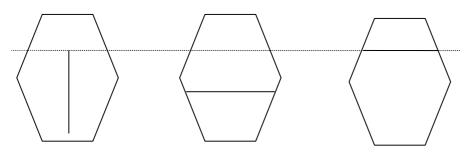
For the closed line graph, after selection, one straight line must be selected.

This straight line is drawn either in the horizontal or vertical direction.

If the display direction is selected as up and down, than it is only drawn vertically. If the display direction is selected as left and right, it is drawn horizontally.

Using the straight line as standard, the inside of the closed line is colored in dependent upon the specified buffer data.

Select Coloring Line



50%

100%

9-17. K Tag (Key Tag)

Туре	PMU-200	PMU-300	PMU-600
Application	Х	0	0

PMU-300 Series

Create a touch key such as a number value key on the subscreen to enter data and to be used with the key display tag. On the standard screen, it is used as an entering key.

It can be used by calling the subscreen from the standard screen, or called from the window tag.

Note) Even if the key tag is not recorded in the subscreen, external numbers can be entered as a key value by using the Enter button (Use Ten Key Mode to enter)

With one key display tag in the subscreen and recording the Ten Key Enter Key Tag, data can be entered by external numbers and Enter button.

PMU-600 Series

- Create a touch key such as a number value key for data enter use after subscreen No. 900 and use it with key display tag for key enter use in the standard screen.
- Key Tag
- Created after subscreen No. 900 and called upon in the standard screen.
- There are 20 types to be defined as key tags, such as Numbers 0~F, symbol -, Enter, Back Space, Clear, etc.
- The entered value dependent upon the key tag is saved in the specified buffer.

Chapter 9. Tag Register and Other Function

	Se	lect	Items
--	----	------	-------

- Select Tag
- Name

The header is automatically selected as K and the user defines a maximum of 4 characters (English, numbers) for the tag name (a total of 5 characters).

- Buffer

The specified buffer is the buffer that the value from the Enter key is saved in.

The selection of the specified buffer is only possible when the key type is Enter.

For other types, items are limited for selection.

• Select Key Type

There are 21 types of key tags (PMU-300)

There are 21 types of key tags (PMU-600)

Select on type from 0 ~ F(multiples of 16), - (negative symbol), enter, back space, clear, etc.

When used with the key display tag and the key tag in the key display area is pressed, a character is displayed dependent upon that type.

Back space erases the entered number one character at a time. Clear erases all of the entered numbers.

Enter must be selected with the specified buffer. When Enter is entered, the entered number value (value displayed on the key display tag) dependent upon the key tag in the specified buffer is saved in the specified buffer.

Select the specified buffer with the Ten Key Enter. This key saves the entered number value (value displayed in the key display tag) in the specified buffer when the external Enter is pressed. (PMU-300)

PMU-300 Series

Key Tag	×
Specification Usage	Key Attribute
Name: K	P _
Buffe 0 Indirect	
▼ Show Press	5
☑ Buzzer Beep	7
Area Modify OK	Cancel

PMU-600 Series

Key Tag	×
Specification Usage	Key Attribute
Name: K © Direct	P
Buffer: 0 C Indirect	23
Show Press	5
▼ Visible	7
Color Area Modify	234567894BC
OK Cancel	B C

• Operation Method (In the case of Enter Key)

When the key type is Enter, select the buffer that the entered value dependent upon the key tag is saved.

There are 2 methods for selecting the specified buffer.

The Direct method directly selects the Direct specified buffer number. The Indirect method selects the buffer number that carries the specified buffer number.

When using the Indirect method, use one Enter key and send a number of buffer values.

• Show Press Display, Press Color, Beep Buzzer

The key tag is operated by a touch key.

The type must be selected similar to the touch key.

Show Press selects whether the pressed color is displayed when the selected touch key is pressed dependent upon the

key tag. The color is selected by the pressed color.

Beep Buzzer selects whether the buzzer will ring when the touch key has been pressed.

9-18. V TAG (Key Display Tag)

Туре	PMU-200	PMU-300	PMU-600	
Application	0	0	0	

Because the operation method of the V Tag is different, the standard for PMU-200 Series V Tag and the standard for PMU-300/500/600 Series V Tag is explained separately.

PMU-200 Series V-Tag Standard

- It displays the entered value dependent upon the key tag on the screen. Create after the subscreen No. 900 and use by calling to the standard screen.
- Key Display Tag

- When the key display tag recorded in the subscreen is called to the standard screen, the main machine function key is used for the ten key.

- Key display tag selects the data type entered in the specified buffer dependent upon the Enter of the Ten Key.

Data Type

"Dec Symbol, unsigned 16 Bit, DEC Symbol, unsigned 32 Bit, BCD 16 Bit, BCD 32 Bit, Hex 16 Bit, Hex 32 Bit" This selection also effects the specified buffer data displayed on the screen.

- Selects the number of digits and decimals displayed number value.

- Selection of the style and ratio of the key display is possible.

Select Item

The key display tag records the Ten Key.

The key display tag is recorded only after subscreen 900.

If the key display tag recorded in the subscreen is called to the standard screen, the main machine function key takes on the below role of the Ten Key.

To use the Ten key, the menu key must be used.

- Function Key Menu

The main machine has the function in the menu selection to move to the previous menu. When operated, this key selects whether the bottom function keys F1 ~ F10 Ten key will be used or the general function keys will be used.

If this key is pressed and the top T/F LED turns on, the bottom function keys serve as the Ten Key, and if the menu key is pressed once more and the T/F LED turns off, the function key serves as the defined function.

- Shift Function Key

Used when the bottom F1~F10 used as Ten Key.

Chapter 9. Tag Register and Other Function

Function Key	General (Ten Key Mode)	Pressed with the Shift
F1	1	A (HEXA)
F2	2	B (HEXA)
F3	3	C (HEXA)
F4	4	D (HEXA)
F5	5	E (HEXA)
F6	6	F (HEXA)
F7	7	
F8	8	- (Enter a negative number)
F9	9	CLEAR (key display tag content)
F10	0	

When this key is pressed and the bottom function key is pressed, it becomes role of the following ten keys.

- Function Key

Runs the Backspace function

- Function Key 🕨

During operation, in the Ten Key Mode, runs as the function key.

- Function Key Enter

When this key is pressed, the data displayed in the key display is used as the specified buffer.

• Tag Name

The header starts with V, and 4 more characters are recorded.

• Data Type

Selects the data type of the entered value displayed on the screen according to the key tag. This also restricts the data type saved by the Enter of the key tag.

-Decimal signed 16 Bit (-32768 ~ 32767)

The entered value by the key tag is recognized as multiples of ten, thus multiples of 16 from A~F cannot be used. The maximum number of total digits is 5 digits.

Using key tag -, a negative number value can be entered.

Chapter 9. Tag Register and Other Function

- Unsigned Decimal 16 Bit (0~65535) The entered value by the key tag is recognized as multiples of ten. In this case, from A~F multiples of 16 cannot be entered. The maximum number of digits is 5 digits, and negative numbers cannot be entered. - Decimal signed 16 Bit (-2147483648 ~ 214783647) The entered value by the key tag is recognized as multiples of ten. The displayed number value by key tag is the multiple of ten value. From A~F multiples of 16 cannot be entered. The maximum number of digits is 10 digits Using the key tag -, negative numbers can be entered. - DEC Non-symbol 32 Bit (0~4284867285) The entered value by the key tag is recognized as multiples of ten. The displayed number value by key tag is the multiple of ten values. From A~F multiples of 16 cannot be entered. The maximum number of digits is 10 digits - BCD 16 Bit (0~9999) The entered value by key tag is recognized as BCD. The displayed value is also BCD The entered value by key tag is the value entered in each nibble The maximum number of digits is 4 digits. Negative numbers cannot be entered. - BCD 32 Bit (0 ~ 9999999) The entered value by key tag is recognized as BCD. The displayed value is also BCD The entered value by key tag is the value entered in each nibble The maximum number of digits is 8 digits. Negative numbers cannot be entered. - HEX 16 Bit (0 ~ FFFF) The entered value by key tag is recognized as HEX. The displayed value is also HEX. Negative numbers cannot be entered. One nibble takes up one digit. The maximum number of digits is 4 digits. - HEX 32 bit (0 ~ FFFFFFF) The entered value by key tag is recognized as HEX. The displayed value is also HEX. Negative numbers cannot be entered. One nibble takes up one digit. The maximum number of digits is 8 digits • Displayed Digits

- Total Number

Defines the total number of displayed digits of the displayed data.

It restricts the maximum number of digits that can be selected according to the data type.

Please refer to the data type description for the maximum total number of digits.

- Number of Decimal places

Selects the displayed number of decimal places from the total number of digits.

The maximum number of decimal places must be at least one less than the selected total number of digits.

Key Display Tag 🛛 🔀					
Name:	V				
-IndicationE	nlargement —	-Data Type			
Digit: 5 💌 W	idth: 1 💌	Signed DEC16bit Unsigned DEC16bit			
Deciami point: 0 🔽 He	eight: 1 💌	Signed DEC32bit Unsigned DEC32bit			
-Color	_Attribute_	BCD16bit BCD32bit			
Foreground	⊙Normal ⊂Blink	HEX16bit HEX32bit			
Background	⊂ Toggle				
OK	Ca	ncel			

Select Ratio

Selects the horizontal and vertical ratio to display the numbers on the screen by key tag. The maximum is a ratio of 8 for each.

Style

It is the character style of the key display tag on the screen.

- Normal

No particular style is displayed (Characters: white, Background: black)

- Blink

The displayed data characters change from white to black at a given time interval.

- Toggle

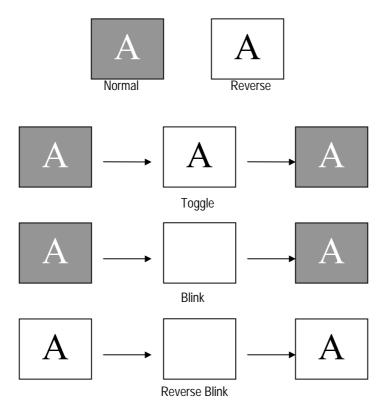
The displayed data character and background color switches back and forth from white to black.

- Reverse

The reverse of the normal displayed character color is displayed. (Character: black, Background: white)

- Reverse Blink

The reversed situation of blink



• Select the Save Buffer

It is the buffer that the value displayed in the key display tag is saved when the enter key is pressed. There is the Direct and indirect method to select the save buffer.

- Direct Method directly selects the save buffer number.

- Indirect Method indirectly selects the buffer that holds the save buffer number.

PMU-300/600 Series V-Tag Standard

- It displays the entered value dependent upon the key tag on the screen. Create after the subscreen No. 900 and use by calling to the standard screen.
- Key Display Tag

- Key display tag selects the data type entered in the specified buffer dependent upon the Enter of the Ten Key.

As for Data Type, there is Dec Symbol, unsigned 16 Bit, DEC Symbol, unsigned 32 Bit,

BCD 16 Bit, BCD 32 Bit, Hex 16 Bit, Hex 32 Bit.

This selection also effects the specified buffer data displayed on the screen.

- Selects the number of digits and decimals displayed number value.

- Selection of the style and ratio of the key display is possible.

Select Item

• Tag Name

The header starts with V, and 4 more characters are recorded.

• Data Type

Selects the data type of the entered value displayed on the screen according to the key tag.

This also restricts the data type saved by the Enter of the key tag.

-Decimal signed 16 Bit (-32768 ~ 32767)

The entered value by the key tag is recognized as multiples of ten, thus multiples of 16 from A~F cannot be used.

The maximum number of total digits is 5 digits.

Using key tag -, a negative number value can be entered.

- Unsigned Decimal 16 Bit (0~65535)

The entered value by the key tag is recognized as multiples of ten.

In this case, from A~F multiples of 16 cannot be entered.

The maximum number of digits is 5 digits, and negative numbers cannot be entered.

- Signed Decimal 16 Bit (-2147483648 ~ 214783647)

The entered value by the key tag is recognized as multiples of ten.

The displayed number value by key tag is the multiple of ten values. From A~F multiples of 16 cannot be entered.

The maximum number of digits is 10 digits

Using the key tag -, negative numbers can be entered.

- DEC Non-symbol 32 Bit (0~4284867285)

The entered value by the key tag is recognized as multiples of ten.

The displayed number value by key tag is the multiple of ten values.

From A~F multiples of 16 cannot be entered.

The maximum number of digits is 10 digits

- BCD 16 Bit (0~9999)

The entered value by key tag is recognized as BCD.

The displayed value is also BCD

The entered value by key tag is the value entered in each nibble

The maximum number of digits is 4 digits. Negative numbers cannot be entered.

- BCD 32 Bit (0 ~ 99999999)

The entered value by key tag is recognized as BCD. The displayed value is also BCD The entered value by key tag is the value entered in each nibble The maximum number of digits is 8 digits. Negative numbers cannot be entered. - HEX 16 Bit (0 ~ FFF)

The entered value by key tag is recognized as HEX.

The displayed value is also HEX.

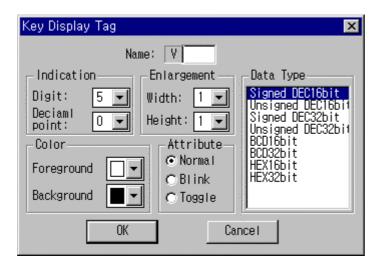
Negative numbers cannot be entered. One nibble takes up one digit.

The maximum number of digits is 4 digits.

- HEX 32 bit (0 ~ FFFFFFF)

The entered value by key tag is recognized as HEX.

The displayed value is also HEX. Negative numbers cannot be entered. One nibble takes up one digit. The maximum number of digits is 8 digits



- Displayed Digits
- Total Number

Defines the total number of displayed digits of the displayed data.

It restricts the maximum number of digits that can be selected according to the data type.

Please refer to the data type description for the maximum total number of digits.

- Number of Decimal places

Selects the displayed number of decimal places from the total number of digits.

The maximum number of decimal places must be at least one less than the selected total number of digits.

Select Ratio

Selects the horizontal and vertical ratio to display the numbers on the screen by key tag. The maximum is a ratio of 8 for each.

• Select Color (Foreground and Background color)

Selects the displayed color of the character (Foreground) and background of the key display tag on the screen. The character style selected applies to the foreground and background color.

Style

It is the character style of the key display tag on the screen. Normal displays the foreground and background color as is.

Blink displays the character color change back and forth from the foreground color to the background color.

The cycle of the character appearing and disappearing occurs.

Toggle displays the character color continuously switching back and forth from the foreground to the background color and the background color from the background to the foreground color.

Thus, it is the style that continuously reverses the color.

9-19. X TAG (Trend graph Tag)

Туре	PMU-200	PMU-300	PMU-600	
Application	0	0	0	

Only applicable for PMU-300/600 Series

When there is a time change, the change of the entered value of the axis can be shown by time. This is shown by graph, where the X-axis represents time and the Y axis represents the axis value.

For the Trend graph Tag,

The shown graph's data is managed by DEC code 16bit, DEC no code 16bit, BCD 16bit.

Establish the graph's data's maximum value and minimum value. Then you may limit the specified buffer's data value.

For the graph's sampling time, it can be established by 500ms unit.

Establish the number of sampling and scroll for the X-axis and for one screen register up to 20 Trend graph graphs.

Establish the line type and color for the lines to be drawn.

Register up to 20 graphs for one graph territory.

Select Items

► Tag Name

The first letter of the name begins with the letter X and continuing with four letters can be registered.

► Trend graph Establishment

Sampling Time

According to the graph's data value it is the time which is re-drawn.

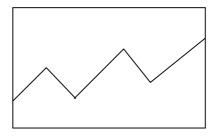
Thus, it is the unit in which the Trend graph changes.

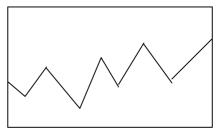
The establishment unit is in 500ms, with a maximum of 32767.5 seconds.

Sampling Number

It is the number in which the Trend graph's unit changes, for the X-axis.

The below drawings are examples in which the Sampling Number is applied according to the specified number.





Sampling No. : 5

Sampling No. : 8

According to the Sampling Number and the latter established territory, the X axis's length's unit is decided. When the Sampling Number increases the X-axis's unit length gets smaller.

Scroll Number

When the Trend graph graph's established territory arrives up to the left and right side, you may establish the number in which the screen will scroll (move).

Thus, you must not establish the Scroll Number as a larger number than the Sampling Number.

Trend Graph Tag	×
Name: X	
Setup	Data
Sampling Time: 0 (500 ms)	
Sampling No. : 0 Background	Area Modify
Scroll No. : 0	Cancel

After establishing the Scroll Number, click the data button.

Then, a screen in which you may enter the data will be indicated.

T	rend D		Maximum 20 dat	ta can be reg	istered for each	trend tag.		×
	No.	Buffer	Max	Min	Data Type	Line	Color	
	1 2 3	100 101 102	500 1000 1000	10 20 40	Signed DEC16 Signed DEC16 Unsigned DEC	Sbit —		
		Add	Modify	Delete	ОК		Cancel	

Add

It allows you to enter the new data information of the Trend graph Graph.

Modify

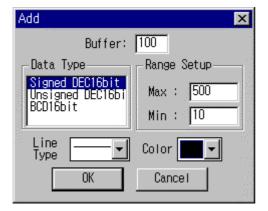
It allows you to correct the already entered data's information of the Trend graph Graph. After clicking the line in which you wish to correct the information, push this button.

Delete

It allows you to delete the already entered data's information of the Trend graph Graph. After clicking the line in which you wish to delete the information, push this button.

► Buffer Number

It is to specify the system buffer in which it is to be indicated on the Trend graph Graph.



► Data Type

It is to decide in which type the specified system buffer's data is to be recognized for the Trend graph.

Signed DEC 16 bit (- 32768~32767)

The data code is within the specified buffer, which is recognized as multiples of ten.

Thus, if the data within the specified buffer's MSB (Maximum Senior Buffer) is one, then it is recognized as an odd number.

When establishing the maximum and minimum value, when entering multiples of ten, you may also enter an odd number.

Unsigned DEC 16 bit (0 \sim 65535)

The data within the specified buffer is recognized as decimal values from 0 to 65535.

When establishing the maximum and minimum value, when entering multiples of ten, you may also enter an odd number.

BCD 16 bit (0~9999)

The data within the specified buffer is recognized as BCD from 0 to 9999. If the buffer's data is indicated as multiples of 16, then the numbers $A \sim F$ will be included and the graphs previous value will be identical to the level of indication. Range Establishment (Maximum Value, Minimum Value)

It is the range in which the data can be drawn onto the Trend graph Graph.

The data form is established when the maximum value and the minimum value are established for the data type.

Thus, if the established data type is BCD then the value to be entered must be BCD, and if the established data type is DEC then the value to be entered must be decimal value.

If the specified buffer's data is bigger than the maximum value, the line for the Trend graph Graph is drawn in a certain place. And if the specified buffer's data is smaller than the minimum value, the line for the Trend graph Graph is drawn in a certain place.

Add	×
Buffer:	100
Data Type	-Range Setup
Signed DEC16bit Unsigned UEC16bi BCD16bit	Max : 500
BCD16bit	Min : 10
Line	Color 🗖 🗸
Type	
OK	Cancel

► Line Type, Color

It is to establish the Trend graph Graph's type and color.

There are eight different types of line and 16 different colors.

Graph's Territory Establishment

You may register up to 20 Trend graph tags for one screen.

For example, if a graph of seven Trend graphs is registered under one territory under one tag name, you may add 13 Trend graph graphs.

Also, you may register up to 20 Trend graph Graphs under one graph territory.

The method is to first enter a Trend graph graph tag then using the mouse button click the tag name, which is indicated.

Then the Establishing Window will appear, which you may establish.

The Sampling Time, Sampling Number, and Scroll Number will be identical to the values you have entered before.

The newly registered Trend graph Graph tag will have the identical name of the previous registered Trend graph Graph tag.

Thus, one Trend graph Graph tag has many registered graphs.

Here also, you may register up to 20 tags under one territory.

9-20. L TAG (Lamp Tag)

Туре	PMU-200	PMU-300	PMU-600
Application	0	0	0

The operation method for the Lamp Tag is different. Therefore, the directions for the "PMU-200 Standard" and the "PMU-300/600 Standard" are done separately.

PMU-200 Series L-TAG Standard

According to the specified buffer's specified bit's condition the specified color changes by the lamp.

A Lamp Tag

For the territory surrounded by a closed line or the squared territory's color is changed by the specified buffer's specified bit.

According to the established ON color and OFF color, the color will change when the specified bit is ON and OFF.

Establishing Category

The shape of the lamp can be either a circle, square, or oval which is supported from the main frame.

The operation method is when the lamp's appearance is $0 \rightarrow 1$, when the specified buffer's bit is 1 then the colored figure is indicated; $1 \rightarrow 0$, when then the specified buffer's bit is 0 the colored figure is indicated.



When the lamp's appearance is specified as $0 \rightarrow 1$, the left side is when the specified bit is 1 and the right side is when the specified bit is 0.

Lamp Tag	×
-Specification	Lamp Type
Name: L	Painted Rectangle
	C Painted Circle
Buffer: O Bit: O 🖵	C Painted Oval
Condition	
⊙ 0->1 C 0<-1	
OK	Cancel

► Tag Name

The first letter of the tag name automatically begins with the letter L, with a maximum of four letters or numbers.

Buffer

It is to specify the buffer in which it has the bit condition in which it can turn the lamp On and Off.

Bit

It is the specified bit in which the specified buffer is used to operate the lamp.

When the specified bit is on, then the on color colors the closed territory. When the specified bit is off, then the off color colors the closed territory.

► Lamp Appearance

0→1

When the specified bit is 1, then the lamp indicates the specified figure (painted circle, Painted Rectangle, painted oval).

1→0

When the specified bit is 0, then the lamp indicates the specified figure (painted circle, Painted Square, painted oval).

► Lamp Type

When the specified bit coincides with the lamp's appearance condition it specifies the shape in which the lamp should be indicated.

For the desired lamp shape there is painted circle, painted square, and painted oval.

PMU-300/600 Series L-TAG Standard

According to the specified buffer's specified bit's condition the specified color changes by the lamp.

A Lamp Tag is,

For the territory surrounded by a closed line or the squared territory's color is changed by the specified buffer's specified bit.

According to the established ON color and OFF color, the color will change when the specified bit is ON and OFF.

Establishing Category

For the Lamp Tag, there are two different kinds.

► Closed Line Lamp

It is the tag to color territory in which is surrounded by the closed line, with the ON color when the option is ON and with the OFF color when the option is OFF.

In order to register the lamp tag, a closed line territory must already be drawn on screen. And then you must establish a lamp tag within that territory.

If you register a lamp tag in an area that is not within the territory, when coloring it will spread out to the whole screen, so you must be careful.

When specifying the color, you should specify the ON color and OFF color differently, or else the lamp will not operate properly.

Note:

If there is writing within the closed line, proper operation might not happen.

The closed line lamp, in the beginning operation, will only confirm the background color of OFF, when the lamp tag is registered. Therefore, use only one color within the closed line territory.

Color Square Lamp

It is the tag in which the On, OFF option will be colored within the specified square territory.

After entering the information on the lamp tag, establish the square territory for where the lamp will be indicated.

The color square lamp which is specified within the square territory will be colored by the ON color and OFF color.

The closed line lame has the merit of being able to register a lamp within the many optional figures. However, if there is writing inside the territory the lamp will not turn ON or OFF properly.

Thus, if you wish to put writings or figures within the lamp it is useful to use the color square lamp.

However, you should shy away from specifying the ON color and OFF color when using the color square lamp to color the writings or figures.

Lamp Tag			×
-Specification-		Туре	
Name: L		€ Closed Line	Area Modify
Buffer:	Bit: 0 💌	C Painted Rect	ОК
-Color		- Attribute	Cancel
ON 🔽 🚽	Background	👁 Norma I	
OFF		⊖Blink	

► Tag Specification

Name

The first letter of the tag name will automatically began with the letter L with a maximum of four letters or numbers.

Buffer

It is to specify the buffer in which it has the bit condition in which it can turn the lamp On and Off.

Bit

It is the specified bit in which the specified buffer is used to operate the lamp.

When the specified bit is On, then the On color colors the closed territory. When the specified bit is Off, then the Off color colors the closed territory.

► Color Specification (ON Color, OFF Color)

It is to establish the color of which to color the closed line territory, according to the specified bit's operation.

The ON color is the color in which specified bit is ON, and the OFF color is the color in which the specified bit is OFF.

When you color with the ON and OFF color, it also colors the background color (the area in which the lamp tag is registered) and other colored areas (boarder territory).

For the color square lamp, when there are figures or characters within the territory, you should specify the colors of the ON and OFF colors differently from the figures to be colored. Or else while the ON, OFF operation is in motion, the figures will disappear.

► Territory Correction (Painted Square Lamp example)

When the color square lamp is specified, it is to specify the territory of which the corresponding lamp operates.

According to the Condition, the specified territory's interior will be colored by the ON, OFF color.

► Appearance

After selecting Blink, the lamp type will always blink.

9-21. Q TAG (String Tag)

Туре	PMU-200	PMU-300	PMU-600
Application	0	0	0

Q Tag displays the ASCII character according to the specified continuing buffer data value by the operating condition.

String Tag

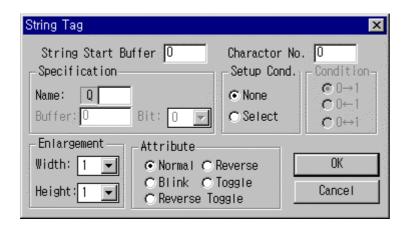
- The String is displayed according to the specified buffer's specified bit display criteria, or displayed according to the specified buffer's data change.

The displayed String is the changed characters from recognizing the specified continuing buffer data as ASCII value.

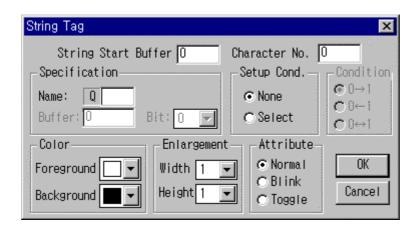
- For the case of display criteria, when the specified buffer's specified bit agrees with the display criteria, the changed characters appears in the specific position on the screen. For display criteria, there are 0->1, 1->0, 0<->1.

- For the case of no display criteria, every time the specified buffer contents change the changed character contents appears on screen.

- Selects the style and ratio of the displayed String. There are normal, toggle, blink, reverse, reverse blink styles.



PMU 300/600 Q Tag Screen Display



Select Items

• Tag Name

The header is automatically selected as Q and the user defines a maximum of 4 characters (English, numbers) for the tag name (a total of 5 characters).

• String Starting Buffer

Selects the starting number of the buffer that changes the String.

• Number of Strings.

Selects the number of characters of the Strings to be displayed on screen.

The maximum length of the String.

PMU-200

30 English characters (One Korea character equals two English characters) possible

PMU-300

40 English characters possible

PMU-600

80 English characters possible

One system buffer can have data with 2 English characters or one Korean character.

If the number of Strings is set for 20, it reads 10 buffer data from the String starting buffer and displays it on screen. However, if the system buffer data prior to the specified the number of Strings is 0 or null, it displays only the data up to that buffer as strings on the screen.

• Operating condition

Selects the display condition of the String tag.

There is the method of displaying the Q tag according to the optional specified buffer specified bit condition, or the method

of displaying the Strings of only the changed buffer data from the String starting buffer to the number of Strings

No Operating Condition

Specify on the String starting buffer and the number of Strings. When needed, the String types below are selected.

Select Ratio

Selects the horizontal and vertical ratio of the displayed String on the screen. The maximum ratio is 8 for each.

• Style Selects the style of the displayed String. There are 5 types for PMU-200.

- Normal

The message is displayed in no particular style.

The message appears on screen as is with the foreground as white and the background as black.

MESSAGE

- Blink

PMU-200 Series

The called message content blinks.

Blink switches the message character color from white to black.



PMU-300/600 Series

The called message content blinks.

Blink switches the message character color from white to black.

The toggle speed can be adjusted in the main machine's initial selection menu's system select.



- Toggle

PMU-200 Series

The called message content is toggled

Toggle switches the message character color back and forth from the background color.



PMU-300/600 Series

The called message content is toggled.

Toggle switches the message color back and forth from the foreground color to the background color.

The toggle speed can be adjusted in the main machine initial selection menu' system select.

- Reverse (Applies only to PMU-200 Series)

The called message character is displayed in black on a white background.

MESSAGE

- Reverse Blink (Applies only to PMU-200 Series)

The called message content blinks in reverse.



<u>Operating Condition</u> When there is an operating condition, the following operating condition must be selected. <u>PMU-200 Series Screen Display</u>

String Tag	×
String Start Buffer 0 Specification Name: Q Buffer:0 Bit: 0 💌	Charactor No. \bigcirc Setup Cond.Condition \bigcirc None \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc Select \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc
Enlargement Attribute Width: 1 I C Normal C F Height: 1 I C Reverse To	Toggle Cancel

PMU-300/600 Series Screen Display

String Tag	×
String Start Buffer 0 Specification Name: Q Buffer: 0 Bit: 0 P	Character No. Setup Cond. Condition \bigcirc None \bigcirc Select \bigcirc 0 \leftrightarrow 1 \bigcirc 0 \leftrightarrow 1
Color Enlargem Foreground Vidth 1 Background Height 1	Attribute Attribute Normal OK OK Cancel

• Bit

It is the system buffer bit to be used for the operating condition.

Selects which number bit of the specified buffer is used for the operating condition.

• Display Condition

Selects when the specified bit is displayed as a String under certain conditions.

- 0->1

When the specified bit changes from "0" to "1", the buffer content selected for the String is displayed as a String.

The changed content of the buffer specified for the String applies to the screen when the specified bit is changed from "0" to "1".

- 0<-1

The String is displayed when the specified bit changes from "1" to "0".

The changed content of the buffer specified for the String applies to the screen when the specified bit is changed from "1" to "0".

- 0<-> 1

When the specified bit changes from "1" to "0" or "0" to "1", the String is displayed.

9-22. W TAG (Window Tag)

Туре	PMU-200	PMU-300	PMU-600
Application	Х	0	0

Only applicable for PMU-300/600 Series

It has the function in which the user beforehand writes out the support screen and it calls up the support screen onto the standard screen.

However, according to the Window Tag operation, if the tag is registered at the called up support screen, the tag operation will be accomplished.

The support tag is to call up and draw only the objects onto the support screen.

A Window Tag

It is the tag in which, according movement option, the registered standard screen corresponding to the support screen (window screen) will be called upon.

Only one window tag will pop up. Therefore, when the window tag is in operation and the window is popped up, other window tags will not operate.

The tags to be registered at the support screen (window screen) are 16.

Number, Touch, Function Key, Buffer Write, Delay, Operation, Message, Precision Adjust, Pie Graph, Statistic Graph, Level Graph, Trend graph, Lamp, Character, Key, Key Display Tag (Support, Symbol, Move, Territory Move, Window, Block Tag are excluded)

When the support screen (window screen) is called up, first the corresponding support screen's established territory should be erased by black, then the object and tag registered at the support screen will be called upon.

When the window screen is called up, the next tags at the standard screen will not operate.

Support Tag, Symbol Tag, Movement Tag, Territory Movement Tag and Window Tag

Besides the standard screen's tag, but also the tags that overlap from the corresponding territory window screen territory.

For the block tag, when the territory overlaps, the block function disappears.

However, the Clock, which is not a tag will be indicated at the bottom of the screen and

will operate properly.

There are two kinds of Conditions.

 $0 \rightarrow 1$: When the specified buffer's specified bit is turned ON from OFF, then the support screen will be indicated.

 $1 \rightarrow 0$: When the specified buffer's specified bit is turned OFF from ON, then the support screen will be

indicated.

Select Items

► Tag Name

The header of the tag name will automatically began with the letter W with a maximum of four letters or numbers.

<u>PMU-300</u>

Window Tag	×
Window No. 0	
Specification	-Condition
Name: w	⊙ 0->1
Buffer: O Bit: O 💌	O 0<−1
OK Car	icel

PMU-600

Window Tag		×
Window	No. [0	
- Specification	- Condition	
Name: w	⊙ 0->1	Alarm Summary window
Buffer:O Bit: O 💌	<u>⊜</u> 0≺-1	a fridoa
OK	Са	ncel

► Buffer

It is the buffer in which the Condition will be compared with the bit.

► Bit

It is the bit to be compared with the condition.

Condition

The Condition is when the specified buffer's specified bit is in what condition, to call up the support screen. There are two kinds of Conditions.

0→1:

When the specified bit is changed from 0 to 1, the window screen will be called upon. When the specified bit is changed back to 0 the called up window screen will disappear. (The background picture, before the support screen was called up will reappear)

0←1:

When the specified bit is changed from 1 to 0, the window screen will be called upon. When the specified bit is changed back to 1 the called up window screen will disappear. (The background picture, before the window screen was called up will reappear)

Window Screen Number

It is the number for the called up window screen (support screen).

Note:

For PMU-300/600 you may register more than one window tag, but only one window per screen will operate. Even though while one window is in operation, and the other window tags operate, the latter operating window tags will not operate.

Also, in this situation, even though the preceding operated window disappears the latter operating window is already in operation. Therefore, the window operation will not happen. In order for the latter originated window tag to operate, the window must re-satisfy the original option.

Thus, the window original option of 0 \rightarrow 1 and 1 \rightarrow 0 when originates, is when there is no preceding window.

Warnings for registering the window screen at the support screen.

When the Trend graph is registered at the standard screen, and at this situation, for the Trend graph tag to operate, each Trend graph tag must be registered under different names. If the names are the same, the window's Trend graph will not operate properly.

When you register the Window Disappearing Option under the window screen as touch tag, you must let the touch tag press Condition as OFF.

If the press indication is ON, even though the window disappears the press indication will leave an afterimage.

▶ When Establishing the Window as Alarm History (Applicable for PMU-600)

By specifying an alarm group, the corresponding group's alarm history only will be seen on the window's (384×240) window screen.

The rest of the operation option will coincide with the other window tag functions.

Execution Method

Allow each alarm to form a group from the alarm edit, then from the window tag the alarm history window will be established and when specifying a group the corresponding window tag will only show the alarm history of the specified group.

If you specify the alarm group as ALL, it will show all the alarm history regardless of the group.

Also, the alarm history from the previous touch tag and function key tag's special functions calling up will show all the alarm history regardless of the whole screen group.

Window Tag		×
Alarm Group(ALL,	A-Z) ALL	(¹⁹⁷)
_ Specification	Condition	▼Alarm Summary
Name: w	⊙ 0->1	window
Buffer: 0 Bit: 0 💌	 ○ 0<-1 	a mada
OK	Ca	ncel